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ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

The Only Evening Paper in St. Louis With the Associated Press News Service

ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 15, 1918—22 PAGES.

NIGHT
EDITIONPRICE: St. Louis and Suburbs, One Cent.
Elsewhere, Two Cents.U. S. UNITS
IN ENEMY
POSITIONS

Americans Capture Trenches in Lunville Sector After Raids and Artillery Fire Force Germans to Abandon Them.

First Forward Movement of Our Troops Enables Them to Operate From Higher Ground.

Germans Make Feeble Attempts to Retake Positions, but Each Time Are Repulsed.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, March 15 (By A. P.).—American troops in the Lunville sector are holding enemy trenches northeast of Badonvillers, which they forced the Germans to abandon through recent raids and concentrated artillery fire. The trenches have been consolidated with ours. This, though a small forward movement, marks the first advance by the American army in France. The consolidation of the trenches enables the American and French to operate from higher ground than heretofore. The German made only feeble attempts to retake the position, but each time were repulsed. (Badonvillers is eight miles west of the German frontier and is almost directly west of Strasbourg, capital of Alsace. The American position here is about 15 miles southeast of the Rhine-Marne Canal, where the Americans first entered the trenches last November.)

Four groups of German gas projectors, in addition to the group of 200 projectors already reported destroyed, have been discovered and likewise blown to pieces by the American artillery. Probable German plans for gas attacks on a comparatively large scale against the American positions northwest of Toul have thus been upset.

Observers Detect Projectors. The new group of projectors were discovered from aerial photographs taken by American observers in French airplanes.

The American artillery on this front has been more active than ever. Many extensive explosions are reported. The correspondent standing on a hill witnessed one ammunition dump situated in a wood go up in a brilliant flash and a great puff of whitish smoke, a tremendous report following a few seconds later. Explosions and fires also were caused by our shells in villages and a number in the woods behind the enemy front.

During a retaliatory shelling for an enemy bombardment in which a number of gas shells fell on our battery positions, the American artillery poured in a fast and extremely accurate fire. Our artillerymen stayed in their dugouts until the gas shells began to fall, when they put on their masks and manned the guns. Some mustard gas shells were mixed with the others that fell, and later a few of our men walked through this type of gas without their masks on.

The American artillery also tore leveled various portions of the first and second line trenches, forcing the enemy virtually to abandon them.

Barage Fire Effective. Details of the recent raid which have just been developed show that while numbers of Germans were killed by shell fire when the barage was in effect and others later by the creeping barage there were also a few of the enemy shot here and there during the time our men were in the trenches. There were many Americans among the raiding party of four officers and 70 men, who did not see a single German soldier. All the men in the raid seemed particularly impressed with the way the American barage worked.

"It worked like a clock," said one soldier, whose home is in Texas. "It made you feel you could go anywhere behind it." The men went in 150 yards on a 300-yard front. None of the Americans was killed and none is missing. It is certain that five Germans were killed in the fighting.

Artillery fire of quite a lively character also is continuing in the sector east of Lunville. Both the Lunville sector and that of Toul have been much occupied with snipers. In the former sector one sniper was detected in a tree after a period in which he had done

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HINDENBURG SAYS
GREAT OFFENSIVE
MUST GO ON

Quoted as Saying Entente's Unresponsive Attitude Toward Peace Makes Step Necessary. AMSTERDAM, March 15.—According to news received here Field Marshal von Hindenburg has stated in an interview in Berlin that the entente had shown an unresponsive attitude toward Germany's peace intentions and that the great German offensive therefore must go on. In well-informed neutral quarters recently, the Associated Press correspondent was told that the Germans were prepared to lose 500,000 men in an offensive operation.

The Verdun offensive of the Germans, in which they failed to break the French line, has been estimated in conservative quarters as having cost them something like 500,000 men.

CLOTHES DISINFECTED AS U. S. SOLDIERS IN FRANCE BATHE

120 Men an Hour Can Pass Under Four Showers, Into Drying Room to Clean Clothes Counter. WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, March 15 (Special).—A phase of soldiers' cleanliness here is a bath with a capacity of 120 men an hour. It enables each man to be cleaned and disinfected and to be furnished with clean underwear and socks. There are only four shower heads, three hot and the other cold, and it is necessary to pass the men out like new coins in a mint. The men enter the first room, undress and pass their clothes out of a window. Their outer garments are disinfected by the time they leave the bath. The men walk under the first hot shower into the steam room, where they soap themselves and pass under a second shower which washes off the soap. Then they enter a second room, where they again soap and secure themselves, passing under a third hot shower to wash off the soap. Then they rinse themselves in the final cold shower and wait to dry in the room without using towels, after which they pass a counter where they are given clean underwear and socks. The disinfected outer garments are awaiting them.

NEED WOOLEN SOCKS IN SUMMER

Knitting for Soldiers as Necessary Now as in Winter. Knitting of woolen socks for soldiers will be as necessary this summer as it was in the winter, because only woolen socks prevent "trench feet." It is stated in a letter from Mrs. Frank W. Hammer, chairman of the St. Louis Chapter of the Red Cross, to Mrs. E. H. Steedman, in charge of the knitting machines at Ninth and Olive streets. She states that the regulation socks furnished by the Government are neither as soft or as durable as those knitted by the Red Cross. Mrs. Hammer also urged that efforts be made to knit garments this summer for the demand which will come next autumn. She pointed out that the demand would be greater, because of constant mobilization of men.

England Decorates Mme. Melba. LONDON, March 15 (By A. P.).—Mme. Melba, the opera singer, is made a Dame Commander of the Order of the British Empire in the colonial honor list published today.

Germany's Condition Today
Man Power, Food Supply, Morale, Health,
Her Liabilities and Assets in the War

Reports from Post-Dispatch observers WITHIN and without the Empire who have spent five months in gathering reliable information.

The POST-DISPATCH will begin NEXT SUNDAY daily publication of a highly important and informative series of articles, prepared with a view to show the state of German power and resistance. The first will be

A General Review of the Empire's Morale

Following this publication, an article will appear daily until the whole series shall have been printed.

Ambassador Gerard Tells How Germany Keeps Europe's Little Neutrals in Terror

An informative and timely presentation of the condition that has made it necessary for the allies to conscript the Dutch ships and use them in supplying the Dutch themselves with food.

Exclusively in

Next Sunday's Post-Dispatch

Order Your Copy Today

1000 GARMENT
WORKERS DEMAND
CLOSED SHOP

Members, Most of Them Women, Prepare to Serve Notice on Six Employing Companies.

WAGE INCREASES WANTED

Eight-Hour Day and Arbitration Among the Things Voted on Favorably at Meeting.

Demands of about 1000 garment workers in five St. Louis factories for union recognition, the closed shop, wage increases of 20 to 40 per cent and an eight-hour day were formulated by a committee this morning for presentation to the factory heads today. Most of the workers are women.

Martin C. Seegers, local organizer of the union, said that in case the demands were not favorably received by the employers, a strike would be called at once. The union has three locals, Nos. 238, 223 and 248, and its headquarters are in the Mermod-Jaccard Building.

Position of the Union. If the firm should agree to negotiate with the union, he said, a reasonable time will be given for the consideration of the demands. But, he said, the wage increases, whenever granted, must date from next Monday.

The establishments on which demands are made are the Rice-Stix Dry Goods Co., Ely & Walker Dry Goods Co., Elder Manufacturing Co., New Era Manufacturing Co. and P. E. Wolff Shirt Co. Fifty employees of a sixth concern, the Alligator Oil Clothing Co., are now on strike. Seegers said, following the complaint of 12 waterproofers that their wages had been reduced.

Ten men and 28 girls employed in the Elder factory at Thirteenth street and Lucas avenue quit work early this afternoon, according to policemen stationed near the factory. No strike had been declared at that time. The company has several hundred employees, and a small police detail has been stationed near the factory all day.

Seegers said the wages of women garment workers now averaged about \$8 a week. The chief classes of workers are machine operators, shiners and overalls, pressers, finishers and cutters.

Some of Union Demands. Some of the firms, Seegers said, have recently promised wage increases to the workers, to go into effect April 1. These increases are in most cases 10 per cent.

The union demands larger increases, and the privilege of placing its representative in each factory, to determine the cost of each piece of work and to fix the schedule on which each employee is paid, according to a standard. For cutters and trimmers, a minimum of \$24 a week is demanded.

It will be demanded not only that the firms recognize the union, but that they establish the closed shop, and employ only union members for both regular and extra work. The eight-hour day, with five annual holidays, and time and one-half for overtime, are also demanded.

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'I HAD MY ORDERS,' SAID DYING
GERMAN WHO BOMBED PARIS

Captain, Fatally Burned in Airplane With Two Companions, Answers French General's Questions.

PARIS, March 15 (By A. P.).—Capt. Schoeber of Munich, aboard the bombing Gotha, brought down at Esnes in the Department of Seine-et-Oise, on Monday night, extricated himself from the blazing machine and ran, after two companions were burned to death. A French soldier rolled him on the ground and extinguished the flames in his clothing. Gen. D... commanding the lines of communication, took the Captain in an automobile to a hospital, where his condition was found to be hopeless.

"You had a mission to perform. Had you accomplished it or were you about to do so?" asked the General. "I had already accomplished it."

"You went to Paris?" "Yes, General."

"But wretched! You have killed women and children," cried the General.

"I had my orders," was the reply. Capt. Schoeber died of his injuries during the morning.

EXAMINED AND REJECTED '45
TIMES,' ASKS HOW TO JOIN ARMY

Alfred Paul Klose Goes to District Appeals Board Headquarters for Advice.

Alfred Paul Klose of 3412 McKean avenue, who described himself as a traveling accountant, caused amusement at the headquarters of the District Appeals Board today when he went there for advice as to how he could get into military service and volunteered the information that since registering for the draft last June he has been physically examined and rejected 45 times. A notice which he carried showed he had been summoned for examination by the Eleventh Ward board next Tuesday.

"I have tried to get into all branches of the service, but they say my eyes and my feet are bad and they won't take me," said Klose. He asserted he had stood nine examinations in St. Louis, 11 in Detroit, eight in Pittsburgh, six each in Chicago and Toledo, two in New York, two in Toledo and one in Camden, N. J.

He did not submit proof of these examinations and was told the board could do nothing to aid him in entering the service if he could not pass examinations.

DRIVER CRIMINALLY CARELESS IN
AUTO KILLING, JURY'S VERDICT

Joseph Sanditz Declined to Testify in His Own Defense at Coroner's Investigation.

A Coroner's jury, investigating the death of Louis Owen Brown, 31 years old, of 4224 Eichelberger avenue, a shoe worker, who was killed Wednesday night in front of 6105 Gravois avenue, by an automobile driven by Joseph Sanditz of 389 North Taylor avenue, a fur dealer, today returned a verdict of criminal carelessness against Sanditz. Brown's death was the twentieth fatality from automobile accidents since Jan. 1. In the same period last year nine fatal accidents occurred.

Sanditz declined to testify, but others who were in the car stated that Sanditz was driving 17 to 20 miles an hour. There was conflict in the testimony on the distance he went before stopping after striking Brown, the estimates varying from 20 to 40 feet. Sanditz was Mr. and Mrs. Robert Sargent, 4123 Westmoreland avenue, and Mr. and Mrs. William H. Fox, 4134 Cleveland avenue.

Eight Indicted for Perjury. CHICAGO, March 15 (By A. P.).—Indictments were returned today against eight persons charged with perjury and forgery in connection with obtaining signatures for the petition for the Chicago Dry Federation, which asks that the question of making Chicago dry be submitted to the voters at the April election.

FAIR, WITH RISING
TEMPERATURE TOMORROW

THE TEMPERATURES.

Yesterday: High, 76, at 1 a. m.; low, 34, at 12 midnight.

Official forecast for St. Louis and vicinity: Fair tonight and tomorrow. Rising temperature tomorrow. Lowest temperature tonight near the freezing point.

Missouri: Fair tonight. Warmer in extreme northwest portions tomorrow and Sunday; fair with rising temperature.

Illinois: Fair tonight and tomorrow. Sunday fair, with rising temperature.

Stage of river at 7 a. m.: 11.8 feet, a rise of 1.1 feet.

THE SKY IS THE LIMIT FOR OUR RAINBOW DIVISION

March 15, 1918

BILL GRANTING U. R.
31-YEAR FRANCHISE
SENT TO ALDERMEN

"Compromise," Approved by Board of Public Service, to Be Presented This Afternoon.

MILL TAX ABOLISHED

Recognition of \$60,000,000 Valuation and State Board's Right to Raise Fares in Measure.

The Board of Public Service today completed its draft of an amended United Railways "compromise" bill, which it has had under consideration for nearly two months, and forwarded it to the Board of Aldermen, which meets in the afternoon. The ordinance, as amended by the Board of Public Service, has these provisions:

1. Grants a franchise to the United Railways for 31 years, giving it a virtual monopoly on the street railway business of St. Louis during that period.

2. Repeals the mill tax, which has averaged approximately \$250,000 a year.

3. Establishes a valuation of the company at \$60,000,000, which is \$23,000,000 in excess of the present market value of its stocks and bonds.

4. Recognizes the authority of the Missouri Public Service Commission to increase fares.

5. Relieves the United Railways of all taxes, other than property taxes and a tax of one-half of one per cent on its gross earnings. The latter would be approximately \$65,000 a year.

All of these provisions are effective for 31 years with the exception of that of taxation, the ordinance reserving to the city the right to increase the one-half of one per cent tax to a tax of three per cent on gross earnings.

The Board of Public Service, in preparing the bill, acted in purely an advisory capacity. The Board of Aldermen is free to reject any portion of it, or to amend it in any way it sees fit.

Changes in Original Proposal. The principal changes made in the bill by the Board of Public Service are the reduction of the tax on gross earnings from 3 per cent, as originally proposed, to one-half of 1 per cent, thus reducing the tax from approximately \$450,000 a year to approximately \$85,000, permitting the company to pay the accrued mill tax, amounting to approximately \$230,000, in 10 annual payments without interest, instead of in five annual payments; allowing the commission to increase the tax in which to accept the "compromise" unless the war ends before that period expires, and if it does the company to file its acceptance of the ordinance within six months of the end of the year; and permitting a change in the \$60,000,000 valuation to any valuation fixed by the State Board's Power Commission.

Recognition of the power of the State Board's Power Commission to increase fares is contained in two sections, one of which fixes the fare at 5 cents for adults and 2½ cents for children, until changed by the State Commission, and the other providing for universal transfers until a different order regarding transfers is made by the State Commission.

The right of the State Commission to regulate street railway fares was assailed by City Counselor Daues, when the United Railways applied to the commission for permission to increase fares, on the theory that the present franchise constitutes a contract with the city and that only the city can regulate fares. Counselor Daues' contention was overruled by the commission, which is holding hearings on the application for increased fares.

In the preamble of the Board of Public Service bill, attention is called to the recent street-car strike, and the board's opinion that public sentiment favors relief for the company, the preamble reading:

"While the Board of Public Service was considering the provisions of the said bill, No. 411, a strike occurred which resulted in an almost complete cessation of street car traffic for several days. As a result of the strike the transportation situation in St. Louis, and so far as this board has been able to learn, public opinion has become fairly well crystallized on the question of the measures of relief which may properly be afforded the United Railways Co. by the City of St. Louis."

In response to these conditions the Board of Public Service is recommending certain amendments to the board bill in addition to other minor suggested changes.

35 ALLEGED I. W. W. INDICTED

WICHITA, Kan., March 15 (By A. P.).—Indictments were returned here this morning by a Federal grand jury against 35 alleged members of the Industrial Workers of the World. With only one exception the indicted men are now under arrest and some of them already have been interned for the duration of the war. They have been active in oil fields east of here.

King George Thanks American Red Cross. LONDON, March 15 (By A. P.).—King George today sent for Henry P. Davison, chairman of the American Red Cross War Council, who arrived in England a few days ago, and thanked him for the contribution of \$1,000,000 made recently by the American to the British Red Cross. Davison was a guest of the Prince of Wales at lunch.

STRIKING AUSTRIAN RAILWAY
SHOPMEN DEFEY ORDER TO WORK

Refuse to Obey Military Demands, Says Berlin Paper; Strike Spreading.

COPENHAGEN, March 15 (By A. P.).—The men in the work shops of the Austrian railways have struck and refused to obey the orders of the military to return to work, the Berlin Lok-Anzeiger states. The strike, it is added, is spreading to factories.

FIERCE BATTLES IN TURKISTAN
AGAINST THE SOVIETS REPORTED

20,000 Casualties in Clashes With Natives, Says Dispatch From Petrograd to London.

LONDON, March 15 (By A. P.).—Fierce battles between Soviet mercenaries and natives have occurred in Turkistan, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Petrograd under Wednesday's date.

More than 20,000 casualties are reported to have resulted.

GERMAN PRESS ENRAGED AT
PLAN TO SEIZE DUTCH SHIPS

Drastic Counter Measures "If Holland Gives Way to Allies" Demanded, Says Copenhagen Dispatch.

LONDON, March 15 (By A. P.).—The notice served on Holland by Great Britain and the United States regarding the taking over of Dutch ships in allied ports has thrown the German press into a rage, the Copenhagen correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Co. cables. The newspapers demand that Germany take the most drastic counter measures if Holland gives way to the allies.

BRITISH STEAMER AND NAVAL
VESSEL COLLIDE; 26 MISSING

Survivors Are Landed by British Destroyers at Kingstown, Ireland.

LONDON, March 15 (By A. P.).—Twenty-six persons are missing in consequence of a collision between a naval vessel and the British steamship Rathmore.

Survivors have been landed at Kingstown, Ireland, by destroyers.

The Rathmore, 1569 tons gross, owned in Dublin, carrying 640 passengers, was bound from Holyhead, Wales, across St. George's Channel for Dublin.

The collision occurred in mid-channel. The Rathmore, badly damaged, was towed to Dublin.

TROTSKY AN "INTERNATIONALIST"

"Neither Russian or Jew," He Says to Rabbis.

PETROGRAD, March 15 (Special Cable).—The Jewish population of Petrograd, feeling concerned because there was neither flour nor wine suitable for use in the ceremonies of one of their religious feasts, the Association of Jewish Rabbis a few days ago decided to inform Food Controller Trotsky of their difficulties. They expected aid from him because he is himself a Jew, his real name being Bronstein.

Trotsky received the delegation coldly and declared, "I am neither a Russian nor a Jew, but an internationalist. I refuse to accommodate you. No religion is entitled to special privileges."

SHIPYARDS NEED SKILLED MEN

Oregon Plants Have Oversupply of Ordinary Workmen.

The United States Employment Service at 15 North Eighth street has received from the district director of the service, at Portland, Ore., under date of March 7, information that the shipyards in Oregon are only asking for skilled artisans, and that the shortage of such help is not now apparently acute. They can use a limited number of shipwrights, shipfitters, caulkers on wooden vessels, skilled boilermakers and anglers; but such men should not come to Oregon without first securing assurance of employment or definite information, in each particular case.

The district director states there is a large oversupply of common laborers, house carpenters, painters, pipefitters, steamfitters, plumbers, chauffeurs, clerks, etc.

GERMANY LIMITS
THE INDEPENDENCE
OF LITHUANIA

Recognition Contingent on Agreement to Certain Military and Customs Rules.

AMSTERDAM, March 15 (By A. P.).—Germany has replied to Lithuania's repeated requests for recognition of her independence by making her recognition dependent upon Lithuanian agreement to certain military, customs, railway and currency conventions, according to the Vorwarts of Berlin. These conditions, Lithuania, in the hope of bringing about an alleviation of her condition, is ready to accept.

Vorwarts says such procedure is an end to all propaganda and agitation within the Central Empires and in occupied territories under their control.

It was one year ago today that Emperor Nicholas abdicated as autocrat of Russia.

MOSCOW AGAIN BECOMES OFFICIAL RUSSIAN CAPITAL

Premier Lenine and Virtually All Government Commissioners Establish Offices There.

MOSCOW, Tuesday, March 12 (By A. P.).—Moscow has again become the official capital of Russia. It was Peter the Great who moved the seat of government from Moscow to Petrograd, his name city, which he founded, and after 200 years the Government has been transferred by its present head, Nikolai Lenine, back to the historic capital.

Lenine and virtually all the governmental commissioners except Leon Trotsky, arrived here tonight and officially opened the various ministries.

Many of the buildings in the ancient Kremlin, the leading hotels and other buildings were requisitioned. The subordinate employees have been in process of transfer for weeks, as have the Government archives, but today the first anniversary of the Russian revolution, marks the actual transfer of the new Government and is being celebrated as a national holiday.

Some of the bureaus and many of the archives have been placed at Nijni-Novgorod, but most of the ministries are in Moscow, where they will remain indefinitely, unless the German invasion should render a further retreat necessary. Trotsky remained at the head of the Council of Commissioners for the Petrograd commune, which has organized its own ministries of the army, navy, finance and supplies.

The Bolshevik Government is conceded by observers here to have demonstrated its power by moving to Moscow, a step contemplated by Kerensky when he was Premier, but never attempted by him. The Petrograd telegraph agency and all the other strictly national bureaus accompanied the Government here.

Continued on Page 2, Column 4.

RUSSIAN CONGRESS
AT MOSCOW RATIFIES
THE PEACE TREATY

Representatives of Professional Unions Resign From Bolshevik Party Afterward—Vote 433 to 30.

CLEARS WAY FOR ALLIED
DECISION AS TO SIBERIA

Announcement Likely as Regards Japanese Intervention—Peace Gives Germany Vast Opportunities for Political and Economic Control of Russia.

PETROGRAD, Thursday, March 14 (By A. P.).—The all-Russian Congress of Soviets, meeting at Moscow today, by a vote of 453 to 30, decided to ratify the peace treaty with the Central Powers.

M. Ryazonov, a prominent Bolshevik theorist, and representatives of all the professional unions, resigned from the Bolshevik party after the vote.

Reuter Dispatch Indicates Only Bolshevik Delegates Voted.

LONDON, March 15 (By A. P.).—A Reuter dispatch filed yesterday at Petrograd says that the Bolshevik majority at the Moscow conference decided by a vote of 453 to 30 to support the peace treaty.

The foregoing dispatch may indicate that only the Bolshevik delegates to the Moscow conference were represented in the vote taken, in what may have been a majority caucus. The Mensheviks and probably other factions are represented at the conference but in view of the strength of the Bolsheviks it is improbable that their decision could be reversed. Owing to the present condition of cable transmission, dispatches received from Russia are incomplete and frequently almost unintelligible.

Ratification Clears Way for Allies to Act in Siberia.

The action of the All-Russian Congress of Soviets in accepting the German peace clears the way for announcement of allied intentions as regards Japanese intervention in Siberia and gives Germany vast opportunities for political and economic control of the former Russian empire. The decision of the Congress is the culmination of peace steps begun by the Bolshevik Government last December.

The first peace conference at Brest-Litovsk was abortive, Germany on Feb. 15 rejecting the declarations of Foreign Minister Trotsky and the Germans then made peace with the Bolsheviks. On Feb. 18 the German advance into Rumania was renewed and the Dvina River crossed at Dyvinsk.

Meeting with little opposition, the German advance soon menaced Petrograd and the Bolshevik Government decided to accept Germany's peace terms. Foreign Minister Trotsky refused to go to Brest-Litovsk and Premier Lenine sent Zinovief, a close follower of his.

The pacifist policy of Premier Lenine brought a break in the Bolshevik ranks and Trotsky resigned several days ago. This apparently had no effect on Lenine's mastery of the Congress of Soviets.

By the peace terms Russia must give up Poland, Courland, Livonia, Estonia and the Ukraine. In Asia Minor the Russians are compelled to retire from Armenia and to cede to the Turks the Russian districts of Batoum, Kars and Erivan.

Russia must renounce all claims to the occupied territories in Europe, while Germany and Austria-Hungary is to decide the fate of these regions in agreement with their populations. The Russian army must be demobilized and Russian warships are to be disarmed.

More important to the Central Powers is the reopening of navigation in the Black and Baltic Seas and the signing by Russia under compulsion of a new commercial treaty with guarantees of a most favored national treatment, at least until 1925.

The Bolsheviks also promised to put an end to all propaganda and agitation within the Central Empires and in occupied territories under their control.

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Many of the buildings in the ancient Kremlin, the leading hotels and other buildings were requisitioned. The subordinate employees have been in

STRANGE STORY OF 'MARRIAGE' BEING STUNNED HERZOG

Testifies in Divorce Suit Man
Told Him New York Was
'Full of Rumors.'

HAD FAITH IN FIANCEE

Reports About Her Financial Difficulties Was What Really Worried Him, He Declares.

Fred J. Herzog, treasurer of L. Herzog & Bro. Dry Goods Co., 1204 Washington avenue, testifying yesterday afternoon in Judge Taylor's court in the divorce suit brought against him by Helen Hester Herzog, answered questions regarding a letter he had written to his wife shortly before they were married, suggesting that the wedding be postponed until he could investigate rumors concerning her name with that of "a man in Berlin." and rumors that she was in financial difficulties.

He was questioned as to where he heard the rumors about his fiancée, and he replied:

"One day, when I was busy at my desk, a strange man entered and said he was looking for Ed Herzog, whom he said he knew. I said he was not in, and the stranger replied that he was in a hurry to catch a train and could not wait, but that he had heard Ed Herzog was engaged to be married to Helen Kaufman, and he wanted to let her know that New York was full of rumors about her and some man in Berlin."

"It was so stupid I could not answer him, but he departed without my learning his identity. I did not even tell him I was I who was engaged to the lady."

Herzog testified that he did not believe the story about the man in Berlin, but that he did not want to go to her being financially involved explained to him.

Wrote to His Wife.

"This may seem immaterial," he said he wrote to her, "but few people are happy when they are in debt or live beyond their means." In the same letter he wrote that "somehow my horizon never seemed to get cloudless."

The Herzogs were married in New York in November, 1916, and an acquaintance less than a month and separated the following March. They were then living at the Buckingham Hotel, though the first six weeks they were in St. Louis they lived at the home of Mrs. Herzog, 4251 Lindell boulevard. She was the divorced wife of Herbert Kaufman, a magazine writer.

Denies He Struck Her.

Herzog, in his testimony, denied the allegations of his wife that he struck her, but that he did not support her in the manner to which she had been accustomed.

Herzog related that things went along smoothly between him and his wife for the first two days after the marriage, and then they had their first disagreement, in a New York hotel, because she did not like the way he powdered her neck and back. She said he was clumsy and that he was a brute, and that she was accustomed to having a maid perform such service.

After this, he continued, she found fault and quarreled about little things such as the hanging of keys in his pocket while he was in a cafe in Atlantic City, declaring a gentleman would not jangle keys in a public place. She humiliated him before negro servants in an Atlantic City hotel by showing him to "open a door so that a lady would not be bumped."

Cancelled Orders for Furniture.

In answer to his wife's charge that he instructed her to buy furniture to run a home and then canceled the orders, Herzog explained that the cancellation took place after they had separated and she had filed suit for divorce. He said one store, after the related circumstances, permitted him to cancel the order but that another store, where his wife had ordered a davenport at \$241, held him to the order because she had required some changes made in the article. He paid this bill. He denied that he put a limit of \$1000 on furniture expense.

Herzog said that when his wife "flew into a rage" she did not measure her words and that she called him such names as miser and uncouth. He said she would "wake up and down the room in a towering passion."

The defendant denied his wife's statement that he was dismissed from a committee of the Ethical Society at a conference in Cleveland when they were on their wedding trip because of sentiments he voiced at the conference. "On the contrary, I was put on the committee because of my speech and an effort to make it," he said. His wife had said the speech was not well received.

Not an Excessive Drinker.

In reply to Mrs. Herzog's testimony that he drank to excess, and that he sometimes drank as much as a quart of whiskey a day, he testified that he was not an excessive drinker, and that he never had been intoxicated, and that in the four months he had lived with her he bought not to exceed eight bottles of whiskey.

Head of Building Trades Indorses Conciliation Plan

Lammert Favors Post-Dispatch Proposal to Promote Conferences Between Employers and Workers in Labor Difficulties.

Jackson Johnson, president of the Chamber of Commerce; Joseph E. Woracek, president of the Central Trades and Labor Union; and Charles J. Lammert, president of the Building Trades Council and a member of the Board of Election Commissioners, yesterday were asked to state their views on the suggestion in an editorial in Wednesday's Post-Dispatch that a committee of one or two employers and employees, with one impartial member, be selected to avoid strikes through promoting conferences between employers and employees to pass on disputed questions.

Lammert was the only one of the three who would express a definite opinion on the suggestion, Johnson and Woracek taking the position that it was matter for their organizations to consider and act on in the absence of instructions they did not desire to give their personal opinions.

Lammert was outspoken in his approval of the suggestion and in his belief that much could be accomplished by such a committee.

"I think the suggestion for the appointment of a local conciliation committee, outlined in an editorial in last Wednesday's Post-Dispatch, is very good and if put into effect, would undoubtedly result in accomplishing a great deal in the right direction," said Lammert. "The Chamber of Commerce in co-operation with the Central Trades and Labor Union could select such a body, to be composed of several representatives of the employers, several of the employees and one impartial member."

"Such a body, if wisely directed, would help in clearing up the present situation and could be continued as a permanent body."

"If employer and employee can be brought together to discuss labor issues, a satisfactory agreement usually can be arranged. The bringing of both sides together is the secret of settling most labor difficulties. Such a committee as suggested by the Post-Dispatch could arrange meetings between the striking employers and their employees."

Up Before Chamber of Commerce.

The board of Directors of the Chamber of Commerce considered the suggestion yesterday afternoon at a meeting at which the general strike situation was considered, the discussion being largely along the line of what more the Chamber should make in an effort to bring about harmony between employers and employees.

After the meeting, President Johnson said that no action had been decided on. Questioned as to his views on the Post-Dispatch suggestion, he said:

"I would not care to express an opinion on that. In the absence of action by the Chamber of Commerce, I would not feel free to discuss such an important matter as the means which should be adopted in calming the present unrest of labor."

Woracek's Position Similar.

Woracek took a similar position, saying:

"While I read the editorial in Wednesday's Post-Dispatch, suggesting the appointment of a conciliation committee, I have not had time to give the matter sufficient thought to comment on the plan outlined. Before I could give an opinion as president of the Central Trades and Labor Union, I would be required to submit the matter to the Executive Committee of the central body, in order to learn how the organization felt about the suggestion."

by the War Department, also.

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, today replied to a telegram from the Post-Dispatch, regarding Queeny's statement that employees told him money was offered them if they would strike, and that they were told this money was from Federation sources.

In his telegram from Washington, Gompers says that either Queeny's statement is wholly without foundation, or his credulity has been seriously imposed upon. If any employees informed him that they were offered \$10,000 if they would strike, with the promise that an additional \$100,000 would be furnished or whatever amount was offered or promised, that information should be lodged with the prosecuting officers of the Government and the parties guilty punished to their full desert.

"The American Federation of Labor income and expenditure is published monthly in its official magazine, The American Federationist, and receives and expends no money other than from and to legitimate sources, and as published."

"It may be ignorance on my part, but I state that your telegram was the first intimation I have had of the existence of John P. Queeny, president of the Chemical Workers. I have had no communication directly or indirectly with the men who you say are going on strike today."

"Do not know whether their cause is justified. I am persuaded to the belief that Mr. Queeny has invented the entire story to throw odium upon the men who may have a just cause for their actions."

ing in the vicinity of the Monsanto Chemical Works, 1800 South Second street, where more than 500 of the 750 employees quit work yesterday, following their refusal to accept a proposed increase of pay and the related conditions. Queeny, president of the company, to agree to the unionizing of the employees. None of the strikers were seen in the neighborhood.

Queeney said some were at work, but refused to make any estimate of the number.

In reply to the suggestions of labor leaders that he inform the Federal authorities of the alleged offer of money to his employees, to get them to strike, Queeney said he had already given this information to the United States District Attorney's Office. This was confirmed by Assistant District Attorney White, who said Queeney had given him the name and address of his informant. White said the charge would be investigated by the Department of Justice and probably

BRITISH CONTINUE TO RAISE TRENCHES; GUN FIRE HEAVY

Australians Capture Number of Prisoners—German Artillery Busy on Wide Fronts.

LONDON, March 15 (By A. P.).—"Our raiding parties entered the enemy's lines last night west of Villers-Bretonneux and brought back a few prisoners," said today's official communique. "Hostile raids were repulsed in the neighborhoods of Passchendaele and Poelcapelle."

"Our and the enemy's artillery shelled some actively during the night southwest and west of Cambrai south of Arras and in the Massiges and Mepein road sectors."

The official statement of last night said:

"In an encounter last night in the neighborhood of the Ypres-Comines Canal held by the British, we captured a large hostile patrol we captured 27 prisoners. Our casualties were slight. Australians carried out successful raids during the night west of Houtem and in the neighborhood of the Ypres-Comines Canal. We secured a few prisoners in each case and inflicted a number of casualties on the enemy."

"Hostile artillery has shown great activity today against both front and rear lines on the whole front from Vermelles to south of Arras. Under cover of smoke released during this bombardment a strong party of the enemy endeavored to enter our trenches, but was driven back by the fire of our machine guns."

There was severe aerial fighting on the western front Wednesday between large groups of British and German machines, and British aircraft accounted for 24 of the enemy. Five British machines are missing."

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PRESIDENT AND M'ADOO CONFER ON RAIL CONTROL ORGANIZATION

Director-General, With New Funds at His Disposal, Will Fix Salary and Conditions.

WASHINGTON, March 15 (By A. P.).—Plans for future organization of the Government railroad administration under the railroad control bill, finally passed by Congress yesterday, were discussed last night at a conference between President Wilson and Director-General McAdoo.

One of the first big tasks will be making contracts with each railroad company for Government compensation on the basis provided in the bill.

With a fund at his disposal with which to administer the railroad affairs, McAdoo now will fix the salaries of his assistants, most of whom have severed connections with railroads. Hereafter the expenses of the railroad administration have been borne from an allotment from the President's emergency fund.

Provision will be made for the \$500,000 revolving fund established by the bill in determining the amount of the third Liberty Loan. The Treasury has sufficient funds to care for minor drafts, particularly since a clearing house for railway earnings and expenses is to be established, and payments to roads will be on the basis of the difference between actual earnings and the guaranteed rate.

AMERICAN UNITS OCCUPY CAPTURED GERMAN TRENCHES

Continued From Page 1.

fairly effective work. One of the American sharpshooters crawled cautiously to a vantage point in No Man's Land and opened up on him. The second shot hit the German, whose body dropped to the enemy wire, where it hung for the rest of the day.

Northwest of Toul rifle fire and grenades dislodged a German from a sniper's post in a shell hole and the American soldiers in a machine gun emplacement on the front lines had been annoying our men with bursts of fire. The American machine guns, by a cross-fire, again drove out the Germans from a number of their living positions.

An American aerial observer in a French airplane crossed the German lines Tuesday morning at a low altitude and used his machine gun effectively on the second line. Other Americans were in the air all day, and the German aerial force was reported to be in the air all day.

One aerial battle is reported. The American observer emptied one gun at a German plane but without apparent result as the enemy was hurrying toward the rear. Another battle in which the American observers were manning the guns went up to meet German airplanes which had crossed the lines, but the Americans failed to get close enough to shoot with any chance of scoring a hit.

The Germans are doing much work behind their lines. Additional camouflage construction is going on there and an exceedingly heavy traffic is evident at many places, especially at night.

ST. CHARLES BRIDGE FINISHED

Structure Probably Open for Traffic Tomorrow.

The new steel and concrete St. Charles Highway Bridge, across the Missouri River at St. Charles, was given its final inspection yesterday afternoon and probably will be opened to traffic tomorrow morning. A formal opening will take place later.

Work on the structure began in February, 1917, five months after the original bridge was destroyed by fire. It is a four-span bridge paved with wooden blocks and equipped for street car traffic in and out of St. Charles. During the construction the cars stopped on the St. Louis County side of the bridge, automobiles and other vehicles crossing on a ferry boat.

Ordered to Pay for Wife's Defense of Suit.

Judge Jones in the Circuit Court today issued an order requiring William J. Canavan to pay \$75 to his wife's attorney for defense of a divorce suit filed by Canavan. He also ordered the Canavans to pay \$100 to his wife while the case is pending. Canavan is business agent of the Moving Picture Operators' Union.

Sage Tea Darkens Hair to Any Shade

President's Appeal to Boys to Enroll for Work on Farms

WASHINGTON, March 15 (By A. P.).—The Department of Labor has set aside the week beginning March 18 as National Enrollment Week for the United States Boys' Working Reserve.

The purpose of this national enrollment week is to call the attention of the young men of the nation to the importance of increasing the food supply by working on the farms and to urge them to enroll in the reserve.

"I sincerely hope that young men of the country of 15 years of age and over not now permanently employed, and especially the boys in our high schools, will enter heartily into this work and join the Boys' Working Reserve."

Addressing the boys in the privilege, for such I believe it to be, of spending their spare time in a productive enterprise which will aid the nation to win the war by increasing the means of providing for the forces at the front which correspond to their conditions and culture. In his speech to the Reichstag on Feb. 26 he said that Germany's chief object in Lithuania was to create organs of self-termination and self-administration.

RUSSIA RATIFIES PEACE TREATY, WAY OPEN FOR JAPAN TO ACT

Continued From Page 1.

in no wise reconcilable with the declaration made by Imperial Chancellor von Hertling last Nov. 13, in addressing the Reichstag on that date, Von Hertling expressed the wish that Poland, Courland and Lithuania could have the right of choosing their own governments and could obtain that political form which corresponded to their conditions and culture. In his speech to the Reichstag on Feb. 26 he said that Germany's chief object in Lithuania was to create organs of self-termination and self-administration.

Acceptance of Peace Terms Expected to Bring Japan into Siberia.

WASHINGTON, March 15 (By A. P.).—It is believed here that ratification of the peace terms by the Congress at Moscow will bring an early move by Japan in Siberia. Any move by the Japanese is expected to be chiefly as a measure of protection for Japanese and American supplies at Vladivostok. There is no real danger, officials say, of German armies moving that far east, but there is a possibility that the Japanese at Vladivostok might be sent into Russia and then find their way into German hands.

The geographical location of Vladivostok makes it easy for Japan at any time to cut off a German force if one were to move to the East. The single line of railroad entering Vladivostok from Russia takes a circuitous route and Japan, with little difficulty, could cut off communication at any point for miles along its course.

A clause in the Russo-German treaty requiring that Russian warships either be sent to Russian harbors and kept there until the end of the war or be disarmed and that all warships in Russian waters be regarded as Russian ships is not expected to remove any ships from the entente fleets except perhaps a few British submarines. Some of these vessels, operating in the Baltic, probably will proceed to Swedish ports and intern.

Former Premier, Prince Lvoff, Reported Under Arrest.

PETROGRAD, March 14 (By A. P.).—The Russian Telegraph Agency today announced that the former Premier, Prince Lvoff, has been arrested by the commander of the northern front.

It was reported from Irkutsk that Prince Lvoff, 69 years old, had long suffered. He was 49 years old when he was elected and two years later defeated Champ Clark, but was defeated by Clark two years after that. He was a native of Lincoln County and was a graduate of St. Louis University and Washington University.

Report Many Cases of Rheumatism Now

Says we must keep feet dry; avoid exposure and eat less meat.

Stay off the damp ground, avoid exposure, keep feet dry, eat less meat, drink lots of water and above all take a spoonful of salts occasionally to keep down uric acid.

Rheumatism is caused by poisonous toxin, called uric acid, which is generated in the bowels and absorbed into the blood. It is the function of the kidneys to filter this acid from the blood and cast it out. The pores of the skin are also a means of freeing the blood of this impurity. In damp and chilly, cold weather the skin pores are closed, thus forcing the kidneys to do double work, they become weak and sluggish and fail to eliminate this uric acid, which keeps accumulating and circulating through the system, eventually settling in the joints and muscles, causing stiffness, soreness and pain called rheumatism.

At the first twinge of rheumatism get from any pharmacy about four ounces of Jad Salts; put a table spoonful in a glass of water and drink before breakfast each morning for a week. This is said to eliminate uric acid by stimulating the kidneys to normal action, thus ridding the blood of these impurities.

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March 15 that Prince Lvoff had set up a new Russian government in the Far East and was awaiting the landing of Japanese troops at Vladivostok in order to enter Siberian territory with them.

Russian Peasants in One District Fighting Germans.

PETROGRAD, March 15 (By A. P.).—The peasants in the Polotsk district are conducting guerrilla warfare against the Germans. Polotsk is in the district between Polesk and Vitebsk, on the "Dvina River."

The Russian staff on the west front has been removed to Moscow from Smolensk.

It is announced that command of the Polish fleet has been offered to Admiral Razvozov.

Gen. Glinitsky, former aide-de-camp to Emperor Nicholas and later chief of staff under Grand Duke Nicholas Nikolaevitch, has been arrested in Moscow, charged with communicating with Gen. Kaledines, hetman of the Don Cossacks.

Austria Reports Her Territory Entirely Free of Rumania.

LONDON, March 15 (By A. P.).—An official statement from the Austro-Hungarian War Office says:

"The last narrow strip of Austro-Hungarian territory occupied by the Rumanians has been evacuated. The eastern boundary of the monarchy still remains a half way of the heaviest war burdens again is completely free."

Peace Parleys Between Russia and Ukraine at Kiev Reported Opened.

PETROGRAD, Wednesday, March 13 (By A. P.).—The opening of peace negotiations at Kiev between Russia and Ukraine is reported in a Vienna dispatch to the Vossische Zeitung of Berlin.

The Ukrainian Rada, the dispatch says, will meet soon to ratify the peace treaty with the Central Powers.

The Government set up in Ukraine after its declaration of independence from Russia was opposed as Bourgeois by the Bolsheviks, who sent troops to support a Bolshevik movement in Ukraine. A number of battles were fought and Kiev was captured by the Bolsheviks. The terms imposed by the Central Powers in the peace treaty with Russia and the advance of Teutonic troops into Ukraine, however, compelled the Bolsheviks to give up their campaign.

Turkish Troops Reported to Have Entered Erzerum.

LONDON, March 15 (By A. P.).—An official statement issued by the Turkish War Office, Tuesday, says that Turkish troops have entered Erzerum, and are extinguishing fires caused by the Armenians.

Erzerum, the principal city of Turkish Armenia, 120 miles south of Trebizond, was held by the Russians until their evacuation of Turkish Armenia.

INCREASE OF \$10,919,387 IN BANK DEPOSITS IN 2 MONTHS

Clearing House Statement Also Shows \$1,000,000 Increase in Loans and Discounts.

Deposits in the 44 member banks of the St. Louis Clearing House Association now total \$410,730,710.82, an increase of \$10,919,387.41 in two months, despite Liberty bonds and war saving certificates in which bankers point out, millions have been invested here. The figures are contained in a report just issued by the Clearing House Association on the liabilities of the various banks.

An increase of \$11,033,303.33 in loans and discounts is indicated in the report, which compares the present figures with those compiled Dec. 21. In bonds and discounts the increase is \$9,432,367.80. The total resources of the Clearing House member banks are \$526,305,385.23, an increase of \$14,528,426.87 since Jan. 1.

TWO ARE KILLED WHEN LANDSLIDE HITS TRAIN

28 Others Injured as 300 Tons of Earth and Rock Fall Into Railway Cut.

HARRISBURG, Pa., March 15 (By A. P.).—Two persons were killed and 28 injured, only a few seriously, today when a landslide in the 71st street cut, about one mile east of Harrisburg, struck the mile-long Pennsylvania Railroad train, Miss Rena Palmer of Morgantown, W. Va., was crushed to death in a sleeping car in which Miss Vera Ravencroft of Pittsburgh was fatally injured, dying on the relief train which was sent from Harrisburg. Conductor E. E. Edwards of this city was probably fatally hurt.

It is estimated that 300 tons of earth and rock fell into the cut, striking two Pullman cars. One passenger, weighing about twenty tons, struck the end of one car, lifting it, and the mass slid under the train, carrying the two sleeping cars, containing over fifty persons, over the tracks.

Charles Palmer, father of Miss Palmer, was among the injured. Other relatives were on the train. Mobs of the injured persons were given blankets here. A squad of soldiers, notified that in his opinion, increase of fares was needed by the United Railways to meet the wage demands of its employees.

Smith Speaks of Profits.

The company has been earning about 4 per cent on the par value of its securities, Smith testified. It was equal to 7 per cent, he said, a fair valuation of the company's properties.

Easter Only Two Weeks Distant—Select Your Spring Necessities Tomorrow From Completest Stocks—Open Until 6:45.

Unprecedented Easter Assortments

Greatest Displays of Beautiful New Spring Styles Ever Known to This City



Bevies of Lovely Silk Blouses
Tomorrow's Exclusive Sale Offerings
\$2.98 \$3.98 \$5.00

Bewitching new Spring harmonies of imported chiffon Voile, Silk Georgette, Satins, Crepe de Chines, Striped Dimities, Fine Voiles—in white, flesh, Rose, Copenhagen, Maise, Bisque and prettiest combinations. Specially low priced.

At the
New

Bedell

Fashion
Shop

In Washington Ave. at Seventh St.



Easter's De Luxe Silk Waists
Spring's Dressiest New Concepts
\$5.98 \$7.98 \$10

The finest models in the finest Silks, Crepes, laces and hand embroideries. High, low or Eton collar effects, every color—Tuxedo fronts—also slipover models. Of workmanship that does not leave "good wear" and continued "good looks" to chance!

Easter's Smartest New Topcoats

Specially Arranged Offerings for Saturday
Sale Price,
\$25



Tailored Coats and Novelty Coats in women's and misses' smartest new Spring styles. Materials are principally Gabardine, Eponge, Serges, Army Cloths—half silk lined in Rose, Navy, Tan, Black or Rookie!

New Paris Bedell Coats
Finest Metropolitan Productions
\$29.75 \$35 \$45 \$55

Thoroughbred creations that promise the most beautifully coated Easter woman-kind has ever known. Every type of town model, fitted or loose model, chasseur, trench or field modes—of Etona Cloth, Coverts, Army Cloths, Frost Glow Silvertips—New English Weaves, Cordurex—Greys, Tans, and all High Sport Colors.

Delightful Silk Easter Dresses

Selections Taken From Our Regular Stock
Very Special
\$15



Smartly tailored frocks of Serge, beaded and embroidered gowns of Crepe de Chine, Silk Taffeta and Satins—in simple but exceedingly fashionable lines and effects—all colors!

Exquisite Easter Gowns
The Newest—The Loveliest
\$19.75 \$25 \$29.75 \$35

One would think these rich frocks came from the Rue de la Paix, Paris! Irresistible, naive, charming—and above all, ORIGINAL. Georgettes, Elizabethan Crepes, Silks and Satins, from Chinese Blue, Pearl Gray, all the way through the color range!

A Beautiful Easter Showing of Smartest Reproductions from the Ateliers of Paris Modists

Easter's Chic Hats

Distinctive Style Creations
\$5.00 \$7.50 and \$10.00



Stunning poke models and close-fitting turbans of shiny Lisere, Braid Straws and Georgette combinations—with pretty wings and ornaments just so!

Exquisite Dress Hats

Beautiful Models—True to Paris
\$13.50 and \$15.00

Lisere, China Piping, Caterpillar Straws, Georgette Combinations—adorned with gayest French flowers—daring lacquered Wings of brilliant red or soft new blues. Large assortments!



Special Offering Smart New Suits

Copies and Modified Reproductions of the Newer
Modes Exhibited at the Late Paris Openings

Stunning new styles, materials and colorings—the true thoroughbreds of fashion—produced without extravagance. Twins to the smartest \$75 custom-made in everything but price! Serges, Poplins, Delhi cloth, Jerseys—in Cantalope, Sammy, Quaker Gray, Navy, etc. Coats are silk lined!

\$25

For Tomorrow Saturday
Distinguished Easter Fashions
Women's and Misses' New

Tailored Suits

New Waistline and Tailleur Modes



Constituting The City's Foremost Assortments
\$25 \$29.75 \$35 \$45 \$60

Stepping forth into the unchallenged leadership of ultra-smartness—an entirely new and fresh augmentation of Spring's Smartest Suit Styles—just received from the famous Bedell workrooms. The variety of styles is amazing—the values, a lesson in economics. Tomorrow is SUIT DAY for St. Louis!

Models—

Plain Tailor—Ripple Back
Bolero—Zouave—Eton
Braid-Bound Check Suits
Military Fatigue Models

Materials—

Tricotine—Men's Wear Serge
Poirct Twill—Delhi
Gabardines—Venetian Coverts
Jerseys—Hairlines

Colorings—

Belgian Blue—Rookie—Tan
Pebble—Smoked Pearl
Ashes—Soldat Blue—Navy
Olive Drab—Black

In latest and accepted variations of the cut-away fronts, deep revers, smart waistcoats and vestees and Tuxedo effects—from dashing debutante models to suits with poise and dignity.

"Style Without Extravagance"

No Charge for Alterations

TWO MEN ROB COLUMBIA
TAXICAB CO. SAFE OF

Turn It Upside Down and

Money Through Hole in T

Used by Chauffeurs.

Two men with automatic

entered the office of the Co

Taxicab Co., 4537 Delmar bou

at 3 o'clock this morning a

dered Elbert L. Collier, the

dispatcher, to open the safe.

JEFFERS

3 and 5 North Jeff

Why Pay More for Good

Meat is not high at the

make the price. We at

follow. Knuff said.

ROASTS

Rib Roast, lb.

Chuck Roast, lb.

Hump Roast, lb.

Boneless West, lb.

Round Roast, lb.

STEAKS

Porterhouse, lb.

Steak, lb.

Round, lb.

Hamburger, lb.

WATCH NEXT SU

REDUCTIO

MARK

Everything Guaranteed—Money

Attention in Hotel

WE DELAY

Central 5110-R JOE

TWO MEN ROB COLUMBIA TAXICAB CO. SAFE OF \$250

Turn It Upside Down and Extract Money Through Hole in Top Used by Chauffeurs.

Two men with automatic pistols entered the office of the Columbia Taxicab Co., 4537 Delmar boulevard, at 3 o'clock this morning and ordered Elbert L. Collier, the night watcher, to open the safe. He told

them that he did not have the combination. The robbers then ordered Collier to keep his hands above his head while they examined the safe. To facilitate business the company had cut a hole in the top of the safe and covered it with a slotted plate so that chauffeurs could drop their receipts into the safe without having to open the door.

"We'll just tap this thing ourselves," said one of the robbers, and he directed his confederate to help

him turn the safe upside down. Then he took a knife from Collier's pocket and pried one end of the plate so that he could insert his hand. He took \$250 in cash and several envelopes containing credit slips which he evidently believed were packages of money. As the robbers backed out of the office they told Collier that if he made an outcry they would return and shoot him.

A short time after the robbery motor cycle policemen pursued and arrested two men in an automobile at Grand avenue and Pine street. Two automatic revolvers were found in the automobile. The men denied knowledge of the safe robbery.

ISAAC STEPHENSON, FORMER SENATOR, DIES IN WISCONSIN

Was Wealthiest Man in Upper House of Congress During His Term.

ELECTION INVESTIGATED

Shown to Have Cost Him \$113,000, but Charges of Graft Were Not Sustained.

MARINETTE, Wis., March 15 (By A. P.).—Former United States Senator Isaac Stephenson died at 1:30 this morning.

Senator Stephenson had been ill at his home here for a week, due to infirmities of age.

Aside from the fact that Isaac Stephenson, during his service as United States Senator, enjoyed the distinction of being the oldest, as well as the wealthiest, Senator in the upper house of Congress, he ranked as one of the greatest producing lumbermen in the nation. The principal scene of his operations in the lumber industry was in Northern Michigan, that section owing a large part of its development in the lumbering and mining industries to his efforts. His properties in that section are still among the largest holdings in the State, and his various industries there employ thousands of men.

Had Practically No Schooling. Born near Fredericton, New Brunswick, June 18, 1829, he spent his early youth on his father's farm and in working in the lumber woods. He had practically no schooling. At 16 he left home and went to Milwaukee. He found employment with the Wells Lumber Co. and was associated with Daniel Wells Jr. for many years. In 1857 he became an operator of lumber camps in his own interests.

His early political career included two terms in the Wisconsin Legislature and three terms in Congress. In May, 1907, he was appointed to fill the unexpired term of Senator John C. Spooner, resigned, and was elected to succeed himself, in 1909. It was in connection with this election that the Wisconsin Legislature, after a lengthy investigation of the Senator's campaign, filed charges with the United States Senate and asked an investigation into the election, alleging that money had been used to unduly influence votes. The investigating committee went into the matter exhaustively, and while they showed that Mr. Stephenson spent \$113,000 to be elected, no undue influence or graft was shown and he was retained in his seat by a vote of the Senate, 40 to 24.

Liked to "Tough It." Senator Stephenson always remained a plain, unassuming man. His greatest pleasure each year was to gather together a number of friends who enjoyed the outdoor life and "rough it" at old lumber camps on his properties above Escanaba, Mich.

Senator Stephenson owned the Bonita, one of the finest steam yachts on the Great Lakes. He seldom found time to enjoy the craft, but he found great pleasure in loaning it to old friends, soldiers' associations, lodges and similar organizations of his townspeople.

To him, and to the men whom he gathered about him in his various business ventures, his home city, Marinette, Wis., owes much of its prosperity and progress. He was always open-handed with his home town, and scattered about the city various buildings, library, parks and other memorials.

Say It With Flowers. See your nearest florist.—ADV.

TWO AMERICANS COMMENDED

One Drove Ambulance After He Was Wounded; Other Worked 48 Hours.

WASHINGTON, March 15 (By A. P.).—Two American ambulance drivers, Charles B. Kendall of Cambridge, Mass., and James F. Brown of Boston, have been commended by both French and American army officers for bravery in removing wounded men. Kendall continued his work after he was wounded and Brown worked for 48 hours in one of the most dangerous sectors on the American front.

Both men were transferred recently to the American sanitary corps after several months' service with the French armies.

A Child 2 or 3 Years Old requires something stronger than the sweet liquid laxatives now on the market which are prepared especially for infants.

LAX-POS WITH PEPIN fills this long-felt want. It acts on the liver and regulates the bowels without griping or disturbing the stomach. A Liquid Digestive Laxative, pleasant to take, 50¢ per bottle. Good for the child, good for the Mother, good for the Household.—ADV.

TWO STRUCK BY AUTOMOBILES

One Man's Left Ankle and Another's Right Leg Broken.

Jack Davis, 34 years old, of the Franklin Hotel, Eighth street and Franklin avenue, was knocked down at Eighth and Market streets last evening by an automobile driven by Vero Voerster, 5753 Etzel avenue. His left ankle was fractured.

Charles Arena, 26 years old, of 4337 North Broadway, was hit by an automobile driven by Philip Marcus, 4248W Cook avenue, at Broadway and Douglas street, in the afternoon. His right leg was broken.

BREWERS TO REDUCE BREWINGS

Notify Fuel Administration of Acceptance of Suggestions.

WASHINGTON, March 15 (By A. P.).—The War Service Committee of the United Brewers' Association has

notified the Fuel Administration that it accepts the suggestion for a voluntary reduction of the amount of their brewings during the period from April 1, 1918, to June 30, 1918, or 10 per cent of the amount brewed during the corresponding period of 1917. Further conferences on the subject

will be held from time to time upon the call of the Fuel Administration.

Shapleigh Salesmen Killed by Train.

PLAINVIEW, Tex., March 15 (By A. P.).—Roy J. Carmony of Rural Retreat, Va., and Jack D. Williams

of Amarillo, Tex., traveling salesmen for the Shapleigh Hardware Co. of St. Louis, were killed yesterday at a grade crossing in Hale Center, near here, when their automobile was demolished by a Santa Fe passenger train.

JEFFERSON MARKET

3 and 5 North Jefferson—Jefferson and Market Why Pay More for Good U. S. Government Inspected Meat?

Meat is not high at the Jefferson. We have got the quality—we make the prices. We give the weight and there is no one dare follow. Knuff said.

ROASTS		OUR SPECIAL	
Rib Roast, lb.	17c	Loose Sausage, lb.	15c
Chuck Roast, lb.	16c	Corned Beef, lb.	15c
Ham Roast, lb.	15c	Breakfast Bacon, lb.	33c
Boiled Ham, lb.	15c	Smoked Ham, lb.	30c
Round Roast, lb.	20c	Fresh Pork Loin, lb.	23c
		Dried Salt Meat, lb.	23c
		Smoked Cal. Ham, lb.	24c
STEAKS		All our meats are from 5c to 15c a pound less than any store in the city. Come early. Some of these cuts do not last all day.	
Porterhouse, lb.	22c		
Steak, lb.	20c		
Round, lb.	20c		
Hamburger, lb.	17c		

WATCH NEXT SUNDAY'S PAPER FOR OUR GREAT REDUCTION STOCK GROCERY SALE.

MARKET BASKETS, 5c EACH. Everything Guaranteed—Money Refunded on Anything Not Satisfactory—Special Attention Hotels, Boarding Houses and Restaurants. DELIVERED TO ALL ORDERS BY DEL. CO.

Central 5110-R JOE SMART, Mgr. Bomont 1384



GOVERNMENT PROTECTION NATIONAL AND STATE IS RECEIVED BY DEPOSITORS OF THE ST. LOUIS UNION BANK FOURTH & LOCUST

Quick sales in machinery discounts are made through Post-Dispatch Wants.



A Sale of Misses' Suits

---begins Tomorrow

THIS occasion has become widely known as the foremost Suit event of the season, and it offers hundreds of smart styles in high-grade Suits at remarkably low prices. The newest style-features are well represented, in the popular materials, and in shades of sand, gray, rookie and navy. Sizes 14 to 20.

There are a dozen or more distinctive modes to meet all individual figure requirements, and are made of splendid material, offered in this group at

\$29.75

\$35.00

\$39.75

(Third Floor.)

Distinctive modes in high-grade Suits, including Etons as well as the tailored garments, with ripple back, of gabardines, fine French serges, Poiret twills, at

Scores of clever Suit modes, many direct copies of higher-priced garments, and fashioned of exclusive materials, in colors sand, gray, rookie and navy, at

50 Very Clever Suits, \$45.00

THIS group represents the designer's very highest expression of the newest Spring styles. Inspection will immediately impress the remarkable value each Suit represents. Materials used are those destined to enjoy unusual popularity, and the way in which they are made up, is indeed, excellent. The size-range is complete from 14 to 20 years.

The Girls' Store---

Is splendidly prepared to meet the requirements in all matters of Dress for Miss Six-to-Sixteen-Years.

Spring Coats for Easter

SCORES of delightful modes for the discriminating miss, developed of burella cloth, black-and-white checks, velours, mixtures and velour checks, in high-waisted, belted and loose-fitting effects. Sizes 6 to 16.

White Dresses for Confirmation Wear

Dainty garments for that important time in the girl's life—confirmation. They are beautifully fashioned of sheer organdies, batistes, voiles and nets. All garments are beautifully trimmed with ribbons, medallions and dainty French flowers. Come in sizes from 6 to 16 years. Price,

\$4 to \$16.50

The Spring Showing of Elsie Dinsmore Frocks is replete to the minutest detail, with clever modes, made from fast-color materials. Sizes 6 to 14 years. Prices are \$1.45, \$1.95, \$2.95 and \$3.45

Stix, Baer & Fuller

GRAND-LEADER SIXTH-WASHINGTON-SEVENTH & LUCAS



(Third Floor.)

Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes economize for you

It's every man's duty nowadays to be sure that every cent he spends brings the greatest possible returns. When it comes to buying clothes, you will get the most for your money at this store. You'll get all-wool fabrics and fine tailoring for long wear; you get the best styles; you get a guarantee of satisfaction or your money back.

The new styles

by Hart Schaffner & Marx

We'll show you the new conservation styles in lively military models, sport suits, Varsity suits. One of the designs is featured here in the picture and you'll see a lot more of them when you come into this store.

Many of the fronts are straight hanging; they have military pockets, the body-tracing effects; the waist-lines are higher. Those are just a few of the new features, and we have many other things that we're ready to show you.

\$25, \$30, \$35, \$40, \$45, \$50, \$60

Spring topcoats

The new spring topcoats by Hart Schaffner & Marx—plenty of variety to select from; new Scotches, knit fabrics, smart weaves of all sorts. Special values at \$25 and \$30.

The St. Louis Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Wolff's

WASHINGTON AV. AT BROADWAY



Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx



Children's Department, Entire Second Floor.

Children's Shoes in Black, White and Colors.

These Are the Perfect Shoes for Your Children

"Little Wonder" Play Shoes are built on foot conforming lines. They are so good looking the little tots will be proud to wear them; they are so excellent in quality and workmanship—so thoroughly dependable—you will find them a splendid investment.



Promotes Foot Health

Button Style for Little Tots

As illustrated—Little Wonder Play Shoes, button style, in brown kid, black kid and white bear—sizes 2 to 5.....\$2.25
Same in all-over black kid—sizes 5 to 8, \$2.75
Same in brown bear, smoke bear and two-tone tan—sizes 5 to 8.....\$3.00
Same in all-over black kid or patent leather—sizes 8½ to 11.....\$3.25
Same in brown bear, smoke bear and two-tone tan—sizes 8½ to 11.....\$3.50

Lace Styles for Little Tots

As illustrated—Little Wonder Play Shoes, in the popular Blucher lace style, in brown bear, smoke bear and two-tone tan—sizes 5 to 8.....\$3.00
Straight lace style, in all-over black kid or in patent leather—sizes 8½ to 11.....\$3.25
Blucher lace style, in brown bear, smoke bear and two-tone tan—sizes 8½ to 11.....\$3.50
Bring the children in Saturday. Our expert shoe fitters understand growing children's feet.

Brandt's Careful Fitting Is an Advantage Your Child Should Have
A Souvenir Free to Each and Every Child

DIAMONDS IN CREDIT WATCHES

EASTER SALE

Would you like to wear a beautiful Diamond or Box Watch on Easter Sunday, or make a handsome Easter present? Come in and select anything desired and arrange terms of payment to suit your convenience. We will return you:

Loftis Seven-Diamond Cluster Rings
The Diamonds are mounted as set to look like one large single stone. Has the exact appearance of a solitaire that would cost three or four times as much.
Marquise of Beauty 1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00, 3.50, 4.00, 4.50, 5.00, 5.50, 6.00, 6.50, 7.00, 7.50, 8.00, 8.50, 9.00, 9.50, 10.00, 10.50, 11.00, 11.50, 12.00, 12.50, 13.00, 13.50, 14.00, 14.50, 15.00, 15.50, 16.00, 16.50, 17.00, 17.50, 18.00, 18.50, 19.00, 19.50, 20.00, 20.50, 21.00, 21.50, 22.00, 22.50, 23.00, 23.50, 24.00, 24.50, 25.00, 25.50, 26.00, 26.50, 27.00, 27.50, 28.00, 28.50, 29.00, 29.50, 30.00, 30.50, 31.00, 31.50, 32.00, 32.50, 33.00, 33.50, 34.00, 34.50, 35.00, 35.50, 36.00, 36.50, 37.00, 37.50, 38.00, 38.50, 39.00, 39.50, 40.00, 40.50, 41.00, 41.50, 42.00, 42.50, 43.00, 43.50, 44.00, 44.50, 45.00, 45.50, 46.00, 46.50, 47.00, 47.50, 48.00, 48.50, 49.00, 49.50, 50.00, 50.50, 51.00, 51.50, 52.00, 52.50, 53.00, 53.50, 54.00, 54.50, 55.00, 55.50, 56.00, 56.50, 57.00, 57.50, 58.00, 58.50, 59.00, 59.50, 60.00, 60.50, 61.00, 61.50, 62.00, 62.50, 63.00, 63.50, 64.00, 64.50, 65.00, 65.50, 66.00, 66.50, 67.00, 67.50, 68.00, 68.50, 69.00, 69.50, 70.00, 70.50, 71.00, 71.50, 72.00, 72.50, 73.00, 73.50, 74.00, 74.50, 75.00, 75.50, 76.00, 76.50, 77.00, 77.50, 78.00, 78.50, 79.00, 79.50, 80.00, 80.50, 81.00, 81.50, 82.00, 82.50, 83.00, 83.50, 84.00, 84.50, 85.00, 85.50, 86.00, 86.50, 87.00, 87.50, 88.00, 88.50, 89.00, 89.50, 90.00, 90.50, 91.00, 91.50, 92.00, 92.50, 93.00, 93.50, 94.00, 94.50, 95.00, 95.50, 96.00, 96.50, 97.00, 97.50, 98.00, 98.50, 99.00, 99.50, 100.00, 100.50, 101.00, 101.50, 102.00, 102.50, 103.00, 103.50, 104.00, 104.50, 105.00, 105.50, 106.00, 106.50, 107.00, 107.50, 108.00, 108.50, 109.00, 109.50, 110.00, 110.50, 111.00, 111.50, 112.00, 112.50, 113.00, 113.50, 114.00, 114.50, 115.00, 115.50, 116.00, 116.50, 117.00, 117.50, 118.00, 118.50, 119.00, 119.50, 120.00, 120.50, 121.00, 121.50, 122.00, 122.50, 123.00, 123.50, 124.00, 124.50, 125.00, 125.50, 126.00, 126.50, 127.00, 127.50, 128.00, 128.50, 129.00, 129.50, 130.00, 130.50, 131.00, 131.50, 132.00, 132.50, 133.00, 133.50, 134.00, 134.50, 135.00, 135.50, 136.00, 136.50, 137.00, 137.50, 138.00, 138.50, 139.00, 139.50, 140.00, 140.50, 141.00, 141.50, 142.00, 142.50, 143.00, 143.50, 144.00, 144.50, 145.00, 145.50, 146.00, 146.50, 147.00, 147.50, 148.00, 148.50, 149.00, 149.50, 150.00, 150.50, 151.00, 151.50, 152.00, 152.50, 153.00, 153.50, 154.00, 154.50, 155.00, 155.50, 156.00, 156.50, 157.00, 157.50, 158.00, 158.50, 159.00, 159.50, 160.00, 160.50, 161.00, 161.50, 162.00, 162.50, 163.00, 163.50, 164.00, 164.50, 165.00, 165.50, 166.00, 166.50, 167.00, 167.50, 168.00, 168.50, 169.00, 169.50, 170.00, 170.50, 171.00, 171.50, 172.00, 172.50, 173.00, 173.50, 174.00, 174.50, 175.00, 175.50, 176.00, 176.50, 177.00, 177.50, 178.00, 178.50, 179.00, 179.50, 180.00, 180.50, 181.00, 181.50, 182.00, 182.50, 183.00, 183.50, 184.00, 184.50, 185.00, 185.50, 186.00, 186.50, 187.00, 187.50, 188.00, 188.50, 189.00, 189.50, 190.00, 190.50, 191.00, 191.50, 192.00, 192.50, 193.00, 193.50, 194.00, 194.50, 195.00, 195.50, 196.00, 196.50, 197.00, 197.50, 198.00, 198.50, 199.00, 199.50, 200.00, 200.50, 201.00, 201.50, 202.00, 202.50, 203.00, 203.50, 204.00, 204.50, 205.00, 205.50, 206.00, 206.50, 207.00, 207.50, 208.00, 208.50, 209.00, 209.50, 210.00, 210.50, 211.00, 211.50, 212.00, 212.50, 213.00, 213.50, 214.00, 214.50, 215.00, 215.50, 216.00, 216.50, 217.00, 217.50, 218.00, 218.50, 219.00, 219.50, 220.00, 220.50, 221.00, 221.50, 222.00, 222.50, 223.00, 223.50, 224.00, 224.50, 225.00, 225.50, 226.00, 226.50, 227.00, 227.50, 228.00, 228.50, 229.00, 229.50, 230.00, 230.50, 231.00, 231.50, 232.00, 232.50, 233.00, 233.50, 234.00, 234.50, 235.00, 235.50, 236.00, 236.50, 237.00, 237.50, 238.00, 238.50, 239.00, 239.50, 240.00, 240.50, 241.00, 241.50, 242.00, 242.50, 243.00, 243.50, 244.00, 244.50, 245.00, 245.50, 246.00, 246.50, 247.00, 247.50, 248.00, 248.50, 249.00, 249.50, 250.00, 250.50, 251.00, 251.50, 252.00, 252.50, 253.00, 253.50, 254.00, 254.50, 255.00, 255.50, 256.00, 256.50, 257.00, 257.50, 258.00, 258.50, 259.00, 259.50, 260.00, 260.50, 261.00, 261.50, 262.00, 262.50, 263.00, 263.50, 264.00, 264.50, 265.00, 265.50, 266.00, 266.50, 267.00, 267.50, 268.00, 268.50, 269.00, 269.50, 270.00, 270.50, 271.00, 271.50, 272.00, 272.50, 273.00, 273.50, 274.00, 274.50, 275.00, 275.50, 276.00, 276.50, 277.00, 277.50, 278.00, 278.50, 279.00, 279.50, 280.00, 280.50, 281.00, 281.50, 282.00, 282.50, 283.00, 283.50, 284.00, 284.50, 285.00, 285.50, 286.00, 286.50, 287.00, 287.50, 288.00, 288.50, 289.00, 289.50, 290.00, 290.50, 291.00, 291.50, 292.00, 292.50, 293.00, 293.50, 294.00, 294.50, 295.00, 295.50, 296.00, 296.50, 297.00, 297.50, 298.00, 298.50, 299.00, 299.50, 300.00, 300.50, 301.00, 301.50, 302.00, 302.50, 303.00, 303.50, 304.00, 304.50, 305.00, 305.50, 306.00, 306.5

Laundry Safe Blown Open.
An iron safe in the office of the New Mercantile Laundry, 2319 Market street, was blown open by robbery.

BUY YOUR SUITS AT THE GLOBE TOMORROW

2.50 to \$5 Saved on Your Money Back.

DOUBLE EAGLE STAMPS.

7.75 and 9.75 for Men's 12.50 Suits.
12.50 for Men's 17.50 Suits.
15 for Men's \$20 Suits.
2.95 for Boys' \$4 Suits.
5.75 for Boys' All-wool Blue Serge Suits.
1.25 for Men's Khaki Pants.
50c for Men's Blue Jumpers.
30c for Men's Balbriggan Underwear.
75c for Men's Ribbed Union Suits.

Globe
OPEN SATURDAY NIGHT TILL 10.

YOUTH! YOUTH! YOUTH!

—The Best Part of a Woman's Life—Why Should It Vanish So Quickly?

Don't let your youth go! And above all, don't lose your youthful appearance through old-fashioned prejudice. Women who a few years ago scorned the use of face powders or cosmetics now depend on them to keep a youthful appearance. And this is equally true of the hair color restorer. Constantly more and more women are using Q-ban Hair Color Restorer to keep their hair dark and glossy and free from gray.

Q-ban is not a dye. This you can prove by trying it on your combings. Dyes stain them instantly. But Q-ban has no immediate effect. Q-ban is simply a delightful toilet requisite for restoring the natural color of the hair. Q-ban does not stain the scalp, wash or rub off or prevent washing or waving the hair. Easily applied by brushing or combing through the hair.

Sold by all good druggists everywhere on Money-Back Guarantee. Price 75c.—ADV.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment—Clear the Skin

Read in one of the automobiles offered in today's Post-Dispatch Want pages.

bers at 2 o'clock this morning. Two policemen a block away heard the explosion, but were unable to trace the source of the noise until a half hour later, when they found the rear door had been forced open. There was no money in the safe, but \$20 was taken from a counter drawer.

EXILE LEADS FINNISH FIGHTERS

STOCKHOLM, March 15 (By A. P.).—A number of men from America are playing an active part in the movements of the Finnish Red Guards. The Commander in Chief of the Red Guards is said to be a man named Weesley, who, with his father, fled from Finland to America 17 years ago to avoid imprisonment for circulating seditious literature. He was employed for several years as an engineer in an American automobile plant.

One of the Red Guard commanders, named Lektimaki, lived for a number of years in America. Kansas City (Kan.) Paper Bankrupt. TOPEKA, Kan., March 15 (By A. P.).—The Gazette Publishing and Printing Co., publishers of the Kansas City (Kan.) Gazette-Globe, have filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy. Liabilities are given as \$17,342.26, with assets totaling \$9950.70.

SIX MEN AND A WOMAN HELD IN CONNECTION WITH CAR THEFTS

Six men and a woman are held by city and county authorities following the seizure by detectives yesterday of merchandise valued at more than \$20,000, alleged to have been stolen from Missouri, Kansas & Texas cars and sheds in the North St. Louis yards within the last month.

Those held in St. Louis are Joseph Fisk, a garage owner, and his wife, Edith, of 5706 Bra avenue; William Seng, 8301 Hall's Ferry road, car inspector for the M. K. & T., and George Wilson of Sedalia, Mo., a switchman.

Prisoners at Clayton are Ode Burke of 1019 Sells avenue and William Glassman and his son, William Glassman Jr., proprietors of a general store in St. Louis County near the northern city limits.

Some of the merchandise was found at the Glassman store and some at Fisk's residence. It consists of 19 barrels and 41 cases of whiskey, 90 automobile tires, 500 pairs of shoes, a dismantled automobile and a quantity of automobile accessories.

Any Watch you want on credit, Lottis Bros & Co., 24 E. 3rd St. St. Louis.

MIXED UNITS OF ARMY ARE TO BE RULE IN FRANCE

Impossible to Keep Regulars, National Army and Guardsmen Intact, It Is Said.

3-LINE DEFENSE SYSTEM

Front Trench Replacements to Be Made as Needed From Any Available Troops.

WASHINGTON, March 15 (By A. P.).—The neighborhood character of National Army and National Guard units is certain to vanish as the war progresses. In the opinion of army officials, British and French forces already have undergone the process and it now is being felt by American front line divisions, as the direct result of the three-line systems of defense, held indispensable by Gen. Pershing and the allied chiefs to keep the front line at full fighting strength.

Plans projected by the general staff for erecting a replacement system to handle nearly a quarter of a million men this year, it is understood, are founded on acceptance of the fact that localization cannot be maintained.

Eventually it is believed that enlisted men of the regulars, National Army and National Guard, will be intermixed throughout all divisions at the front.

Congress for Localization. Congress expressed a decided preference for localization of the National Army in the selective service law, but many officers maintained insistently that it would be impossible to handle the army except as one unit. The facts promise to bear out that view and with the replacement of casualties, the welding of the expeditionary forces into one homogeneous unit already has begun.

In an opinion given last September, acting Judge Advocate-General Anzell sustained the legal right of the department to transfer officers and men among the Regulars, National Army and National Guard as found necessary. The selective service law gave only a suggestion of independence to the three branches of the service, he said.

"As legal adviser to the army, and as an officer thereof," he continued, "I discard, as the law permits me and military efficiency requires me to discard, the theory of separate and independent forces. Such a theory can be adhered to only with injury to fighting efficiency. Battles can hardly be won with forces which are regarded as heterogeneous, but only so because of customary conception of legal formality. Administration should proceed boldly along broad lines to sustain our fighting forces with unity of organization and unity of administration, as well as of purpose if we are to succeed against an enemy who has demonstrated his thoroughness in that field."

There is but one army of the United States, and every organization, bureau, office and man in the military service is a part of it."

Basis of Pershing's Plan. The six-division corps organization adopted by Gen. Pershing was devised to give a corps commander a two-division front to hold, backed up by two divisions on the second line and two divisions on the third line. At intervals, these divisions relieve each other, each serving its allotted time in each of the three lines. As casualties occur in front-line divisions men are drawn from second-line divisions and second-line divisions fill up immediately from third-line divisions. The casualties, given preliminary training in the United States and shipped over on a regular schedule, are fed into the third-line division and by the time they reach the front-line trenches they are ready for the battle, having received their finishing course at the hands of veterans as they moved up.

As an illustration of the effect of this process on the personnel of a particular regiment, a Missouri National Guard, or National Army, division might be in the front line. Behind it in the same corps might stand a New York division in the second line, and a far Western division in the third line, or either of these supporting divisions might be a regular unit composed of men from all parts of the United States. Gradually as its casualties and other replacements increased, the Missouri division would become filled with men from the other divisions, or when it was in reserve, would feed many of its original Missouri men into the division ahead of it. If they continued in the same relations long the three divisions would become composites of all three, with a steady flow of casualties, introduced from the United States at the third line, still further diluting their original neighborhood complexion.

Scheme of Replacements. Out of this situation has grown the plan to form separate replacement divisions in the United States, where the men of the service for which preliminary training, not the State from which the soldier comes, will be the factor governing mobilization. Infantrymen would all be trained at one camp, artillerymen at another, machine gunners at another, and so on. Men who had been under training six months would be available to assignment to replacement detachments bound abroad. Their places would be taken by new drafted men or by volunteers gathered through the recruiting service. That would extend the replacement system back

to the civilian population in orderly, workable fashion, it is argued. The task of feeding into a state unit only men from that state, officers declare, is impossible. They insist that localization has already interfered with the efficiency and added enormously to transportation and other problems. If it is to be carried on and applied to the expeditionary forces, 48 separate recruit depots, one for each state, would have to be set up on this side and 48 more in France, with no possibility of accomplishing any considerable degree of localization even then.

Files Cured in 6 to 14 Days. Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Instantly relieves Itching Piles, and you can get restful sleep after the first application. Price 50c.—ADV.

STOLEN MERCHANDISE FOUND

Shoes and Tobacco Valued at \$1000. Discovered in Vacant Lot. Shoes and tobacco found last night in a vacant lot near Hall street and the Terminal yards at Mackinack avenue, were identified as having been stolen from freight cars. The articles were valued at \$1000.

Burglars broke a window to get into the Jefferson School, Ninth and Wash streets. They stole tools from the manual training department and Red Cross collections amounting to \$10, representing donations from pupils. A telephone cash box was broken open and emptied. Dry goods valued at \$340 and \$160 in cash were stolen from the store of Harry Goldstein, 1011 North Vandeventer avenue.

FAVOR DAYLIGHT SAVING BILL

Chamber of Commerce Directors Indorse Measure Before Congress. The daylight saving bill, which has been passed by the United States Senate and has been favorably reported to the House of Representatives, was unanimously indorsed by the Board of Directors of the St. Louis Chamber of Commerce yesterday.

The bill provides that all clocks

In the United States shall be ahead one hour beginning the Sunday in March and ending the last Sunday in October.

BELL-ANS Absolutely Removes Indigestion. Druggists refund money if it fails. 25c

We Give Eagle Stamps. Open Saturday Until 7 P. M.
Sensenbrenner's
SIXTH AND ST. CHARLES

Men's \$5 Shoes

In a Great Saturday Sale

\$3.85

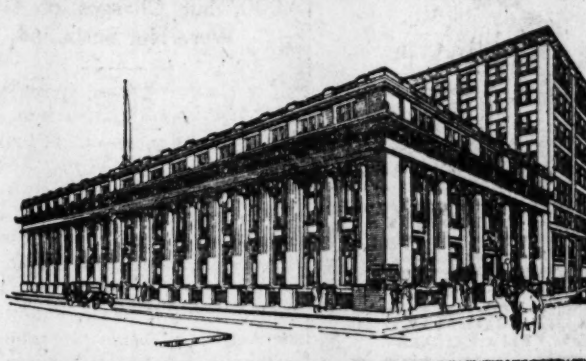


TAN CALF CORDOVAN

VICI KID GUNMETAL

Here's a wonderful saving chance in these days of high-priced footwear. Not a single pair of these Shoes is worth less than \$5; the Cordovan Shoes are worth \$6.

English, round toe, plain toe, freak and combination styles—button or lace. Every pair Goodyear welt sewed. All sizes and widths.



A Message—

to those who have savings accounts in the Mercantile Trust Company:

Have you made your savings deposit this week? What are you going to set aside to-day for adding to your account? The only way to be sure you'll have money when that investment or business opportunity comes is to save a little every day—to-day is included. It's the habit of saving small sums that makes rich men—not spasmodically saving once in a while.

Put into your Mercantile Savings Account all the unexpected sums you get. Put regularly into your savings account every pay-day a portion of your salary. Do this and you'll never miss it—it may mean wealth—it's sure to mean comfort.

You have a Mercantile savings account—you've made the start—then, if you haven't already done so, get the saving habit.

Our Savings Department is open Monday evenings until 6:30 o'clock.

MERCANTILE TRUST CO.
MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM
U.S. GOVERNMENT PROTECTION

EIGHTH & LOCUST STS.

Select Your Easter Suit Here

A Splendid Showing of the Newest Models

\$18 to \$50

Extreme care and attention has been given to the selection of Men's and Young Men's Clothes for this Spring and Summer season.

The increased cost of materials and labor have made it necessary for us to be more particular than ever about the quality of the moderate priced Suits and Topcoats, and we know that you will be agreeably surprised at the splendid values we offer.

The New Style Topcoats, \$15 to \$35

will surely please the particular dresser; the models are exceedingly smart and the best quality of materials are used in their making.

Knitted Golf Suits, \$20

New Spring models in Knitted Golf Suits are shown in great variety; close-fitting garments, yet elastic enough to give freely to every movement of your body.

Military Uniforms

Special attention is given to the correct fitting of Uniforms for Soldiers—and the prices are very attractive considering the quality of the materials.

Men's Extra Trousers at \$5 and \$6

Fine worsted materials in the very newest patterns, well tailored in the latest styles. You will find an extra pair of trousers just the thing for wear with an odd coat.

Men's Clothing Shop—Second Floor.

Modish Easter Suits

Exquisitely tailored and the most stylish shades. Suits for Street Wear. Suits for Sport Wear. Suits for Formal Occasions.

The Suit Coats are made with closely fitted shoulders, semi-fitted waist lines, ruffle flare peplums, white vests and other popular styles.

The Skirts are narrow. Some of the Suits with Eton Coats have tunic skirts.

\$24.75 to \$35.00

Individual Style Modes

Distinctive Suits that are the keynote of Paris fashions. Graceful designs, tailored of the very finest materials.

\$39.75 to \$97.50

Women's Suit Shop—Third Floor.

New Spring Frocks for Misses and Small Women

\$15 to \$65

CHARMING frocks of serge, tricot and wool jersey, tailored in the most fashionable modes. SILK Frocks of Foulard, Radium, Taffeta and Satin in various combinations of Georgette, Silk Gingham and Crepe de Chine.

Misses' Dress Shop—Third Floor.



Easter News for GIRLS

Stylish Suits, \$14.75 to \$49.50

Girls' Shoe-Top Suits in pretty Tailored and Dressy Models, for sizes 12 to 18 years, intermediate; the materials are Serge, Checks and Novelty effects.

Girlish Spring Coats, \$8.75 to \$60.00

Smart Coats for Girls in Wool, Poplin, Serges and Checks, in tailored and dressy models. All of the newest shades are represented; the sizes range from 6 to 16 years, intermediate.

Chic Street Dresses \$8.75 to \$43.75

Girls' pretty Dresses of Taffeta, Crepe de Chine, Jersey and Serge in most becoming styles; the sizes range from 6 to 16 years, intermediate.

Girls' Wash Dresses, \$1.75 to \$22.50

Wash Dresses of Gingham and Chambray, especially suitable for school wear; also Linens in individual style models; the sizes are 6 to 16 years, intermediate.

Girls' Shop—Third Floor.



\$3.50

\$5.00

Announcing New Spring Styles in Newark Shoes for Women and Misses

TOMORROW morning, hundreds of Newark Shoe Stores in the principal cities of the United States will display beautiful new Spring Styles for Women, in high and low shoes—at the reasonable—sensible prices \$3.50 and \$5.00.

All of Fashion's Latest Fancies now worn by smart women are shown. There is the dainty new Spot Pump in Rich Havana Brown; soft dull black kid; black patent leather; and white washable kid—the ultra-smart English last Oxford in black Gum Metal; also Rich Burgundy Tan; and the Grey Suede Lace Oxford with covered Louis heels.

Then there are the high top boots in Grey, Black, Havana Brown, and White washable kid, high and low heels. And the very newest two-tone combinations in Dark Russia Tan Vamps, Ivory kid tops; Battle Ship Grey Vamps, pearl grey tops; and the Havana Brown Vamps, field mouse tops.

Truly we have an assortment from which every woman can be instantly suited. And think of it, for \$3.50 and \$5.00 you may have these fine shoes that duplicate the most expensive models shown in Metropolitan Centers.

The two styles pictured above evidence the charm and beauty of Newark Shoes for Spring. Please accept this as our personal invitation to you to come tomorrow!

Newark Shoe Stores Co.

ST. LOUIS STORES:
706 Olive St. Republic Building 213 N. Sixth St. Bet. Pine and Olive
139 Collinville Av., Near Missouri Av., East St. Louis
OPEN TILL 10 O'CLOCK SATURDAY NIGHT.
When ordering by Mail include the Parcel Post Charge.

257 Stores in 97 Cities



Thrift Stamps and War Savings Certificates are on sale at Special Booth, First Floor.

Druggs - Vandervoort - Barney
Olive and Locust from Ninth to Tenth

Smileage Books Bring Smiles to Soldiers On sale at Booth, First Floor, and our Bank, Second Floor.



Mall
Made and fashion Dealers

Prufrock
Four Special for These extra strong with sliding shoes and 30 inches square Pay for room or entire

SAVE ON
Open a 9 A. S. BO. BROAD

Buy Your Easter Save \$
We are also fords, Pumps, mouse, mahogany, black. This Black \$

GOLDM
S. W. Cor. S

Important
EFFECTIVE S
Illinois

No. 20—Daylight Spec Chicago, Spring
No. 18—Diamond Spec Chicago
No. 524—To Springfield Present
No. 523—From Springfield Present
F. D. MILLER.

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Mallory Hats

Made and fashioned for American gentlemen.
Dealers everywhere are showing
New Spring Styles

Prufrock & Litton

Fourth and St. Charles

Special for Friday and Saturday

These extra strong "Queen's" Tables (patented), fitted with sliding shoes and pressed metal corner brackets, making them rigid and suitable for cards, luncheon and study tables. Real fiber tops, covered with a splendid grade of dark green imitation leather. Regular value, \$3.99; special, \$2.00.

Pay for room or entire outfits in 30, 60, 90 and 120 days

SAVE ON SATURDAY!

Open all day tomorrow
from
9 A. M. to 7 P. M.

3 1/2%
SAVINGS!

BOATMEN'S
BANK
BROADWAY AND OLIVE

Buy Your Easter Shoes Early and Save \$2.00 to \$3.00



This \$7.00
Black Kid Spot Pump
\$4.00

This Pump in
chocolate patent
leather—an \$8.00
value for—\$5.00

This stylish
chocolate Oxford
special at—\$6.00

We carry a Large Line of Children's and Boys' Shoes
GOLDMAN SHOE CO.
OPEN UNTIL 10 O'CLOCK SATURDAY NIGHTS
S. W. Cor. Sixth and Olive Sts.

Important Schedule Changes EFFECTIVE SUNDAY, MARCH 17TH.

Illinois Central

No. 20—Daylight Special—Will Leave St. Louis. 8:23 A. M.
Chicago, Springfield and Intermediate Stations
No. 18—Diamond Special—Will Leave St. Louis. 9:45 P. M.
Chicago-Springfield Night Train
No. 524—To Springfield and Intermediate Stations—Discontinued
Present Leaving Time, 7:25 A. M.
No. 523—From Springfield and Intermediate Stations—Discontinued
Present Arriving Time, 8:50 P. M.
F. D. MILLER, Division Passenger Agent

HELP RUSSIA TO SAVE HERSELF, SAYS BALFOUR

Country Must Have Time to Find Herself, and in the Interval Must Be Protected From Unscrupulous Enemy, British Foreign Secretary Declares.

Expresses Absolute Faith in Japan's Loyalty in Carrying Out Allied Desires if She Enters Siberia.

German Penetration Menace to Slavs and Must Be Checked, He Tells House of Commons.

LONDON, March 15 (By A. P.).—Debate on the question of Japanese intervention in Siberia in the House of Commons yesterday brought from Foreign Secretary Balfour the declaration that German penetration in Russia must be combated. The allied point of view was that they should help Russia in protecting herself against Germany. Although he did not think that Germany would send an army to Vladivostok, he said he had absolute faith in Japan's loyalty in carrying out any decision reached by the allies.

Discussing the situation in Russia, Balfour said: "If Russia had not been at war it would have taken many years to complete the beneficent course of the revolution. The opposite happened in Russia. The revolution came and all the old divisions between regions and creeds became marked and prominent."

Time a Necessary Factor. "It must inevitably take time before we see the end of that process and to know clearly how much of old Russia any ought to come to form a part of new Russia and how new Russia will be constituted. It is a very difficult process in time of peace and prosperity, but how can you carry it on in time of war, with a remorseless, persevering and quite unscrupulous enemy at the gate?"

"There will be classes, some from patriotic, others from selfish motives, ready to welcome anything promising a semblance of stability and order in the Government. When that time comes, I can imagine Germany trying to re-establish possibly the old form of autocratic government. We should then have Russia shorn of some of its fairest provinces and with a kind of autocracy far worse than the old autocracy, because it would lean upon a foreign Power for continued existence. If that came to pass, all our dreams of Russian development and Russian liberty would be gone and Russia would become a mere outpost of the Central Powers."

Allied Policy Misunderstood. "That is the real difficulty of dealing with the problems raised in this debate. Mr. Lees-Smith's speech is a strong attack on what he conceives as the Government's policy with regard to Japan and Siberia. It is entirely oblivious of the facts I have just brought before the House and is based on a profound misunderstanding of what any course being had ever thought, contrived or desired with regard to allied intervention, Japanese or other, in Russian affairs."

H. B. Lees-Smith, a Liberal, in questioning Balfour as to the British attitude, had declared that if Japan entered the Russian territory and occupied it at the mandate of the alliance, it followed with almost absolute certainty that this territory would not be returned.

"I cannot let this debate end," said Balfour in conclusion, "without repudiating to the full Mr. Lees-Smith's suggestion that the Japanese would be moved by selfish and dishonorable motives in any course which may be discussed in Japan, either among her statesmen or with the allies."

"Japan has behaved with perfect loyalty and if she gives promises with regard to Russian integrity or on any question connected with Russia, she would keep them as she has kept all promises made in connection with this war or any great public transactions with the United States and the allies. I draw no distinction in this matter between Japan and the allies who make up the great body of the belligerents on the Entente side."

"The decisions the allies may have to take will not be without difficulty, but the principle upon which those decisions may be arrived will be neither ungenerous, unfair nor hostile to Russia and the Russian revolution. Our object is to see Russia strong, intact, secure and free, and if these objects can be obtained then, and then only, will the Russian revolution bring forth all the fruits its best friends desire to see."

H. B. Lees-Smith, Liberal for Northampton, asked Balfour whether he could give the House any information regarding the rumors as Russia and what was the attitude of Great Britain on this subject. Lord

Robert Cecil, he said, had made a statement of a startling character and most unfortunate at the present time. There was not the slightest evidence, he declared, that a large number of German prisoners in Siberia had been armed and that a German General was on the way to organize them. There was no evidence that Germany was going to play into the allies' hands and dissipate her forces by a mad expedition into Siberia. If the allies occupied Russia's eastern provinces, they could not at the peace conference be able to raise their voice on behalf

Continued on Next Page.

Getting Too Fat? Try This—Reduce

People who don't grow too fat are the fortunate exception. But if you find the fat accumulating or already cumbersome, you will be wise to follow this suggestion, which is endorsed by thousands of people who know: Ask your druggist for Marmola's Prescription Tablets. 75c is the price the world over. By doing this you will be safe from harmful drugs and be able to reduce two, three or four pounds a week without dieting or exercise.—ADV.

For Wheatless Wednesday

Sunshine Oats-a Crackers

Made largely from Oats

BAKED ONLY BY LOOSE-WILES BISCUIT COMPANY

Store Open Saturday Till 6 P. M.

2 O'Clock Special
19c Hose

Saturday we will place on sale 300 dozen 19c hose for men, women and children, that are cheap at 19c. For one hour only.

Boys' \$5.50 Suits

\$3.95

You will profit by buying your boys' suits here Saturday. We have 100 suits at \$5.50 to \$10.00. In every department we have the latest styles in new-made garments in new styles, each one of them. Other suits at \$4.85.

\$7.50 to \$10.00 Two-Pants Suits

Trench or plain Norfolk models, lined pants; colors brown, gray and green mixtures; good, serviceable all-wool, cassimere, chevrons and Scotch mixtures. Special at \$5.95, \$6.50, \$7.98, \$8.50

ST. LOUIS BARGAIN CENTER
Penny and Gentles
BROADWAY & MORGAN ST.

45c Muslin Drawers 33c

Buy Your Easter Outfit at Easter Prices

SPRING SUITS

\$30.00 Values at \$19.75

342 smart and snappy late Spring style Suits purchased especially for this Easter Opening Sale. The values are remarkable—each suit shows careful workmanship. They are made of fine wool poplin, gabardine, delhi, mannish serge and silk faille. Come in every new shade; sizes for misses and women.

Women's \$10 to \$19.75 Spring Coats

Stunning new Coats, fashioned in the very latest effects; 40 different models to select from, in big range of cloths and all shades.

\$10.00 Values	\$13.98 Values	\$15.00 Values	\$16.98 Values	\$19.75 Values
\$7.98	\$9.98	\$10.98	\$12.98	\$15.00

\$15 New Silk Dresses \$9.95

Charming New Silk Dresses, showing the very latest models. They are fashioned of silk crepe de chine and taffeta silk, in pretty color range.

SPRING OPENING Sale of Millinery

All the correct Spring styles, as designed by the leading designers of Paris and New York. Complete and large assortments. Splendid service and substantial savings.

THESE BIG SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY

Beautifully Trimmed HATS

Hats you won't see on "every other woman." 500 styles for selection. Hats of Jabs, Min and Piping straw, trimmed in smart effects with Cere ribbons, lacquered Wings, Quills, Flowers, burnt ostrich and other ideas. Every imaginable chic and classy shape is represented. Black and newest colors. Carefully and neatly made. Spring Opening Sale Prices, Saturday.

\$2.95 & \$4.95

Copies of Paris Trimmed Hats

Of finest quality Milan, Lisere and Milan Hemp. You will be surprised at the very high quality and class of these Hats. The values are remarkable. Spring Opening Sale Prices: \$6.50, \$8.50, \$10.00

Flowers 49c
Fancies 79c
Remarkable Values in Untrimmed Hats 98c
Children's Hats 98c & \$1.98
Hats Trimmed Free

Quills 49c
Wings 98c
Banded Hats \$1.95
Matrons' Hats \$3.95

Gloves
Women's \$2.00 Suede Gloves; one strap, with two-tone embroidered stitching in tan and gray; pair \$1.39
Women's \$2 Real Kid Gloves; plique or overseas sewn, with contrasting stitching; white only; sizes 6 to 7 1/2 \$1.50
\$1.50 Silk Gloves, with white or colored ribbons; white only; sizes 6 to 7 1/2 \$1.00
\$1 Milanese Gloves, with Paris point stitching; black only \$59c

Boys' \$3.50 Welt Sewn English Shoes, \$2.45

Women's \$4 and \$4.50 High and Low Shoes. Saturday we offer Women's High and Low Shoes at less than factory cost; patent, dull, and kid leathers; newest heels and toes; all sizes. \$2.95

Boys' and Girls' Shoes
Girls' \$2.50 Patent and Dull Button Shoes; sizes 1 1/2 to 2, \$1.95; sizes 2 1/2 to 3, \$1.89
Girls' \$2 and \$2.25 White Canvas English Lace Shoes; sizes 1 1/2 to 2, \$1.60; sizes 2 1/2 to 3, \$1.49
Boys' Durable Calfein Button Shoes; sizes 1 to 5 1/2, \$1.98; sizes 6 to 7, \$1.89
Boys' \$2 Button and Lace Shoes; sizes 2 1/2 to 5 1/2, \$1.59; sizes 6 to 7, \$1.39

35c to 49c Ribbons
Yard 25c

\$1 and \$1.25 Silk Poplins 89c

Men's \$3 to \$5 Silk Shirts

In Two \$1.98 and \$2.98 Lots

Lucky purchase of Men's high-grade Silk Shirts, enables us to offer them at these prices.

\$1.25 Dress Shirts, 89c
75c Silk Hose
Men's \$2 Shirts
Men's \$1.25 Union Suits

R. & G. and Thomson's Corsets \$1.00

C. H. & S. 65c Brassieres 48c

50c Brassieres 38c
Corset Covers 25c

Girls' \$5 to \$8 Coats

In Three Groups at

\$5.00 Values	\$6.98 Values	\$8.00 Values
\$3.98	\$5.00	\$5.98

Boys' \$3.50 and \$4 Welted Shoes, \$2.95 & \$2.45

Men's \$3.50 and \$4 Welted Shoes, \$2.95 & \$2.45

1500 pairs of Men's Goodyear Welt-sewn Shoes, in button and lace; medium high and English toes; all sizes, at \$2.95 and \$2.45

Black Polished Ribbons
Yard 49c

\$1.95 Navy Blue Serge \$1.39

Jamerson Clothes Shops
ST. LOUIS
Boston, Philadelphia, Kansas City, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Indianapolis

100% Clothes Value at the JAMERSON Clothes Shop

That's our ideal—to cut all unnecessary expense, giving YOU the greatest possible clothes value for every cent you expend here. That's why we offer high-grade, stylish, carefully tailored

Suits & Topcoats for

\$17

Worth much more!

Here's our method:

We operate without unnecessary expense. No high, first-floor rents—no free deliveries—no charge accounts or bad debts—no reduction sales; means money saved and YOU

"Save the Difference"

We have added a fine line of choice goods at a higher price to satisfy the demands of a large number of customers. The same big savings on these, too.

Jamerson Clothes Shops
Second Floor
Carleton Bldg., 6th and Olive

Take Elevator
Save \$3 to \$8

Open Saturday Till 8 P. M.

PLUTO WATER
For chronic constipation and indigestion, heart, biliousness, kidney diseases and rheumatic troubles.

PLUTO America's Photo brings gentle but sure relief. Flush the digestive tract periodically with this incomparable saline laxative and protect your health. Bottled at French Lick Springs, Indiana. Laxative bottle 35c; smaller bottle 15c. Look for the Little Red Devil of health on every bottle. Your Physician Prescribes It (122)

PLUTO WATER
CONCENTRATED SALT WATER
This Boy's Father Says:

"I have been giving Father John's Medicine to my two boys, 6 and 8 years old, all winter, and it saved me many a doctor's bill. They do not catch cold and they eat and sleep well." (Signed) J. A. M. Conway, 501 River Ave., Providence, R. I. Safe in the spring for all the family. All pure nourishment. No dangerous drugs. Father John's Medicine builds new tissue.—ADV.

Delay on Chicago-St. Louis Road.
SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 15 (By A. P.).—Because of war conditions, construction of the proposed Chicago-St. Louis Federal airline road will be undertaken only as far as Joliet at present, it was determined by the

Highway Department Advisory Board yesterday. This, it was said, will be for the purpose of connecting the Joliet manufacturing zone, which runs eastward to Gary, Ind., with Chicago by motor transport.

All Shipbuilders Won't Be Called.
WASHINGTON, March 15 (By A. P.).—Men who volunteered for ship-

building will not be called in any large numbers for some time, the Department of Labor announced today. The men called will be chiefly from the unemployed unless they are skilled mechanics. The public service reserve now has 200,000 men enrolled.

GENERAL STRIKE IN KANSAS CITY VOTED BY UNIONS

Walkout March 25 in Sympathy
With Laundry Workers De-
cided On at Meeting.

HAVE BEEN SHOOTINGS

Special Policemen in Wagons
Since Action Month Ago—Em-
ployers Refuse to Arbitrate.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 15 (By A. P.).—Six hundred delegates, representing more than half of the 120 local unions in Kansas City, voted early today to call a general strike of all labor unions in the city Monday, March 25, in sympathy with the strike of union laundry workers which has been in progress for several weeks.

Only 16 votes were cast against the resolution.

According to labor leaders, the sympathy strike will affect practically every branch of organized labor in the city. It was declared that the strike resolution was signed by delegates representing almost 20,000 organized workers.

The two classes of labor not affected by the resolution are employees of hospitals and the city water works. A modifying clause with regard to the water works was made, however, providing for a period of exemption lasting only 48 hours following the morning of March 25, after which period, if no reconciliation is reached, a walkout there also will be called.

Laundry drivers and inside workers a month ago presented demands for wage increases, improvement of working conditions, and recognition of a newly formed union. All demands were refused by the Kansas City Laundry Owners' Association and a strike followed. Two days later laundries announced a new wage schedule for women workers with a \$9 a week minimum. The minimum previously had been \$5.50.

Investigation, with three public hearings, by the women's committee of the National Defense Council, and inspection of laundries by this committee and an aldermanic committee, resulted in a report placing the blame for the trouble on the laundries. Federal mediation failed, the laundries having twice refused arbitration proposals.

Special policemen obtained by the local employers' association and commissioned by the city and paid by the laundries were placed in wagons. Clashes of striking men and women with wagon drivers and guards resulted in injuries to several women strikers. William Weaver, a laundry wagon guard, was shot by three men Wednesday while the driver was making a delivery at a residence.

There has been no big movement here to organize hitherto unorganized crafts. Both labor unions and the employers' association evidently regard the situation as a crucial test. "Nothing to arbitrate," the laundry owners have stated. The owners rejected proposals of the Women's National Defense Council Committee and the aldermanic committee to take back all employees without any recognition, but without prejudice or discrimination.

2 CHINESE LAUNDRYMEN ROBBED
Lee Kee Loses \$149 and Quong Hop \$5 in Holdups.

Two Chinese laundrymen were the victims of robbers last night. Lee Kee of 1412 North Garrison avenue was robbed of \$149 by two men who entered his laundry at 9 p. m. Quong Hop of 3446 Easton avenue encountered a robber in his laundry when he returned from a butcher shop at 6 p. m. The visitor asked for a package of laundry and when Hop asked him for a ticket he drew a revolver. Hop threw up his hands and the robber took \$5 from the cash drawer.

Peter John, proprietor of a saloon at 2200 Carr street, was held up by a man who covered him with a revolver and took \$4.85 from the cash drawer.

Special Choice of White
Onion sets, 35c a qt. Grimm & Gorly.
—ADV.

**HELP RUSSIA TO
SAVE HERSELF, IS
BALFOUR'S PLEA**
Continued From Preceding Page.

of the world for Lithuania or Rumania.

Says Russians Would Resist.
He dwelt upon the fact that President Wilson was the only allied statesman to send a message to the Moscow conference, and declared that the avowed policy and language of President Wilson were quite at variance with those of Lord Robert Cecil, which contemplated a policy which would mean that Japan would have to make war on the soviet government of Russia, because if she entered Russia she would be resisted by the Russian soviet troops. If Japan entered Russian territory, seized and occupied it at the mandate of the alliance, it followed with almost absolute certainty that this territory would not be returned.

Asked by a member "Why not?" Lees-Smith replied: "Did Japan return Korea?"

Lees-Smith hoped that Great Britain would follow the line of policy laid down by President Wilson. If she did not, but gave way to the desires of Japan, she would not be acting for her own best interests, for Russia, notwithstanding what had happened, would remain a great country, and when she revived, dem-

ocratic and stronger. Great Britain would be glad to have her as a friend.

Vladivostok Menace Insignificant.
Alexander M. Scott, Liberal, Glasgow, contended that the danger to the stores at Vladivostok was insignificant in comparison with the menace with which the whole allied campaign and strategy in the East were threatened.

If there was the slightest foundation for Lees-Smith's contention that whenever foreign troops invade a country they inevitably stay there and annexation result, said the Foreign Secretary, it was a very bad outlook for Northern France.

"If Russia has destroyed every in-

strument of self-protection she once possessed, why cannot the allies supply what she now lacks?" asked Balfour. "It would not be done to satisfy greed, but because the allies believe Germany is really penetrating through the whole of that vast empire, not by vast armies travelling from east to the west, but by methods perfectly well known to Germany."

Desire of Allies Is to Help.
"That is the allies' point of view, and I ask the House to consider the question from the Russian viewpoint. Russia is a country of surprises, and it is impossible to predict her future. But the thing most to be feared for Russia is that it is Germany's inter-

est to foster and promote disorder. It has been Germany's game that other countries should be weak, and she knows that there is no better way than in making them divided. What would be the result of this disorder and division? Men will at last look round and say to themselves: 'This condition is intolerable and makes life impossible. Something must be done, good or bad, to terminate the chaos.'"

Balfour said he was unable to see how, without external help, Russia was going to resist this German advance, adding:

"Therefore the question we have to ask ourselves was, could any of the allies go to Russia in her extraordinary need with that help and sympathy she sorely stood in need of. The allies and sympathy the allies desired to give was not invasion and plunder. What America, Great Britain, France and Japan desire to give at the present moment is help—help to Russia through the great crisis in her destiny."

SANDPERL'S
Spring Clothes for
Gentlemen at

\$20

"ENOUGH SAID"
COME UP—SAVE MONEY

SANDPERL'S
"Better Clothes"

S. E. Corner Seventh and Olive
Entrance 224 N. Seventh St.
No Charge for Alteration or
Delivery.
OPEN SATURDAY EVE. 9 P. M.
Second Floor.

Vigorous Children

It is easy enough to tell whether your children are red-blooded or not. For you can't hide red blood—or the lack of it.

If it is there, you see it plainly mirrored in your little one's rosy cheeks, merry eyes, love of romping and playing, leadership in childhood games and studies. If it is not there, then your children are only ghosts of children—pale, hollow-eyed, stoop-shouldered, hating play, hating study—robbed of lively interest in life. Such a child can be helped by natural methods of living and Gude's Pepto-Mangan.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan
"The Red Blood Builder"

Gude's Pepto-Mangan feeds the red blood cells with just the elements they need—adding to their number, increasing their power to carry nourishment and life-giving oxygen to every cell and tissue of the little body. Gude's Pepto-Mangan is exceedingly pleasant to taste, and easily digested.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan is prescribed and recommended by physicians as a general blood tonic and appetizer for all weak, anemic children, nervous, overworked adults, invalids, and convalescents.

Friendly Warning: There are many imitations of Pepto-Mangan on the market, but you can be sure of getting the genuine if it bears the name "Gude" and is put up in the bottle and sealed package as pictured here. Ask for it by its full name, Gude's Pepto-Mangan. For sale at all drug stores.

Pepto-Mangan is made only by
M. J. BREITENBACH CO., New York
Manufacturing Chemists

The Aeolian
Vocation

THE phonograph of matchless tone and the only phonograph giving you the privilege of perfect tone control. Before you buy any phonograph be sure to hear the Vocation.

THE AEOLIAN CO.
1004 OLIVE STREET

Your Savings
deposited in the
Third National Bank
insured
National Bank Protection
Open your Savings Account
to-day with \$1.00 or more -

BROADWAY & OLIVE

Take Your Choice
25¢
DOWN

RINGS
EAR-RINGS
WATCHES
SCARF-PINS

Join the
McCoy-Weber
Thrift Club

Men and women who have often desired a Diamond or a Watch, and who thought that they could not afford one, can now be the proud owners of beautiful Diamond Rings and dependable Watches for the few pennies each week that they formerly "threw away." 50c or 75c each week may seem nothing, but if invested in the McCoy-Weber Thrift Saving Plan you will soon own a profitable, permanent investment. Join this Thrift Club Now.

25¢
Down
Is All You Need to Pay to
Wear-a-25¢-Diamond!!

How easy it is to own one of these sparkling \$25 DIAMONDS—all you have to do is to make a payment of 25¢ down and the balance at the rate of 50¢ a week—for Thrift Club members!

PAY 25¢ SATURDAY!
**START TO SAVE-A-
DIAMOND**

50¢
To Wear a \$37.50 Diamond

Simply by paying 50¢ and the balance 75¢ a week. Thrift Club members can own a beautiful \$37.50 Diamond. Just imagine how easy it is—make up your mind to come here and select your Diamond RIGHT NOW.

PAY 50¢! START TO SAVE-A-DIAMOND

OPEN SATURDAY UNTIL 9:30

MCCOY-WEBER
2ND FLOOR
ORIEL BLDG. 6TH & LOCUST

**YOUR MONEY
REFUNDED IF
YOU CAN BUY
CHEAPER
FOR CASH!**

2 CHINESE LAUNDRYMEN ROBBED
Lee Kee Loses \$149 and Quong Hop \$5 in Holdups.

Two Chinese laundrymen were the victims of robbers last night. Lee Kee of 1412 North Garrison avenue was robbed of \$149 by two men who entered his laundry at 9 p. m. Quong Hop of 3446 Easton avenue encountered a robber in his laundry when he returned from a butcher shop at 6 p. m. The visitor asked for a package of laundry and when Hop asked him for a ticket he drew a revolver. Hop threw up his hands and the robber took \$5 from the cash drawer.

Peter John, proprietor of a saloon at 2200 Carr street, was held up by a man who covered him with a revolver and took \$4.85 from the cash drawer.

Special Choice of White
Onion sets, 35c a qt. Grimm & Gorly.
—ADV.

**HELP RUSSIA TO
SAVE HERSELF, IS
BALFOUR'S PLEA**
Continued From Preceding Page.

of the world for Lithuania or Rumania.

Says Russians Would Resist.
He dwelt upon the fact that President Wilson was the only allied statesman to send a message to the Moscow conference, and declared that the avowed policy and language of President Wilson were quite at variance with those of Lord Robert Cecil, which contemplated a policy which would mean that Japan would have to make war on the soviet government of Russia, because if she entered Russia she would be resisted by the Russian soviet troops. If Japan entered Russian territory, seized and occupied it at the mandate of the alliance, it followed with almost absolute certainty that this territory would not be returned.

Asked by a member "Why not?" Lees-Smith replied: "Did Japan return Korea?"

Lees-Smith hoped that Great Britain would follow the line of policy laid down by President Wilson. If she did not, but gave way to the desires of Japan, she would not be acting for her own best interests, for Russia, notwithstanding what had happened, would remain a great country, and when she revived, dem-

**How are you fixed
for Easter**

**WEAR NEW SPRING CLOTHES
ONE DOLLAR DOWN
ONE DOLLAR A WEEK**

Our credit system will prove of great assistance to every man and woman. In the face of the prevailing high prices our weekly payment plan comes to your aid like a long lost friend ready to offer you financial help. One Dollar a week will dress you in the best of Spring clothing.

MEN'S NEW SPRING SUITS
Snappy styles for young men—conservative styles for matured men. All the latest effects in Spring patterns. Single and double-breasted suits.

\$20 TO \$37.50

Women's and Misses' Suits
Stunning styles with separate vests, flare and ripple back. Polart, twill, serge and gabardine, in all the newest shades.

\$22.50 TO \$40

SPRING COATS—WOMEN AND MISSES
In all the newest fabrics and styles.

\$11.90 TO \$25

**Silk and Serge
Dresses**
Smart Spring styles—neatly made and trimmed in all colors.

\$7.90 TO \$25

Spring Skirts
Fashion's latest offering in Spring skirts. Silk, serge and gabardine; plain colors and plaids.

\$4.95 TO \$15

**U.S. CREDIT
CLOTHING CO.**

706 NORTH BROADWAY

Garland's
Saturday Event:
A Sale of
Easter Suits
Values Ranging From \$20.00 to \$35.00
In Three Sale Groups

\$14.80
For Suits worth
up to \$22.50

\$19.80
For Suits worth
up to \$27.50

\$27.80 for Suits worth up to \$35.00.

Wonderful Suits, in style, quality and tailoring. Dark and light shades; tailored and braid trimmed models, developed in the materials of fashion and popularity.

Spring Coats
Values Ranging From \$20.00 to \$35.00
Also in Three Sale Groups

\$15
For Coats worth
up to \$22.75

\$20
For Coats worth
up to \$26.75

\$25.00 for Coats worth up to \$35.00.

Sport Coats, Travel Coats, Street and Motor Coats. Dark and light shades and the bright high colors of peacock green, Shannon rose, King's blue, cantaloupe, etc. Belts, wide collars, novel pockets, harness stitching are features of distinction. Some are full silk lined, others half lined. Sizes for misses and women.

THOMAS W. GARLAND
409-11 43 Broadway

For Boys **For Girls**

Swoope's
Orthopedic Shoes
for Children

**Now in Readiness—
Spring Styles in the Celebrated
Orthopedic Shoes**

For School and Play

And the new models embody the special Orthopedic construction, assuring thorough comfort and room for normal foot growth.

Children's Socks, 25c and 35c
Plain white, tan and black, as well as fancy top styles.

Swoope
Shoe Co.
OLIVE AT 10th ST.

\$694,351,200 MORE FOR W

Britain Announces Result of Rec Bond Campaign.

LONDON, March 15 (By A. P.).—Andrew Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer, has announced the special effort last week to the national war bonds throughout the country had resulted in subscription totaling \$127,870,240 (\$639,351,200).

MAUREP
and **PURE**
1402 Market St.

U. S. Food Administration
License No. G-97733

OUR EASTER HAMS
AND BACON TOO
WILL MAKE A
PLEASANT MEAL
FOR YOU

EAST

Fresh Calif. PORK SHOULDER, lb., 25¢
FRESH SPAREBONES, lb., 15¢
FRESH NECK BONES, lb., 15¢
YACON, BY 1/2 SIDE, lb., 35¢
CHOICE SIRLOIN STEAK, lb., 25¢
CHOICE FLANK STEAK, lb., 25¢
PLATE CORN BEEF, lb., 15¢
DRIED SALT JOWLS, lb., 25¢
BEST HAMS, lb., 35¢
CHUCK ROAST, lb., 15¢
RIB or LOIN PORK ROAST, lb., 25¢
WIENERS or FRANKS, lb., 25¢

BOYS' SPRING PANTS

\$2.00 Pants at \$1.35
\$2.50 Pants at \$1.65
\$3.00 Pants at \$2.35
\$4.00 Pants at \$3.00
\$5.00 Pants at \$3.85
\$7.00 Pants at \$4.85

BOYS' \$5 Suits
Strong, durable casimere suits in both light and dark gray mixtures—stylish trench or plaid back models for boys 4 to 11—Saturday at...

Boys' \$7 Suits
Hundreds of splendid casimere suits for boys 4 to 11 made in the latest style of pretty dainty novelty mixtures—Saturday at...

Boys' \$8 Suits
Exceptional value in both 1 and 2 Panty Suits—all the new models in the latest style of pretty dainty novelty mixtures—Saturday at...

Boys' \$10 Suits
Classy suits for boys 10 to 12 years—carefully tailored in a manner that bore appropriate sweet tailors and colors—Saturday at...

Boys' \$15 Suits
Finest quality wool casimere suits for boys 12 to 14—carefully tailored in a manner that bore appropriate sweet tailors and colors—Saturday at...

**Mail
Orders
Filled.**

Northwest

\$351,200 MORE FOR WAR
 Indiana Announces Result of Recent Bond Campaign.
 LONDON, March 15 (By A. P.).—Andrew Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer, has announced that the special effort last week to sell the national war bonds throughout the country had resulted in subscriptions totaling \$127,870,240 (\$639,351,200).

To this sum, he said, must be added \$14,500,000 of the Postoffice issue and \$10,500,000 in war savings certificates, making a grand total of \$351,200 subscribed for the prosecution of the war.

THAT PARAMOUNT CIGAR
 Have you seen the mysterious smoker in Scruggs' Olive street cigar window?—ADY.

FORMER U. S. AGENT ARRESTED
 Had Been Ordered to Close Consular Office at Matanzas, Cuba.
 HAVANA, March 14 (By A. P.).—Alfred Heydrich, former American consular agent at Matanzas, was arrested in Matanzas yesterday and is being brought to Havana in custody of Capt. Curtis of the Cuban army.

The American Government in March of last year ordered the office of the consular agent at Matanzas closed. Alfred Heydrich was born in New York in 1863 and was naturalized in Cuba in 1903. He attended the public schools in Germany. He was president and manager of the Matanzas water works company in 1903 and was appointed American consular agent at Matanzas in July, 1905.

Face Wrinkled? Complexion Sallow?
 Then Why Not Treat Your Skin as Beautiful French Women Do?
 Science has discovered that faded, mottled, aged-looking complexions can be virtually renewed and made surprisingly beautiful by means of the following recipe: Merely wash your face with water and rub in a teaspoonful of Creme Toilette Rosatée; wipe the face and apply Foudre Fascination; very fine complexion powder prepared specially for shiny nose and bad complexion. If your face is badly wrinkled, get a box of Jandel Dry Goods Co. French actresses preserve the rare beauty of their complexions and it is you who want to be like them. The articles mentioned above are supplied in this city by Jandel Dry Goods Co., 400 N. 3rd St., and by Jandel & Co., 400 N. 3rd St., and by Jandel & Co., 400 N. 3rd St.

GERMANY PLANS TO STARVE NEUTRALS, TRADE BOARD SAYS
 Hopes to Reduce North European Nations to Dependence Upon Teutons, It Is Declared.

FOOD SHIPS ARE SUNK
 Vessels Destroyed Outside War Zone With Impunity, Statement Says.

WASHINGTON, March 15 (By A. P.).—Germany's latest campaign of ruthlessness against neutral shipping is attributed by the War Trade Board in a statement to a deliberate plan for cutting off the north European nations from American and allied food supplies and thereby reducing them through starvation to political and economic dependence upon the Teutonic war lord.

While the board makes no reference to the determination of the United States and Great Britain just disclosed to take over Dutch ships in American and allied ports unless the Netherlands Government accepts a pending economic agreement, its statement throws interesting light upon the situation which led to this decision. The hope is expressed that the neutrals will contrast the respective attitudes of the United States and Germany toward the problem of feeding them.

Text of Statement.
 "Germany's war leaders are using the submarine war weapon to prevent fulfillment of American agreements to feed and relieve European neutrals. A mass of cumulative evidence and indications in the possession of the War Trade Board show that Germany is employing the submarine menace to prevent neighbor neutrals receiving any food or favors at the hands of the United States and its associates in the war and to coerce these neutrals through starvation into political and economic dependence upon Germany quite as much as to strike at the communications of its opponents—Germany's ostensible aim in proclaiming the ruthless submarine campaign.

"Further indications tend to show that the submarines are being used along similar dog-in-the-manger lines to destroy neutral shipping without regard to its employment in order to weaken prospective neutral competitors after the war and to drag down neutral tonnage as far as possible toward a position of equality (or inferiority) with the German mercantile marine, which has lost between 40 and 50 per cent of its ocean tonnage so that the neutral trader may be equally as badly off as his German rival for tonnage in the after-the-war raid for commerce.

"No other interpretation can be placed, for example, upon the repeated instances of destruction of neutral Danish ships on voyages between Iceland and the Danish mother country entirely outside of the war zone nor upon the multitudinous 'mistakes' whereby Dutch and other neutral ships clinging to the precarious narrow way left open through the prohibited zone and torpedoed outside the zone by U-boat commanders, whose word that the vessels were within the zone is later accepted unquestioned by the German prize courts. Prominent ship owners in Scandinavia, however, have stated their belief that many sinkings were inspired only by the intention to get rid of neutral tonnage so as to increase the relative value of German shipping available at the end of the war. Examinations of the captains of torpedoed ships bear out this belief, the testimony repeatedly showing that vessels were attacked far outside the zone.

Intentions of Germany.
 "The intent of the Germans to prevent neutrals receiving food and supplies under relief agreements concluded with the United States is illustrated by the German policy of placing upon the temporary modus vivendi, with Holland, providing for the provisioning of that country. Two food ships loaded with supplies for The Netherlands, along with 11 Belgian relief ships, have been warned in American ports for weeks unable to sail because of the refusal of Germany to permit an equivalent amount of tonnage to leave Dutch harbors, the obvious plan of the German authorities being to gather all Dutch ships into home harbors and then prevent any of them sailing by threats to torpedo any vessel leaving Holland waters. To relieve the food situation in Holland the War Trade Board has finally authorized the trans-shipment of the food in question from the two Dutch steamers to the Holland liner Nieuw Amsterdam, which is sailing shortly.

"The present campaign of threats and intimidation against the Scandinavian neutrals now carried on in the semi-official North German Gazette and other organs of the German press is obviously intended to frighten the Northern neutrals from completing arrangements which benefit the neutrals, quite as much as the United States and its associates.

New Bishop of Lincoln Diocese.
 BAKER, Ore., March 15 (By A. P.).—Rt. Rev. Charles J. O'Reilly, Bishop of the Catholic diocese of Eastern Oregon since 1906, has been

appointed by Archbishop Bonzano at Washington, D. C., Bishop of the Lincoln (Nebr.) diocese, to succeed the Rt. Rev. J. H. Thien, who goes to the Denver diocese.

ROSENBACH SHOES
 17 STORES
 Mermod-Jaccard Building
 Fourth Floor

That "College Flat" Oxford "Miss Toronto" \$3.85

The "College Flat" last, with the high arch, giving the comfort of a low heel, with the fitting qualities and high arch support of the high heel, was the early Spring hit in a high shoe. And now you've the Oxford.

Canadian girls have been wearing 'em all Winter—and they're all the rage in Boston and Chicago. We guessed right—bought thousands before other dealers waked up, and here they are—while they last—at \$3.85. We've your choice of tan or white—quite the richest Oxford you'll have met this year.

White has wing tip. Tan has wing tip. English heels. Welt soles.

And, of course, our "Black Beauty" Patent \$3.85 Oxford, five eyelet, with Louis heel.

"The Britisher"—Men's

It's a gunmetal boot with those long lean thoroughbred lines—found on the seven-dollar boot. And, say—men—the leather.

\$3.85

We could sell you the same shoe for \$6, and you'd say "A good buy." Comes in dark brown calf also, at \$4.85.

Goodyear welt soles, of genuine leather. Invisible eyelets.

MAURER'S MARKET and PURE FOOD GROCERY
 1402 Market St. and 1525 Market St.
 U. S. Food Administration License No. G-07133. TWO STORES FREE-EAGLE STAMPS WITH ALL PURCHASES

OUR EASTER HAMS AND BACON TOO WILL MAKE A PLEASANT MEAL FOR YOU

EASTER
 Fresh Calf, PORK SHOULDERS, lb., 22c
 FRESH SPARERIBS, lb., 19c
 FRESH NECK BONES, lb., 7c
 BACON, BY 1/2 SIDE, lb., 33c
 CHOICE SIRLOIN STEAK, lb., 25c
 CHOICE FLANK STEAK, lb., 23c
 PLATE CORN BEEF, lb., 15c
 DUTY SALT JOWLS, lb., 24c
 BEEF HAM, lb., 32c
 COUNTRY ROAST, lb., 17c
 RIB or LOIN PORK ROAST, lb., 26c
 WIENERS or FRANKS, lb., 20c

FREE-EAGLE STAMPS WITH 1 POUND 70c ONLY 1 TO A CUSTOMER
Sweet Corn, can., 10c
 PORK and BEANS, large can, 2 for 25c
 CHILE CON CARNE 5c
 Not More Than 2 to Customer
 NAVY BEANS, 2 lbs., 25c
 ROXANE PANCAKE FLOUR 10c
 1/2-pound package
 CATSUP, 10-oz. bottle, 2 for 25c
 CRISCO, lb., 28c
 PET or WILSON MILK, 1/2 can, 2 for 25c
 FIT-FOR-KING COFFEE, lb., 25c
 FIT-FOR-KING BAKING POWDER, 25c
 53-oz Eagle Brand Condensed Milk, 25c
 6 bars Pure White Laundry Soap, 25c
 ARGO STARCH, PKG., 6c
 SODA CRACKERS, 2 lbs., 25c

GIGANTIC SALE OF EASTER SUITS FOR MEN AND YOUNG MEN
 THE contractors disappointed us! Although they are not alone to blame, the fact remains that our mammoth new addition is not ready for us. Hundreds of feet of selling space, which we had confidently counted on when we purchased our gigantic stocks of Spring Clothing, is still denied us! In spite of the fact that every table, every counter and every rack is already piled high with crisp new Spring Merchandise, case after case is still crowding in on us! AND WE'VE NO PLACE TO PUT THEM! No matter what their actual value, no matter what these same garments are selling for in other stores, there is but one course open to us. THEY MUST BE MOVED! AND MOVED QUICK!! Rock bottom prices alone could turn the trick, so we used that remedy!!

\$14.00 EASTER SUITS
 A wonderful assortment of strong sturdy nice suits that will instantly appeal to every man and young man who desire durable fabrics, smart patterns and neat styles at an economical price. Take your choice Saturday at.....

\$20.00 EASTER SUITS
 Men—Here is one big group of stylish suits that you must really see to appreciate—words alone cannot possibly tell you of the many little distinctive style features that these splendid suits embody—no one in St. Louis can duplicate them at.....

\$22.50 EASTER SUITS
 This great group is sure to appeal to the man who wants a really high-grade suit—strictly hand tailored of soft woolen materials—cut on the most approved lines and unusually well lined and interlined—all sizes—Saturday at.....

\$25 EASTER SUITS
 Every little detail of these fine quality custom tailored suits has been carefully looked after every one has been designed in the smart styles that will be popular for this season's men, young men, middle-aged men! All can secure a wonderful value at.....

\$30 EASTER SUITS
 From every standpoint these elegant suits measure up to the specifications of really fine clothes—handsome woollens that are the equal of imported materials. If you paid \$30 for these suits you would not be paying a cent too much—but now you can buy them for.....

\$35 EASTER SUITS
 Ultra quality pure Wool Suits that are the reproductions of America's best known cutters and designers—every one handsomely hand-tailored of the finest materials that money can buy—yokes and sleeves are lined with silk.....

BOYS' EASTER CLOTHES
 Boys' \$5 Suits \$3.90
 Boys' \$7 Suits \$4.90
 Boys' \$8 Suits \$5.90
 Boys' \$10 Suits \$6.90
 Boys' \$15 Suits \$9.90

WEIT
 Northwest Corner 8th and Washington Av.

SAVE MONEY NOW
 Boys' Pure Wool Blue Serge Suits \$5.90
 Genuine all-wool blue serge suits in the clever trench model—loose belt all around, with large buckle—sizes 6 to 12—Saturday at.....
 Boys' Heavy Pure Wool Worsted Blue Serge Suits \$7.45
 Every one carefully tailored of firmly woven pure worsted blue serge, in all the wanted Spring styles—6 to 12—Saturday at.....
 Boys' Glassy Juvenile Suits \$3.90
 Pretty fancy mixtures as well as the popular shepherd checks and blue serge—stylishly cut in the new Spring styles—6 to 12—Saturday at.....
 Boys' \$7.50 Juvenile Suits \$4.90
 Fine quality Suits in check, fancy mixtures or glassy blue serge—made with really detachable white cuffs and collars—6 to 12—Saturday at.....
 Boys' \$4 Juvenile Topcoats \$2.90
 Beautiful little Topcoats for boys—made of unusually well tailored of desirable plaids and fancy checked—stylish, emblazoned on sleeve—6 to 12—Saturday at.....

Kline's
 606-608 Washington, Thru to Sixth
 ST. LOUIS DETROIT KANSAS CITY CINCINNATI

800 Georgette Waists
 Just Arrived—Will Be Put in Stock Fresh Saturday Morning!
 Those who have found \$5 Georgette Waists scarce, will find them here in abundance Saturday—and such lovely ones! Attractive innovations in Beaded Blouses, embroidered, hemstitched, tucked and lace-trimmed models that are simply beautiful. Newest collar and cuff effects; white and Spring shades.

Unrivalled Variety and Value
New "Dollar" Waists \$1
 These "Dollar" Waists will be the center of attraction Saturday. White and sport striped voiles; lace trimmed, corded and embroidered; very pretty and most exceptional values.

Junior Suits—Special! \$15
 A special offering to acquaint mothers with our new suits for juniors. Youthful fashions in serge and checks, at a price that represents a saving of several dollars.
 Juniors' Taffeta Dresses, \$16.50 Juniors' Coats, \$19 to \$32.50

Girls' New White Dresses \$7.95 to \$10
 White Dresses of voiles and organdies that are so desirable for wear now and all through Spring and Summer. Fetching little Frocks that will please in every particular; sizes 6 to 14.
 Girls' Silk Dresses, \$6.95 to \$15 Girls' Spring Coats, \$5 to \$12.95

In the Balcony Boot Shop Spring Pumps
 Plain, rich, glove-fitting Pumps of dull kid or patent leather—types that are notable for distinctness and grace. Pumps will be worn more this Spring than they have been for years.
 \$4.00 \$5.00 \$6.00

No Money In Advance Pick Out Your Easter Clothes!
 Don't let the money question worry you. Our liberal credit system will take care of that part for you. Arrange to pay one dollar a week on your pay-days is all that is necessary. Dress up and feel prosperous on Easter Sunday.

MEN'S EASTER SUITS
 Suits with snap and style—Suits for conservative men—all fresh, new fabrics. A large variety of patterns. All guaranteed or we replace them without charge.
\$20 to \$35

EASTER SUITS FOR WOMEN AND MISSES
 The smartest assortment in St. Louis from which to choose your Easter Suit. All the new shades of tan, Pekin blue, navy and black made in the latest styles—separate vests and newest materials.
\$19.75 to \$40

WOMEN'S SPRING COATS
 Those nobby Pouter twills, in Pekin blue and tan make smart looking Spring Coats—beautifully made and trimmed.
\$10 to \$25

SILK AND SERGE DRESSES
 All the very latest colors for Spring, in the latest Spring creations.
\$6.95 to \$27

NEW SPRING SKIRTS
 Plain colors, stripes and plaids in silk, serge and velours.
\$4.50 to \$12

East St. Louis Branch Store, 318 Collinsville Av.

GOOD-WILL CREDIT CO. CLOTHING CO.
 804 NORTH BROADWAY

CATARRH VANISHES
 Beautify the Complexion
 Here is One Treatment That All Sufferers Can Rely Upon.
 I you want to drive catarrh and all its disgusting symptoms from your system in the shortest possible time, go to your druggist and ask for a Hyomel outfit today.
 Breathe Hyomel and it will rid you of catarrh: it gives such quick relief that all who use it for the first time are astonished.
 Hyomel is a pure, pleasant antiseptic, which is breathed into the lungs over the inflamed membrane: it kills the catarrh germs, soothes the sore spots and heals all inflammation.
 Don't suffer another day with catarrh: this disease is dangerous and often ends in consumption. Start the Hyomel treatment today! It is a sure cure, no matter how long you have had it—just breathe it—this is all. Ask Wolf-Wilson Drug Co.—ADY.

Nadinola Cream
 The Unequaled Beautifier
 USED AND ENDORSED BY THOUSANDS
 Guaranteed to remove tan, freckles, pimples, liver-spots, etc. Extreme cases twenty days.
 Rids pores and tissues of impurities, leaves the skin clear, soft, healthy.
 Two sizes. Sold by leading toilet counters or mail.
 National Toilet Company, Paris, Tenn.
 Dynamite, drills and other machinery offers appear from day to day in the Post-Dispatch Want pages.

SAMPLES Ladies' and Misses' New Spring Suits and Coats



Retail at wholesale prices—in all the latest styles and shades.
\$18.75, \$22.50, \$24.75
STERLING
Garment Co.
New Location—604 Olive
Second Floor—Take Elevator
"Buy Sampling—Save 35% to 50%"

Machinery discarded are readily exchanged through the Post-Dispatch Want Pages.

Woman Shot on Train Dies.
JACKSONVILLE, Ill., March 15 (By A. P.).—Miss Genevieve Clark of Koodhouse, who was shot by Edward S. Harris, a barber of that city, on a Chicago & Alton train near Whitehall, Wednesday morning, died at a local hospital last night.

In a diamond the essence of value is genuineness. Take the famed Kohinoor—upon its genuineness rests all the romance and fascinating tradition. Whatever is genuine possesses qualities of excellence never found in imitations.

The Bayer Cross is an unfailing means of identifying genuine

Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin

Insist upon the genuine—every package and every tablet is invariably marked with

"The Bayer Cross—Your Guarantee of Purity"

The trade-mark "Aspirin" (Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.) is a guarantee that the monoacetic acid of salicylic acid in these tablets is of the reliable Bayer manufacture.

GERMANY PLANS TO STARVE NEUTRALS, TRADE BOARD SAYS

Continued From Preceding Page.

brought within the scope of Germany's proclaimed submarine policy, since the vessel was engaged in an enemy but in a supposedly safe trade for a neutral state, was en route to a port to which Germany had explicitly promised to leave open a safe passage and was torpedoed outside the prohibited zone.

Clearly Not a Mistake.

"To add to the deliberateness of the offense, the Sardinia was destroyed after the submarine commander had made a thorough examination of the ship's papers and convinced himself of the nature and destination of the cargo, so that no plea of a 'mistake' can be entered by Germany. The evident intent and result of the act was to prevent Switzerland, whose immediate and urgent need of food is well known to Germany, from receiving the American grain; to destroy a Spanish ship for after-the-war trade and to raise by this much the relative value and importance of each German ship afloat at the end of the war.

"By the Swiss-American agreement of Dec. 5, the allies guaranteed to Switzerland for its admittedly urgent needs an eight months' supply of 240,000 tons of cereals subject to the assumption that Germany would safe conduct the supply ships as specified in its proclamation on ruthless submarine warfare, which provided a safe route to the Mediterranean port of Cetta, and promised that submarines would not molest such vessels. To accelerate delivery and provide for immediate necessities before grain from the Argentine, the natural source of supply, could reach Switzerland, the war trade board even procured from the scanty supplies in this country 20,000 tons of grain which had been embarked for the allies and allocated it to Switzerland, arranging to replace it later by grain from the Argentine, and had further proved its good faith and desire to help out dependent neutrals by successful efforts to secure tonnage to transport the grain. The plans even contemplated bringing the ships back to Cetta from Cetta to accelerate shipments and remove any pretext for the German submarine interference with the ships either going or coming.

"It is hoped that Switzerland, and other neutrals will contrast the respective attitude of Germany and the United States toward the problem of feeding the neutrals and will take due notice of this latest attempt of Germany to intimidate neutral ship owners, through ruthless submarine warfare, from carrying food to Switzerland. They will also note the same spirit toward Holland, which Germany seems determined to prevent receiving food supplies except upon German terms."

Netherlands Minister Appeals.

The Netherlands Minister, August Phillips, acting under instructions of his Government, yesterday made a final and personal appeal to President Wilson to modify the decision of the United States and Great Britain to take over 1,000,000 tons of Dutch ships on Monday.

The Associated Press is able to state the President saw no reason for altering the decision, and that unless the ships are turned over by next Monday a presidential proclamation will be issued taking over the ships in American ports, of which there are about 80. Many more, however, are in British or allied ports on the seven seas.

Regulations to govern the shipments which are to be permitted to go to Holland were issued by the War Trade Board. All shipments not consigned to the Dutch Government itself must be consigned to the Netherlands Overseas Trust companies. Certificates obtained from the Overseas Trust by prospective importers in Holland must be forwarded to prospective exporters in this country, who in turn apply to the War Trade Board's Bureau for Exports for a license.

Watches and Diamonds on credit. Letitia Bros. & Co., 23 N. 3rd St., 6th fl.—ADV.

FIVE MEN ARE ARRESTED IN CONNECTION WITH AUTO THEFTS

Detectives Working on Arson Investigation Told Where One Machine Was Stored.

Five arrests were made here yesterday in connection with an investigation of the theft of two Hudson automobiles, and the Sheriff at Goldfield, Mo., was asked to arrest Lawrence D. Campbell, a brother of Joseph A. Campbell, who was arrested last week in connection with an arson plot in St. Louis County.

Those arrested in St. Louis were William E. Wiggins, 34, of 1239 Fischer avenue, East St. Louis; Curtis R. Mahan, 30, a chauffeur, of 4645 Delmar boulevard; Daemey Copplinger, 29, a shoemaker, of 2340 St. Louis avenue, and William H. McCarthy, 29, a chauffeur, of 5905 Theodosia avenue.

Detectives, working on the arson investigation, were told by Alva Shafer of 5247 Page boulevard, one of the men they arrested, that a stolen automobile had been stored in a garage back of his home, and on the information given by him the arrests were made yesterday. One of the machines was the property of the Hudson-Phillips Motor Car Co., 230 Locust street, and the other belonged to Albert J. Carey, who gave the motor car company's office as his address.

Special Choice of White Onion sets, 35c a qt. Grimm & Gorly.—ADV.

U. R. Conductor Arrested.

Thomas G. Castleberry, 23 years old, of 3141 Clifton place, a conductor for the United Railways Co., was arrested last night at the Victoria Hotel, 710 North Seventh street, when he was found in company with Esther Minucciani, 17 years old, of 2601 Howard street, who ran away from home a week ago.

TWO AVIATION LIEUTENANTS KILLED IN FALLS IN TEXAS

Civilian Instructor Is Also Injured in Accidents Resulting From Tail Spins.

HOUSTON, Tex., March 15 (By A. P.).—Lieutenants Marmaduke Earle of Lewisburg, Pa., and Nile Gelwick of Findlay, O., were killed at Ellington Field yesterday, and Civilian Instructor Kaiser was injured internally by falls in airplanes resulting from tail spins.

Lieut. Gelwick was killed at 8 p. m. His was the first death at Ellington Field since night flying was undertaken there. Instructor Kaiser was in the airplane with Gelwick.

Lieut. Earle was killed at 4 p. m. The observer in the machine with him was only slightly injured. Both accidents were attributed to high winds.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., March 15 (By A. P.).—When an airplane he was attempting to start at Kelly Field No. 2, yesterday, suddenly lurched forward, Corp. Cyril J. Favreau, 29 years old, of Indian Orchard, Mass., was caught in the whirling propeller blades and the lower half of his face torn away. Favreau will be sent to the reclamation hospital at Washington, D. C.

FORT WORTH, Tex., March 15 (By A. P.).—Lieut. U. Finch of the

Royal Flying Corps and Cadet Flyer Howard P. Bittering of the United States Aviation Corps were seriously injured here yesterday when the engine of their airplane stopped at an altitude of 500 feet and they fell at Camp Hicks. Finch's legs were broken and Bittering received a broken rib and was badly bruised.

During 1917 the Post-Dispatch printed 4829 classified instructions. Want Ads—2183 more than the FOUR other St. Louis newspapers combined.

H. C. Irish to Make Address.

H. C. Irish, horticultural supervisor of public gardens, will address the West Tower Grove Improvement Association Sunday 3:30 p. m. at St. Aloysius School, January and Magnolia avenues.

Mothers' Club to Meet.

The Samuel Cupples School of Music will meet at 2:30 p. m. this afternoon in the kindergarten room, Mrs. Carroll Smith of the Choral Club will sing, and Mrs. Lind M. Day will play violin solo.

CLOTHING ON CREDIT \$100 DOWN \$1 A WEEK SELECT YOUR EASTER SUIT TOMORROW

If you want a nice Easter Suit don't wait until the last minute. Now is the time. Our stocks are complete—the selections are large. Your credit is good here. The terms are made to suit your own convenience; pay us a little each pay day. We ask for no security or recommendation. The diagram below explains our system.

READ OUR TERMS
Sold to L. BURTON.

Residence, 5249 Morgan St.

Articles	Lot No.	Size	Price
1 Suit	1810	38	\$15.00

TERMS: \$1 Per Week

Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total
1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	15.00

MAKE \$1.00 EASY!

Cut this out and bring it along with you. We will accept it for \$1.00 on any purchase amounting to \$10 or over. This illustration is an exact duplicate of our credit statement. It shows how easy it is to pay off an account of \$15.00, and what a short time it takes to pay for your Spring outfit.

OPEN SATURDAY NIGHT TILL 10 O'CLOCK. ALTERATIONS FREE.

STAR CREDIT CLOTHING CO. 713 WASHINGTON AVE. OVER CONRAD'S GROCERY



They Fairly Smile With Style!

And Such Value for the Money You Have Never Seen.

Ask For No. 320—A striking "English" last, in the rich Burgundy Tan, broad, flat heels, invisible eyelets, reproduction of a beautiful \$10 Metropolitan Model. A typical example of NEWARK values \$3.50



FOR MEN

YOU can pay \$8 to \$10 for shoes elsewhere—and not get anything more stylish, more beautiful than NEWARK Shoes at \$3.50 and \$5.00. Our 257 stores throughout the United States distribute more than three million pairs of NEWARK Shoes annually. Would such an enormous business be ours if our values were not by far the best? Why pay more than \$3.50 and \$5.00? Buy a pair TOMORROW!

Newark Shoe Stores Co.
ST. LOUIS STORES:
706 Olive St. Republic Building 213 N. Sixth St. Bst. Plm. and Olive
139 Collinsville Av. Near Missouri Av. East St. Louis
OPEN TILL 10 O'CLOCK SATURDAY NIGHT.
When Ordering by Mail Include 10c Parcel Post Charges.
257 Stores in 97 Cities

1890—SCHMITZ & SHRODER—1918 Hats! Hats! Hats!

We're ready tomorrow with new Spring styles galore!!

THE shapes, colors and finishes are NEW—the qualities are of the same dependable standard as before—at a very small advance in cost.

Stetson's... \$5.00 and \$6.00
Berg's... \$3.50, \$4, \$4.50, \$5

These Hats are worth calling for by name—as they assure you the utmost in hat value. Fine light weights—soft, mellow, comfortable—ideal for Spring wear.

S. & S. Specials—\$2.50 and \$3

In the face of advancing costs, we have steadfastly maintained the quality of these popular lines—every hat is as good as can be and fully guaranteed in every way.

Open Saturdays Until 9 P. M.

Featuring a Great Line of Men's & Young Men's Suits

SUITS at \$10 at \$15

YOU will be surprised to see what good Suits we are offering at this price—plenty of a variety—suits for men and young men.

NEW Springtime colorings in Scotch, cassimeres, worsteds and serges—plain and belted back effect—tailoring of the superior sort—values that we are proud to present.

Others at \$10, \$20, \$25, \$30, \$35

Spring Styles for Your Boy

Novelty Suits \$6.95
Boys' Topcoats \$6.95
Boys' Spring Hats \$1.00

ENTIRELY beautiful styles for the little chaps 2 1/2 to 9 years—prices are \$4.95, \$5.95, \$7.95, \$8.95, \$10, with a special showing at \$6.95.

BIGGER and better assortment than ever—snappy styles for the real American boy—priced at \$1.00, \$1.50, \$1.95, \$2.50, and a big showing at \$1.00.

Complete Line of Confirmation Suits, \$5.95 to \$15

"If you see it in a Schmitz & Shroder ad—it's TRUE"

SCHMITZ & SHRODER

S. E. COR. EIGHTH AND WASHINGTON AV.

Effective Sunday, March 17th

WABASH St. Louis-Chicago

Service Will Be as Follows:

TO CHICAGO

Leave St. Louis.....12:05 Noon 10:15 P.M.
Leave Delmar Av.....10:30 P.M.
Arrive Chicago.....7:45 P.M. 7:30 A.M.

FROM CHICAGO

Leave Chicago.....12:02 Noon 10:10 P.M.
Arrive Delmar Av.....7:35 P.M. 7:06 P.M.
Arrive Union Station...7:55 P.M. 7:25 A.M.

Train No. 28 for Danville, Ft. Wayne, Toledo, Detroit and East will leave at 11:00 P. M. instead of 11:55 P. M.

J. D. McNAMARA, Passenger Traffic Manager.

"The House of Courtesy"

610-612 Washington Avenue

These Suits are \$25

Sleeveless Sport Suits of Wool Jersey \$35

Suits for the Young Miss

\$25 \$29.75 \$35

Slender, graceful fashions that will appeal to the miss interested in trim, well groomed smartness.

A full score of different models, developed in fine silvertone, turtleneck, velvet checks, Poirer twill, serge, and the ever-popular jersey.

Misses' Coats

An Extensive Showing at \$15 \$19.75 \$25

A Morning Special!

125 Wool and Angora Sweaters

—About Half Price \$3.95

Closing out this limited assortment at less than cost. In suitable weights and modes for early Spring wear.....

Smart Banded Hats

Complete Variety from \$1.95 to \$12.50



Special Sale Groups Tomorrow at \$1.95 \$2.95 \$4.95

Select effects in sailors, pokes and natty mushrooms, of the modish rough pineapple straw, in cushion brim Milans and patent Milans. Black, brown, navy, purple, cherry red and SAND.

\$5 \$7.50 \$10

Special Display of Exclusive Trimmed Hats

Misses' and Children's Hats

Dressy—Poke Bonnets and Flat Sailors of hand-made straws, trimmed with flowers, ribbons, etc.

—Special, \$5

School Hats, \$1.95

Banded patent Milans and soft brim styles. Roll edge, side rail and mushrooms. Others up to \$7.95.

ESTHER CLEVELAND WEDS BRITISH CAPTAIN IN LON

LONDON, March 15 (By A. P.).—Esther Cleveland, daughter of late Grover Cleveland, was married to a British captain in London.

Have Your Silent Piano

Grand Parlor Piano that has the sweetest sound of the French and the best tone.



THE cost of a piano is a beautiful New Player CONRO Corner 11

Cut

145 Spring We Formerly Sold at \$25. \$18.00

UNDERWEAR \$2.00 qualities Genuine Cooper's ribbed Lisle and Cotton UNION SUITS, light and medium weights, at \$1.45

W. B. Ribbed Lisle \$1.50 UNION SUITS at \$1.20

DO YOU WEAR SIZE 34? We are selling Genuine Cooper's Make Ribbed Lisle and Ribbed Cotton UNION SUITS \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 qualities, medium weights and light weights, at 95c in size 3

Odd Lots of 50c, 75c and \$1.00 SILK TIES at 35c each

Extra Sizes for "Slender" Women

This COAT Exactly as pictured on sale at \$10.00



ESTHER CLEVELAND WEBS
BRITISH CAPTAIN IN LONDON
LONDON, March 15 (By A. P.).—
Esther Cleveland, daughter of the
late Grover Cleveland, was married
at St. Aloysius School Hall,
Magnolia avenue.

Have Your Silent Piano
The cost is nominal.
The appearance of your
piano will not be changed
and the tone will be more
beautiful than ever.
New Player-Pianos from \$395 Up.
CONROY PIANO CO.
Corner 11th and Olive Streets.

ber, 1893, during the second admin-
stration of her father. Her mother,
Mrs. Thomas J. Preston of Prince-
ton, N. J., formally announced the
engagement of her daughter to Capt.
Bosquet last December.
Miss Cleveland went abroad in
June of last year to engage in war re-
lief work and was assigned as a
nurse to St. Dunstan's home for
blind soldiers, London. She first met
Capt. Bosquet three years ago in
Switzerland. Miss Cleveland made
her debut in society in New York
about four years ago.

William Sydney Bence Bosquet
was born in 1893. His father has
been Common Sergeant of London
since 1900.

Diamond Rings. Pay to a week. Left
Bros. & Co., 24 N. 308 N. 8th st.—ADV.

F. A. Ayer, Millionaire, Dies.
THOMASVILLE, Ga., March 15
(By A. P.).—Frederick F. Ayer,
millionaire medicine manufacturer
and financier of Boston, Mass., died
here yesterday. He was 96 years
old.

SCHUMANN-HEINK RECITAL TONIGHT

Many Box and Parquet Parties
Arranged by Society People
for Event at Odeon.

THE principal affair of interest
today is the recital to be given
by Mme. Schumann-Heink at the
Odeon this evening. Many box
parties and parquet parties have been
arranged and the recital will be a
social as well as an artistic event.
Those who will entertain in boxes
are Messrs. and Meses. Newton R.
Wilson, I. W. Morton and Howard
Watson, Messrs. and Meses. August
Busch, George Marion Brown, H.
Worthington Eddy, George Gellhorn,
George Lewis, F. C. Rand, Philip N.
Moore, William J. Lemp, Henry W.
Peterson, B. F. Bush, and Dr. and Mrs.
Robert Wilson.

Mrs. Schumann-Heink was the
guest of honor at a luncheon today
given by Mrs. William J. Lemp, fol-
lowed by a box party at the Sym-
phony concert this afternoon. The
singer has always been a great fa-
vorite in St. Louis and it is a regret
to many who have had the pleasure
of knowing her that her visits in our
city are not of longer duration, so
that more entertaining could be done
in her honor. As an example of her
popularity, the Odeon has been sold
out and 300 seats will be placed on
the stage this evening to accommo-
date the persons who want to hear
her sing.

Social Items

Miss Edith Layman has set April
2 as the date for her marriage to
Lieut. Edward P. Deacon. Miss Lay-
man is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs.
Waldo Arnold Layman of 15 Kings-
bury place, and her engagement was
announced during the Christmas hol-
idays, when she returned from Wellesley
College. Miss Layman did not
return to college, but was intro-
duced to society at a large reception
given by her mother in January.

Lieut. Deacon is the son of Mr. and
Mrs. John F. Deacon of Detroit,
Mich. He was educated at the Uni-
versity of Michigan and at the Mas-
sachusetts Institute of Technology,
and is now with the 301st Engineers
at Camp Devens, Mass.

The ceremony will be celebrated at
the home of the bride's parents, Miss
Carol Jarvis, who will be home from
Wellesley for the Easter holidays,
will be the maid of honor, and the
bride-elect's younger sister, Miss
Mary Arnold Layman, will be a
bridesmaid.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen T. West of 48
Westmoreland place have been East
on a short trip and spent the week-
end last week at White Sulphur
Springs, W. Va. Mr. and Mrs. West
have engaged a cottage there for the
summer. Many other St. Louisans
plan to go to White Sulphur Springs
this summer.

Miss Louise Purdy of Pierce City,
Mo., is spending the winter with Mrs.
Charles H. Huttig and her daughter,
Miss Jeannette Huttig, of 37 Wash-
ington terrace. They have just re-
turned from a trip of several weeks
to New York City and Washington,
D. C.

Mrs. L. Dutilh Cabanne, accom-
panied by her daughter, Mrs. Sevier
Rains Tupper, arrived in St. Louis
last week for a short visit from Chat-
tanooga, Tenn., where Capt. Tupper
is stationed. Mrs. Cabanne did not
open her home at 4515 Berlin ave-
nue, but is the guest of Mrs. Pierre
Garneau of 4529 Berlin avenue. Miss
Dorcas Cabanne remained in Chat-
tanooga with friends. Mrs. Tupper
was formerly Miss Isabel Downing
Cabanne and her wedding was one
of the notable ones of the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Atkins of
535 Clara avenue are guests of Mr.
and Mrs. Bert Hilsert of New York.
They departed last Wednesday.

Mrs. DeWitt Saries Stillman of
Joliet, Ill., who has been the guest
of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles
L. Holman of Clayton for a few days,
expects to return this evening to
Joliet. A number of informal affairs
were planned in Mrs. Stillman's
honor during her brief visit. Miss
Grace Gettys gave her a luncheon
yesterday and this afternoon Miss
Sophie Moffitt of 48 Kingsbury place
gave a bridge party in her honor.
Wednesday afternoon Mrs. Stillman
entertained about 14 of her intimate
friends, among whom were eight of
the girls who were in her bridal
party. Mrs. Stillman was Miss Dor-
thy Holman and her marriage, in
January, was a large and fashionable
event.

Miss Alice Chamberlain of 5943
Kingsbury boulevard will entertain
with a shower tomorrow afternoon
in honor of Miss Elizabeth Alexan-
der, whose marriage to Harry Theis
will take place on April 3. Eighteen
guests have been invited. The St.
Patrick colors will be carried out
in the decoration.

Mrs. Lawrence Marshall Preston of
the St. Regis Apartments is in New
York City visiting friends and rela-
tives.

The Red Cross and Surgical Dress-
ing Unit of the St. Louis College Club
will meet every Saturday afternoon
at 1:30 o'clock at the Nicholas Build-
ing at Grand and Park avenues. This
is the new South Side headquarters
of the unit and everyone who can is
asked to assist in the work they are
doing.

REBUILD WASTED FLESH
With Father John's Medicine—pure
food. No dangerous drugs.—ADV.

PIERCE CITY (MO.) GIRL SPENDING WINTER HERE



—Photo by Murtio.
MISS LOUISE PURDY.

Two More Autos Stolen.
Two automobiles were reported
stolen last evening. They belonged
to Miss Lillian Freund, 5388 Water-

**Wheatless
Meals**
Don't Bother Me
says *Bobby*
POSTTOASTIES
(BEST CORN FLAKES)
are so good I want
them everyday.

TRY THIS IF YOU HAVE DANDRUFF

There is one sure way that never
fails to remove dandruff completely
and that is to dissolve it. This de-
stroys it entirely. To do this, just
get about four ounces of plain, ordi-
nary liquid arvon; apply it at night
when retiring; use enough to moisten
the scalp and rub it in gently with
the finger tips.

By morning, most if not all, of your
dandruff will be gone, and three or
four more applications will complet-
ely dissolve and entirely destroy every
single sign and trace of it, no mat-
ter how much dandruff you may have.
You will find, too, that all itching
and digging of the scalp will stop in-
stantly and your hair will be fluffy,
lustrous, glossy, silky and soft, and
look and feel a hundred times better.
You can get liquid arvon at any
drug store. It is inexpensive, and
four ounces is all you will need. This
simple remedy has never been known
to fail.—ADV.

**Small Pill
Small Dose
Small Price**
**CARTER'S
LITTLE
LIVER PILLS.**
FOR
CONSTIPATION
have stood the test of time.
Purely vegetable. Wonderfully
quick to banish biliousness,
headache, indigestion and to
clear up a bad complexion.
Genuine bears signature
Wheatless
PALE FACES
Generally indicate a lack
of iron in the blood
Carter's Iron Pills
Will help this condition

SHOEMART
507 Washington Ave.
READ EVERY ITEM
Note These Money Savers
on New Spring Footwear!
Women's Pumps \$5.00
(On Main Floor)
Turn or welt Pumps—patent or
kid, with leather Louis heels—
lasts—size 1 1/2 to 2—also black kid pumps—
graceful and beautiful in de-
sign—perfect fitting—super-
ior values at \$5.00.
Spring Pumps in The Bargain Room \$3.85
Patent and Dull Pumps with Louis heels and
Neolin soles—also Patent and Dull Pumps and
other styles, with flexible leather soles—all
wedges.
Men's Shoes—Wonderful Values at \$5.00
Twenty styles in Men's \$7.00 and \$8.00 shoes—
all leathers—all lasts—all sizes—all widths—
greatest values we have ever offered—Shoe-
Mart Special at \$5.00.
Misses' New Spring Novelty Boots \$3.95
Misses' mahogany lace shoes in new English
lasts—size 1 1/2 to 2—also black kid pumps
with gray tops and patent vamps with brown
or white fabric tops—at \$3.95.
Boys' Dress Shoes—Special at \$3.00
Boys' black calf English lace shoes—genuine
Goodyear welt—size 2 1/2 to 6—a splendid
Shoe that would sell regularly at \$4.00—on
special sale at \$3.00.
The Sunday Post-Dispatch has over ONE HUNDRED MILLION
more readers than any other newspaper west of the Mississippi.

Boyd's Cut Price Offerings THIS WEEK

145 Spring Weight Suits
Formerly Sold at \$25.00, Going at
\$18.00

185 Overcoats
Formerly Sold at \$25.00, Going at
\$19.00

UNDERWEAR
\$2.00 qualities Genuine
Cooper's ribbed Lisles and Cot-
ton **UNION SUITS**, light and
medium weights, at
\$1.45

W. B. Ribbed Lisle
\$1.50 UNION SUITS
at **\$1.20**

**DO YOU WEAR
SIZE 34?**
We are selling Genuine Cooper's
Make Ribbed Lisles and
Ribbed Cotton
UNION SUITS
\$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00..
qualities, medium weights and
light weights,
at **95c** in size 34.

Odd Lots of
50c, 75c and \$1.00
SILK TIES
at **35c**
each

FINE SILK TIES
\$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00
qualities going at **95c** each

Tan Leather Gloves
Former prices
\$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00
at **\$1.30** pair
Sizes 7, 7 1/4, 7 1/2, 7 3/4 and 10.

Odd Lots of **\$2.50, \$3 and \$3.50**
PAJAMAS
at **\$1.85** a Suit
Genuine Cooper's Make Ribbed
Lisle Knee-Length
UNION SUITS
worth \$2.00 and \$2.50 each,
at **95c** a Suit

Boyd's
OLIVE AND SIXTH STS.

SHIRTS
250 dozen **\$1.50** quality
soft-cuff negligee Colored
Shirts; all sizes at
95c each

\$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00
COLORED SHIRTS
at **\$1.45** All sizes.

Silk Shirts
\$3.50 } Silks at... \$2.65
\$4.00 }
\$5.00 Silks at... \$3.65
\$6.50 Silks at... \$4.85
\$7.50 Silks at... \$5.45
\$4.50 Silks at... \$3.45

Odd lots of
\$1.50, \$2.00 & \$2.50
STIFF BOSOM
WHITE SHIRTS
Sizes 14, 14 1/2,
17 1/2 and 18, at
55c
each

Addison's
511-13-15 WASHINGTON AV.
THE "BANNER" SALE OF THE SEASON!!

C-O-A-T-S
Hundreds of New Styles, Materials and Colors

\$12.98 Belted High-Waist Coats
\$13.75 Brocaded and Novelty Coats
\$13.75 Navy and Black Serges
All new shades and styles—all sizes for misses and
women in this sale at... **\$7.50**

\$18.50 All-Wool Poplin Coats
\$17.50 Cross-Belt Serge Coats
\$18.50 High Colored Cloth Coats
High-waisted styles—with fancy collars and
cuffs—all newest colorings—tomorrow at... **\$10.00**

\$21.75 New Silk Taffeta Coats
\$22.50 Misses' High-Waisted
\$22.50 Poplin and Burella Coats
Beautiful Pekin blue, old rose, Tommies, Sam-
mies, brown, gray, black and blue... **\$12.98**

\$27.50 New Delhi Cloth Coats
\$27.50 Gab. & Velour Coats
\$27.50 Point Twill Cloth Coat
Many half-silk lined, others silk braided trimmed
—all colors and sizes... **\$16.50**

SENSATIONAL SKIRT SALE \$5
Field Skirts—Striped Taffetas—Navy Striped Silks—New
Skirts—Novelty Silk Taffetas—New Cloth Skirts—Bustle Back
and Side Draped Skirts—in every imaginable Spring shade—over
1500 Skirts on sale tomorrow... **\$5**

CHILDREN'S SPRING COATS
Values to \$2.98
Age 2, 3 and 4 only
—in serges—
checks—
and—
neatly
made... **\$1.98**
Values to \$4.98
Fancy black and
white
checks
4 to 12
—at... **\$3.98**
Values to \$11.75
High-waisted serges,
checks,
plaids,
etc.—
on sale
at... **\$5.98**
Values to \$15.00
Age 6 to 16 years
silk
poplins,
fine
cloths—
at... **\$8.98**

What Will Happen If Japan Intervenes In Russia

Delicate and momentous questions of Allied diplomacy charged with the gravest military possibilities are raised by the proposal that Japanese troops intervene in Siberia to save from Germany's clutches the great military stores accumulated at Vladivostok and along the Trans-Siberian railroad, and to forestall the German penetration of Asia.

Such intervention, of course, might produce friction, if not hostilities, between Japan and Russia, and Germany is quick to see the advantage, for it would soon lead, in the opinion of the Cologne *Volkszeitung*, either to a Russo-German agreement against Japan or to an undertaking between Japan and Germany. On the other hand, the Boston *Transcript* suggests that "perhaps Japan's sword will avail where America's pen has failed either to help Russia or hinder Germany's operations against Russia."

The leading article in THE LITERARY DIGEST for March 16th takes up this latest phase in the Russian situation and summarizes expert opinions in Japan and America.

Other topics of immediate national interest in this number of "The Digest" are:

Our American Soldiers Under Fire

Sidelights Upon Their First Engagement With the Germans and a Picture Showing the Dugout Where the First American Officer Was Wounded in France and the Sign Placed by the French to Mark the Spot

Putting War-Labor On a War-Basis
The Browning Machine Gun a Success
The Allies Supreme War Council
President Wilson Chills Africa
The American Navy and the War
(Prepared by U. S. Bureau of Education)
New Fabrics for War Use
The Senses of the Blind
"Washington Crossing the Rhine"
Operas and Freaks
Y. M. C. A. Work from the Layman's Angle
How Men Will Find Their Souls
News of Commerce and Banking

Is Wheat Too Cheap
Fires of War Revolutionizing Britain
Our Hungry Enemies
Beans—A Food for War and Peace
(Prepared by U. S. Food Administration)
The Bee Is Not a Geometrician
Trees to Keep Snow Out of Rail-
way Cuts
Advantage of Dual Water-Works Systems
America's Place in Westminster Abby
The Singing Soldier
What the Salvation Army Has Done
The Best of the Current Poetry

Many Fine Half-tone Illustrations, Including Reproductions of Humorous Cartoons

Try This Plan, If You Are Having Trouble in Obtaining "The Digest"

Under the present restricted manufacturing and shipping conditions in the face of an enormous public demand it is not an unusual occurrence for patrons to miss the "Digest" because it sells out on the news-stands so quickly. Let us repeat the hint which we published recently. When you buy this week's copy

of "The Digest," tell the news-dealer to order and save you a copy of next week's "Digest." In this way the news man will be able to gauge more accurately his demand and place his order accordingly, while you will save yourself the disappointment of being met with the remark "all sold out!"

March 16th Number on Sale Today—All Newsdealers—10 Cents

The Literary Digest
FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY (Publishers of the Famous NEW Standard Dictionary), NEW YORK

Read the REAL ESTATE ads in the POST-DISPATCH "Want?" Columns and your answer will be "Why, Yes?"

ANSWERS TO QUERIES

As we have no information bureau, it is impossible to answer queries by mail or telephone

HEALTH HINTS

E. W.—You should use your will power and talk with a physician. A well developed will does wonders. It does not mean that you should be a doctor, but that you should be a patient. It should be taken with caution. Its long-continued use may be very harmful. Cold oil stimulates hair growth—applied to scalp.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MRS. A. B. C.—Phone paper dealers. O. E. R.—No premium on '56 half time or '62 cent.

There is a short system of spelling "Theater" in English, theater is French.

SUB.—For the architectural work on the Cleveland High School, William B. Litterer was paid \$21,112.58.

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FRIDAY,
MARCH 16, 1918
MEMPHIS

Money Sav
—AND—

Quality

Are the two out-
points of what we
offer you in slightly
USED CAR
SEE
HUDSON-PHILLIPS
DISPLAY AT
USED CAR SALES
Or Visit Our Sales
2214-16 Washington
(Quality Car Headquarters)
INVESTIGATE THE
HUDSON-PHILLIPS
Great Values
Terms to Responsible
SEDA
1914 Hudson 5-54
COLLEGE
1915 Cadillac 5-54
1913 Hudson 6-54
1913 Hudson 5-54
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1914 Hudson Super-
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TOURING CARS
1917 Hudson Super.
1916 Hudson Super.
1916 Hudson 6-40.
1915 Hudson 6-54.
1915 Hudson 6-40.
1914 Hudson 6-40.
1913 Hudson 6-54.
1916 Empire.
1913 Cadillac 8.
1916 Studebaker.
1916 Jackson.
1915 Buick.
1914 Oldsmobile 8.
1912 Packard (300).

In addition to the above have many others.

HUDSON BUICK

HUDSON-PHILLIPS
MOTOR CAR CO.

[illegible]

ENDERS—For sale, Ford rear

BORD BODIES—For sale; tourist
souvenirs. \$200. 7024 Hanoor
St., S.W.
BORD BODIES—For sale; tourist
souvenirs. \$200. 6191
Old body taken back in traffic
at.

BOUSING Wld.—For 1942 8-
way. H-3535 Post-Diagon,
Bklyn.

BURNS BOUGHT—Will buy
in serviceable condition; pay
\$100. 1044 E. 14th St., Apt. 10.

BURN MALS—Second-hand
vulcanized tires; selling for
cash. Take orders at 1044 E.
14th St.; universal tire Co., 321
E. 14th St.

BURNING CAR BODY—For sale;
windshield and hood; fits all
models; bargain value.
Interide 1905.

BANNER LIQUID
takes old things lo-
cates and polishes with
attention; leaves a hard
glaze; cleans paint. As-
demonstration. B A
SALES CO., 106 N. Con-
line 1460. Central 6500

ICYCLES AND MOTOR

OTOR CYCLES—Selling new
bikes. \$40 to \$150. Call night,
7-1000.

**HORSES AND VEHICLES
WANTED**

PUMP WAGONS Wid.—Four
new, 1966, 920 Market.

HORSE Wid.—For storm, buck
type. Central Iron and Metal
Co., 1000 N. 1st St., 1000.

FOR SALE

FARM MARKERS—For sale. 100
dules; harness. 2521 Easton.

HORSES—For sale, two good.
Vanderwater.

HORSES—For sale, harness all
#13. Bred. For stable, 2520

HORSES—For sale; cheap; 6
harness. See stable box, 114 S.

HORSE—254 S. 1st st.; harness and
#225 Pennsylvania.

HORSE—For sale; weight 1200
pounds, fast traveler. #23.

HORSES—For sale, two good
good work. 214 S. 1st st.
com. stable, dirt wagons.
harness, selling out.
#14.

ARES—For sale, 4: 2 horses, new, farm wagon, 1921 Morr

CLOTHING

WANTED

FARE, wanted of men's suits
in ladies' dress; need body &
size 16. Adult youth suit. See
and for 707. Page 2.

CLOTHING WLD-Men's custom-
er. No. 1498 Cass. Try 2463

CLOTHING WLD-Fry Hatmen
Nessensfeld, 3314 Olive. Born

CLOTHING WLD-Cas. off main
street. Joe Rich, 1520 Franklin

CLOTHING WLD-Ladies, for
children's; also shoes; highest
model 4422R. H. Appelmaier

LADIES CLOTHING AND HOUSEHOLD

Kind: Southern shrike
1413 Biddle. Olive 175. C

7. MILLER buys and sells
 clothing, 1322 Olive st. Jew
 8. A HIGH PRICE FOR GL
 in Texas shipment 25,000
 tin, coprocess, Paris, shoo
 up to \$25. Don't sell out
 TEXAS SHIPPING CO. 920 R
 9. 2221, Delmar 50R
FOR SALE
 CLOTHING—For sale, boy's w
 and suits; for 3-year-old. Vi
MACHINERY
WANTED
 MILLER. Wt.—40 horsepower
 10. Portable and engine, what h
 11. Post-Office 200
FOR SALE
 MOTORS—For sale, new A. C.
 12. 113 B. B. 100; also used
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TO SELL REAL ESTATE, ADVERTISE IN THESE COLUMNS—ST. LOUIS' BEST REAL ESTATE GUIDE.

On the Broadest Thoroughfare
FOR LEASE ONE STORE
FACING 12th ST. PLAZA
(308 N. 12th—18 ft. x 34, With Mezzanine Floor)

With These Advantages
All Modern Conveniences Reached by 16 Car Lines
Heart of Wholesale-Retail District
6 Minutes From Banking District
Park Your Auto at Your Door

THE NEW POST-DISPATCH BUILDING
Just a Minute From Here or There
For Floor Plans and Other Information, Apply to
CORNET & ZEIBIG, Agents, 719 Chestnut St.
Or
W. E. Taylor, Post-Dispatch Business Office

OXFORD ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
Waterman and Union Avenues—Southeast Corner
We have a vacancy in the finest residential building in the West. Three
apartments are located in the growing demand in St. Louis for large,
private homes.

WILL LEASE ONLY
GIRALDIN BROS. R. E. CO., 813 Chestnut Street

REAL ESTATE
Solid capital, 100 line, minimum \$100,000, for
lease on 100 line or more on 100 line or more

TO LET—BUSINESS PURPOSES
GARAGES AND STABLES
GARAGES—Rear 500 Hamilton, 10 nice gar-
ages, with light, 6 each, 812 Chestnut st.

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT
WEST
FURNISHED HOUSE—Fine furnished 10-
room house, 2100 Locust, 1000 block
N. 21st, 1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block

REAL ESTATE
Solid capital, 100 line, minimum \$100,000, for
lease on 100 line or more on 100 line or more

BUNGALOW
In the exclusive bungalow block—4222 Lafayette Ave.
ROSENBAUM-HAUCHULTE REAL ESTATE CO.,
2407 North Broadway

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE
WEST
HOUSE—For sale, 1000 block, 1000 block,
1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block

RESIDENCE FOR SALE
NORTH
HOUSE—For sale, 1000 block, 1000 block,
1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block

RESIDENCE SNAP
LINDEN PARK RESIDENCE
2144 Linden Park, 1000 block, 1000 block,
1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block

2 Modern Bungalows
7007 N. Taylor and 4007 Ashland, each
lot, 1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block

NEW BUNGALOWS
4860-60 Margaret, 1000 block, 1000 block,
1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block

FLATS, APARTMENTS, FOR SALE
SOUTH
FLAT EQUITY—For sale or exchange, 4130
Russell ave. What have you?

FINANCIAL
Solid capital, 100 line, minimum \$100,000, for
lease on 100 line or more on 100 line or more

LOANS ON PERSONAL PROPERTY
WE have a loan on personal property, 1000 block,
1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block

THREE-ROOM FLATS
One double and one single flat, 1000 block,
1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block

ACRE FARMS
WILL DO A HEAP TOWARD
WINNING THE WAR
We have some good ones

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE
MISCELLANEOUS
FARM—For sale, 1000 block, 1000 block,
1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block

RESIDENCES FOR SALE
SOUTH
LOT—For sale, 1000 block, 1000 block,
1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block

WEST
RESIDENCE—For sale, 1000 block, 1000 block,
1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block

STOCKS AND BONDS
STOCK—For sale, 1000 block, 1000 block,
1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block

MONEY WANTED
First Deeds of Trust
Candidates in the following amounts for in-
terest, 1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block

AMES PLACE
4646 WATERMAN, 5 ROOMS, 1 BATH,
1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block

FIRST DEEDS OF TRUST
Candidates in the following amounts for in-
terest, 1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block

STOCKS AND BONDS
STOCK—For sale, 1000 block, 1000 block,
1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block

MONEY WANTED
First Deeds of Trust
Candidates in the following amounts for in-
terest, 1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block

AMES PLACE
4646 WATERMAN, 5 ROOMS, 1 BATH,
1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block, 1000 block

CONSUMPTION OF INTOXICANTS IN BRITAIN CUT TWO-THIRDS

Lloyd George Tells Church Men of the Reduction in Four Years.
LONDON, March 15 (By A. P.)—

Consumption of intoxicating liquors in Great Britain, owing to the reductions instituted by the Government, is now one-third of what it was four years ago, Premier Lloyd-George told the Free Churchmen at the City Temple Wednesday when challenged about the drink traffic. No spirits

were being manufactured, he said. The Premier reiterated that if it came to a question of choosing between bread and beer the Government would not hesitate a moment.

Special Choice of White Onion sets, 35c a qt. Grimm & Gory.

SALESMEN SAID TO MAKE THE BEST 'FOUR-MINUTE MEN'

Direct Approach to Topic Declared to Get Theater Audiences' Attention.

Salemen have made better "four-minute men" than lawyers or clergymen, according to members of the Executive Committee in charge of the selection of speakers here. A member, in telling a Post-Dispatch reporter of the organization's work, said: "A speaker accustomed to addressing a jury that cannot escape, or a congregation that is disinclined to interrupt, gets away to a slow start and indulges in too many flowing periods," he said, in explanation. "The salesman, accustomed to talking to men who didn't invite him to speak, and who have no scruples about stopping him, makes an excellent 'four-minute' speaker."

Four-minute speeches have been a success because they do not last any longer, he asserted. Five minutes was not fixed as the limit because it would be too long.

Limit on Time Enforced. In all bulletins sent out from the organization's headquarters, terseness and accuracy are urged. One states: "More harangues are worthless. Vitiations, over-statements or statements based on uncertain information are boomerangs." All letters conclude thus: "P. S.—Please remember—four minutes—no more."

Speakers who fail to observe this request are quietly eliminated from the list. If they inquire why they receive no more assignments, they are told. An inspection committee, unknown to the speakers, visits the theaters and checks up the time on the speakers. After the first violation is noticed, the speakers are warned, and given another trial. A second offense results in elimination. The principal aim of the speakers is to supply first-hand information to those who fail to read the newspapers thoroughly, and to counteract the effect of gossip that newspapers do not notice. As a rule, the speakers are rigidly restricted. Their topics are assigned from the Committee on Public Information at Washington, and they are instructed what points to emphasize.

Sample Speech. Sample speeches also are sent out. One of these is an appeal for binoculars for the navy, and begins thus: "This is a warm, comfortable theater tonight.

"We are enjoying a good show. "What time is it? (Looks at watch and states time). So now it's dark night on the Atlantic near France. Our ships are over there, steering along as quietly as possible. Lights out. No cigarettes. Watchfulness everywhere on deck.

"Why? You know why—the murderous submarines are lurking somewhere—the pirates of our times."

The samples live up to instructions. A reporter read this speech aloud, slowly, in three minutes and 10 seconds.

The speakers have had many experiences. One related his with the manager of a picture show on the South Side. The manager had a Teutonic name and accent, and he placed many obstacles in the speaker's way. Finally the doorman refused to let him in. He bought a ticket, entered and found the manager.

Experiences of Speakers. "I'm going to make a four-minute speech here, with or without your consent," he told the manager. "If it is without, I intend to tell the audience just how it happened." He got the consent, and never had any more difficulty.

O'Neill Ryan, another speaker, asserts that he always purchases tickets for himself and family in order "to assure a warm welcome from the manager, and hearty applause from at least a part of the audience."

Nearly all the theater managers have been very accommodating, however, the speakers report. It is told that one speaker concluded, and received considerable applause. When he had stepped from the stage and started up the aisle, a roar of cheers came from the audience. "Thinking it was a curtain call, he started back to the stage, to find himself facing a screen slide of Charlie Chaplin, which had evoked the second outburst.

Some movie fans did not thoroughly understand the four-minute men's mission. One speaker, entering a theater, heard a man outside the ticket window say: "It's a damn shame to have to pay this war tax just so the Government can pay them four-minute guys." The speakers receive no pay or expense money.

100 Speakers in St. Louis. There are 100 four-minute men in St. Louis, each of whom speaks an average of twice a week. At the end of the week they meet and criticize each others' speeches. One group is coached by the professor of oratory at St. Louis University.

Speakers say they get the loudest applause in the poorer residence districts. One of the most responsive audiences is that at the Booker T. Washington Theater, a motion picture house for negroes.

The speakers spent considerable money and much time several months ago trying to find two Belgian children, with their arms amputated, who were reported to be in the city. They were never found. The speakers intended to exhibit them as samples of "Kultur."

The "four-minute" idea was conceived before the war by John T. Ryerson, a Chicago iron manufacturer. When war began, McCormick Blair, another Chicagoan, visited

President Wilson and suggested it. The President approved, and Blair was made director of the organization. The State and St. Louis chairman is E. M. Grossman.

The World and Post-Dispatch Almanac is Now on Sale. At the Post-Dispatch Counter and at all news stands. The big 1918 war information edition is a library in itself. Price 30c by mail 35c—ADV.

C.E. Williams

WE CLOSE SATURDAY 9 P. M. Sixth and Franklin WE CLOSE SATURDAY 9 P. M. "Our location saves you money" We Give Eagle Stamps

SPECIALS FOR MEN AND BOYS

"Boys' English Lace" Sizes 1 to 6½

BLACK CALF; welt sewed \$3.25

GUN METAL; mach. sewed \$2.50

"Men's English Walkers" Hand-Welted Soles

Mahogany Tan \$4.50

Gunmetal; special value, \$3.50

Gunmetal; machine sewed, \$3.00

"Schoolmate Shoes" BUTTON AND LACE

GUNMETAL CALF; Chrome elk top, extra solid oak soles.

Boys' 1 to 6... \$2.00

Little Men's 10 to 13½... \$1.75

EXTRA SPECIAL Men's Black Elk Lace with oak soles; \$3.00 value... \$2.25

Men's Tan \$3.00

"Men's Kid Shoes" Plain or Tip Toes

Here is a special value for men; genuine black kid lace shoes, in two styles; worth \$4.00; our special price, \$3.00

"Men's Dress Shoes" BLUCHER PATTERN

Black vici kid welt shoes, in three different shapes; straight, medium and foot-form lasts; \$5.00 value. Our special price, \$4.00

"Men's Heavy Work Shoes" Extra Special \$3.00 value; Blucher pat. \$2.65

\$4.00 VALUE, Tan or black chrome elk, waterproofed soles... \$3.50

\$3.50 VALUE, Black or tan chrome elk, ½ double oak soles... \$3.00

\$3.00 VALUE, Black chrome elk, oak soles... \$2.50

Don't Wait!

Credit for All!

NOW IS THE TIME—AND THIS IS THE BEST PLACE

To do your Easter buying. New lines of Ladies' Suits, Coats, Silk and Cloth Dresses, dainty Blouses and Millinery, as well as Men's Suits and Spring-weight Coats. Let us outfit you. Why not buy right now and get a full season's wear out of your clothes?



Pay Weekly While Wearing—That's All

Ladies' Suits—Spring models embodying every late fancy, with the new \$15 to \$40

Ladies' Coats—Smart Spring Coats in various shades well as darker colors; priced... \$15 to \$30

Silk Dresses—Charming Frocks of silk and satin; some trimmed with embroidery in lovely shades. Some show the new draped skirt; priced... \$12 to \$30

Silk Waists—We are offering some special values in various color combinations to choose from... \$3.98

Men's and Young Men's Suits—of the latest cut—are priced \$15 to \$35

Boys' Suits—for both school and dress wear—are priced \$5 to \$10

Least You Forget! Wear This Out Now

GOOD FOR ONE DOLLAR

This coupon good on purchases of \$10 or more.

We sell Skirts, Waists, Children's Coats, Men's Topcoats, Hats and Shoes on Credit.

Nobby Millinery, lovely creations. Our showing at \$5 and upward is truly wonderful.

Cash or Credit Suit Yourself

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for Men and Young Men— in a Remarkable Group at

Good luck, surely for the man who needs a new suit! Here are smart, sprightly and splendidly tailored ALL-WOOL cassimere, cheviot and silk-mixed worsted suits—and some BLUE SERGES—Suits such as you'd never expect anywhere else in St. Louis at \$19. All sizes.

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Specialty priced—tan Gabardine rain shedders, cut along the newest military lines. Exceptionally smart! Sizes 33 to 50.

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Advance showings of the new-season styles, foreshadowing the large preparations this store has made to meet your needs for Spring, 1918.

Second Floor

Confirmation Suits—

TWO SPECIAL GROUPS We're St. Louis headquarters for confirmation and first communion suits—and it's no wonder, with such offerings as these:

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Of close-woven, firm, smooth serge—ALL-WOOL Norfolk or belted style. Sizes to 18. Others, \$6.75 to \$16.

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All around belted models in Scotch mixtures and novelty effects. Sizes to 18.

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New Trench models, with slash pockets—in tweed, homespun, novelties and blue serge. Sizes 2½ to 10 years, \$3.95 to \$8.50.



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Something new! Of fine Crepe Meteor Twill with genuine Whitman's Silk Soisette bodies to match.

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Every new model introduced by Stetson designers for the 1918 Spring season—Derbies and Soft Hats at

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Editorial Page News Photog Women's

FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1918



Mrs. Oliver Harriman carry to New York station to attend



Heads of Knights of The Rev. James Cor

Editorial Page
News Photographs
Women's Features
FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1918.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH DAILY MAGAZINE

Popular Comics
Sporting News
Market Reports
FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1918.

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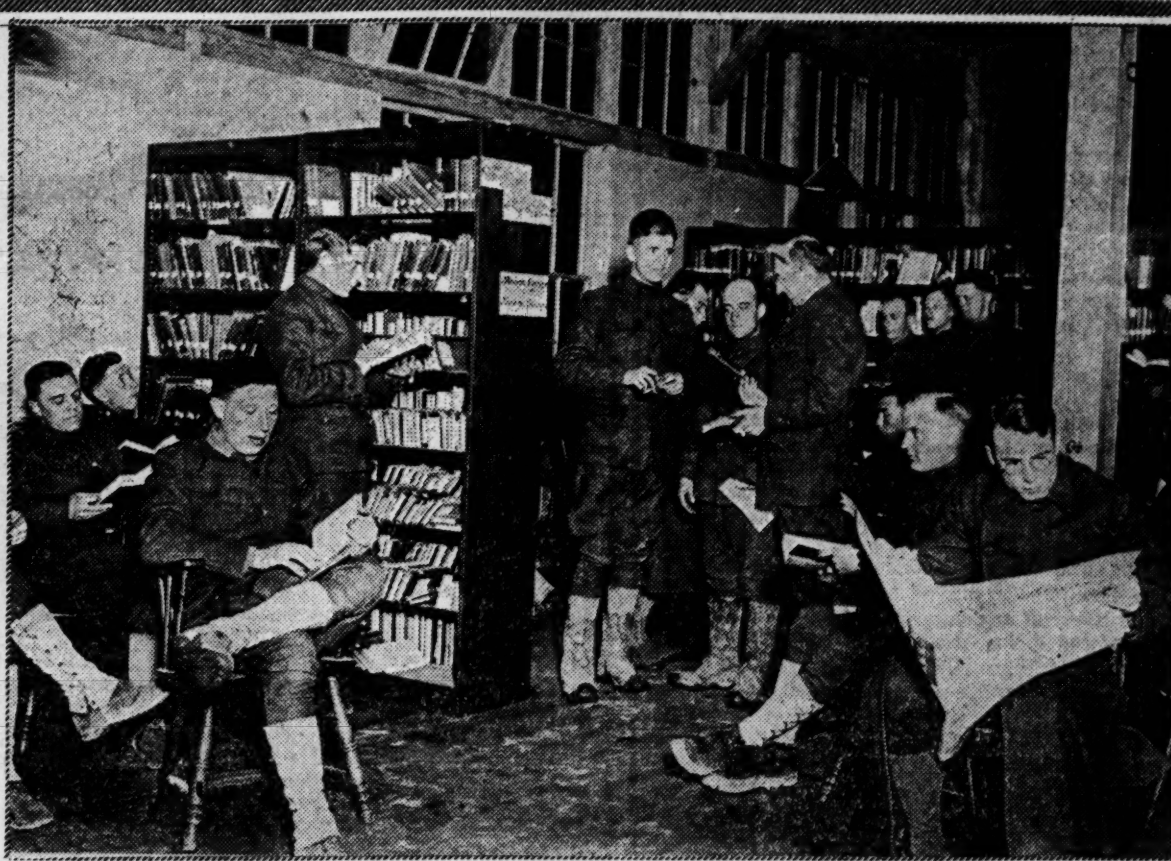
\$22.50
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Spring
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Second Floor



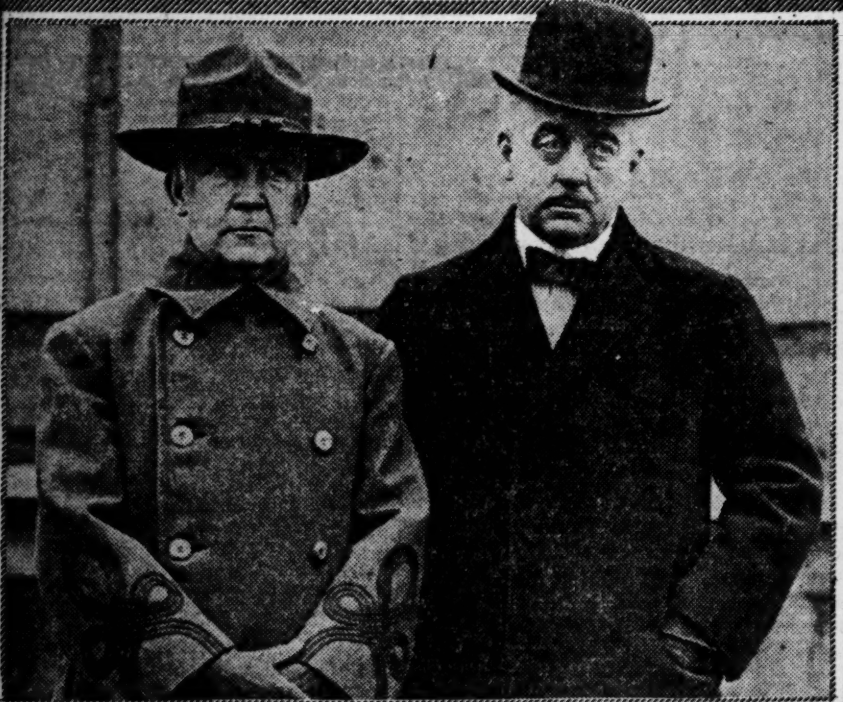
Mrs. Oliver Harriman releasing pigeon in Washington to carry to New York Mrs. Wilson's answer to an invitation to attend military carnival... ©U.S.



The use that is made of the books you send to camp libraries. More reading matter is still required. ©U.S.



Prince Oscar, son of the Kaiser, who may soon be addressed as "His Majesty, King of Finland."



Heads of Knights of Columbus workers going to France—The Rev. James Connelly and Walter N. Kernan. ©U.S.



Private Haley, one of the engineers who dropped a pick to fight with the English at Cambrai, recovering from wound in hospital.



Breaking in a frisky horse at Camp Upton. ©U.S.



Mrs. O.B. Howe, prominent in San Francisco social affairs, on trial for the killing of man she says persecuted her...



The American ambassador and American soldiers at the statue of George Washington in Paris, February 22nd.

INTER-FILM



Hauling supplies to American troops in Lorraine sector.

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Dec. 12, 1878.
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THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM
I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles, that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never being to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news, always be drastically independent, never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.
JOSEPH PULITZER.
April 10, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Hotel Raids.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
Sunday morning at 6:15 I was an innocent victim of an unwarranted disturbance by heavy raps on my door, where I have been resident for a year or more in a downtown hotel, one of the victims of the recent hotel raids, and upon requesting what was wanted, I was told it was an officer. The door was opened at once by me and upon answering all queries with all evidence of permanent domicile in view, the officer left saying he would give me the benefit of the doubt and was not wanted. For a half hour previous I was disturbed by heavy thuds on all doors around and the same was continued for considerable time thereafter on the floor above me. Innocent men and wives were grossly humiliated by being ordered up for inspection and ordered from their beds to embark for the police station, purely on suspicion that immorality existed somewhere in the building without concrete facts, search warrants or other. This is an unjust disturbance of the peace of both resident and public welfare, and if such infamous archaic methods are to be pursued, the public and hotels of this city should demand by their inalienable right under the fundamental principles of our National Constitution that all officers produce search warrants or other specific papers, showing the person or persons and cause thereof for legal entrance upon such premises, and the occupants be given to understand their statutory right to deny entrance to any officer who does not show specifically the person desired and cause for such action in writing in support of such trespass on the peace and liberty of law-abiding citizens.
Where there is a complaint made a remedy should be offered. The writer observed the most effective remedy to be in force under the laws of the city of Oklahoma, where registrars at all hotels were required to produce baggage of some consistent nature, subject to the inspection of the proprietor upon demand of the law-enforcement of its guests, or show other unimpeachable evidence of being a law-abiding guest or guests and the false declaration of a conjugal condition found made a misdemeanor and punishable by fine or sentence or both.
It is suggested that the Civic League take immediate action toward a campaign in the moral uplift of the city and concern itself at once in a resolution for the enactment of a law in this city similar to that cited existing in Oklahoma City, where it has been successful, and persist until enacted and enforced.

A CITIZEN.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
As to our name: If we use the French pronunciation for "Louis" let us also use the French word for "Saint," and if we use the English word "Saint" let us also use the English form "Lewis."
Three cheers for "Saint Lewis," who does not do things half way.
A WEBSTER READER.

Race and Nationality.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
Race and nationality are two widely different things, aren't they? Then I wish someone would explain this to me: I filled out an application blank for employment once and after the question "Nationality," I wrote American, because I am American-born. The employer saw fit to question me further on the subject. "You are Jewish, aren't you?" he asked. I admitted the fact. "Then you should have stated so in the application." That puzzles me yet. My nation by birth is the United States. That doesn't make my nationality American, I'd like to know why not. If the employer wished to know my race, which is a very different thing, he should have had that word substituted for "nationality" in the application blank.
AMERICAN.

"The Finished Mystery."
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
Members of the local branch of the International Bible Students' Association are much pleased with the news just received from headquarters that the Government has no disposition to interfere with the distribution of the "Finished Mystery," a book dealing with interpretations of Ezekiel and Revelation, reference to which was made in newspaper articles a few days ago, provided several pages considered detrimental to war activities are eliminated. The association therefore has arranged to cut out those pages in order to comply with the wishes of the Government. The book is largely from the pen of the late Pastor Russell, written before this country was involved in war. No thought of disloyalty was intended. A STUDENT.

FOR INDUSTRIAL PEACE.

Out of his experience in building Camp Pike, with a large body of workmen under his direction, Maj. John R. Fordyce advised that a board of arbitration be organized to deal with disputes between employers and employees in St. Louis.
For the Camp Pike work from 4000 to 10,000 men were employed. The work was done under pressure and unusual conditions, yet there was not one strike or serious conflict with the men. Maj. Fordyce credits success in dealing with these men and obtaining their loyal and enthusiastic co-operation to fair treatment and resort to reason through a board of arbitration.
There is no other way by which employers and directors of labor and the forces of labor can be brought into harmonious co-operation. Conflict, as President Wilson says, is the long not the short way. It is the way of disaster and loss. It interrupts the processes of industry and paralyzes production and distribution.
Let us all fight the enemy, and in order that we may fight continuously and effectively, we must refrain from conflicts among ourselves and eliminate menacing antagonisms.
Reason is the path to harmony and efficiency. Conciliation and arbitration are the modes of reaching efficient co-operation. The rights and interests of all can be adjusted by conciliatory conference and arbitration of differences.
Again we urge the leaders of industry—employers and employees—to get together and establish the processes of reason; create a board of arbitration to promote industrial peace by urging and offering mediation, bringing about conferences between disputants and co-operating with Federal and State agents of conciliation.
Industrial peace in St. Louis can be accomplished if we earnestly and persistently labor with patience and reason to this end.

THE ODESSA WHEAT MYTH.

A German army moving down the Dniester has entered Odessa. Though it was said not to be unopposed, it had a much easier time than a former expedition which captured after great sacrifices another Russian Black Sea port (Sebastopol) in 1914-15. And that other expedition fought at a time when Russians had much less incentive than now to defend the integrity of their country.
Probably the Germans are going down there to see about those great quantities of wheat alleged to be stored in Odessa elevators. That wheat, held back by war barriers from accustomed markets in Western Europe, was something we used to hear a great deal about earlier in the war. As the prospects in the fighting fluctuated the mere chance that this wheat might be released and thrown on the market used to strike terror to the grain speculators and depress wheat prices as far distant as in St. Louis and Chicago. Fortunes were made and lost on the probability of its being added to the world's available supply. The wheat pit long ago came to the conclusion that those enormous stores were largely a myth. The Germans can settle the question. They are not likely to find much there after Russia's own needs have been filled during the years of war and lessened production.
But the railroad and port facilities of this Russian St. Louis will be very valuable to the Germans in planning new campaigns in Asia.

FIGURES ON "SOFT" CORN.

Estimates on the 1917 corn crop varied some according to the date on which they were made. All authorities, however, agreed that the United States raised much more than three billion bushels, a most comforting figure in view of the shortage in other grains. Unfortunately from one standpoint, weather conditions—cold and rain that delayed planting in the spring and frosts that preceded the harvest in the fall—seriously affected the quality of this great crop, the largest of record in the country. Figures just made public show that the proportion of soft corn is much larger than was suspected. In fact, it is officially reported that of the more than three billion bushels only a little less than two billions consisted of merchantable corn, much less than in the recent years of so-called short corn crops. In other words, for every bushel of good, merchantable corn, there was about half a bushel of soft corn.
But while this explains the high price of corn despite the record-breaking crop, the deficiency shown between merchantable corn and our average annual consumption of about 2,600,000,000 bushels, is more apparent than real. A very large per cent of the soft corn has been or will be utilized in feeding livestock, making the demand so much less on merchantable corn. An establishment erected in St. Louis at a cost of \$25,000 is drying thousands of bushels of this soft-corn and converting it into excellent corn. Similar establishments are operating elsewhere.

LITERARY CENSORSHIP.

Works of Zola, Daudet and De Maupassant are being rejected as "improper" by some of the librarians in charge of the collecting of books for soldiers. This is wise or foolish, according to the individual point of view. But when an official report states that Paley's "Moral Philosophy" and another book on the same subject, which was "not much more modern" than Paley's, were rejected, one wonders what principle governed the process of elimination.
Lord Macaulay, in one of the best known of his essays, argued that natural theology, which is closely related to moral philosophy, is not a progressive science, and he cited Paley's work as proof of his assertion. Paley, he said, used the same arguments which Socrates had used, and future writers on the same theme will have no data to guide them which Paley, and Socrates before him, did not have. In view of this, it

would seem that any soldier who cares to read about moral philosophy would be just as well off with Paley's book as with any later work.

PRUSSIANISM'S GREATER STRATEGY.

Writing on the political strategy of the war, in the March Atlantic Monthly, Andre Cheradame reproduced a map widely distributed by the Pan-Germanist League in 1895, showing the frontiers of the German empire "as they ought to be by 1950."
The boundary on the east included much less than the Russian territory which Germany already controls under the Bolshevik peace. The map also advanced the Italian boundary to take in less than the area occupied in the recent drive. On the west the map showed not only Belgium Germanized, but Holland, which to date has managed to elude the net. But the territory and populations now subjugated are much greater than Prussianism marked off for itself 23 years ago, and in addition it is 32 years ahead of its time schedule.
That the Germans have been able to accomplish so much in the face of Entente resistance is attributed by M. Cheradame to a superiority, not so much in military science, as in the sciences of geography, ethnology, political economy and national psychology. He holds that the failures of the allies are explained by their inferiority in the application of these branches of science to specific problems raised by the war, just as the successes of the Germans on the Italian, Russian and Balkan fronts are explained by propaganda made possible only by geographical, ethnological, economic and psychological data, painstakingly collected during the period of an entire generation.
A conclusion arrived at by others from a different standpoint he reaches through reasoning of his own. This is that since the war entered its second phase after the battle of the Marne the German aim has been to establish an immobile defensive in the West to deceive the allies as to intentions in the east. He does not think that even the Verdun attack shows a departure from this aim.
The opposition in Paris and London to such promising plans as the one for a formidable effort on the Saloniki line illustrates, the author thinks, the allies' dense ignorance of a German strategy that is much greater and embraces many more considerations than mere military strategy.

NULLIFYING THE BLUE SKY LAW.

Stock peddlers who do not relish scrutiny are beginning proceedings in Chicago to attack the validity of the new "blue-sky" law passed by the last Illinois Legislature. But they agitate themselves needlessly. There is nothing in the "blue-sky" law that they need worry about. It merely provides that all corporations desiring to sell stock must get a permit from a State official, at his discretion. The "blue-sky" law, of itself, will not harm a hair of the tenderest or the toughest stock-selling corporation. It all depends upon the official who has the power to issue the permit, and the kind of discretion that he exercises.
Now Missouri has a blue-sky law, but it did not prevent the Missouri Plate Glass Co. from getting a permit to peddle, "under the stringent laws of Missouri," \$2,000,000 of its stock when it increased its capitalization from \$1,500,000 to \$5,500,000, for no other reason than that offered in the testimony of J. D. Buchanan, its president—he and his associates needed the money. They gave C. R. Enright, State Bank Examiner, to understand that they had put \$1,500,000 actual cash into the thing, which was just about \$1,500,000 more than they had put in. So Mr. Enright gave them a permit and they had it photographed and sent the photograph to the Chicago brokers who had engaged to help them sell the \$2,000,000 stock, to be shown to prospective investors as indicating that the stock sale had, apparently, the seal of approval of the State of Missouri.
As anyone can see, a blue-sky law, instead of being a hindrance, may be a very great help in giving an appearance of worth to worthless stock. A permit under a blue-sky law is a kind of state character certificate. Of course, if the state official entrusted with the issuance of permits exercises his discretion wisely, a blue-sky law may be a very bad thing for corporations with a capitalization of wind and paper, and therefore a very good thing for the public.

THE BOLSHEVIEK LAND POLICY.

Apart from the probable influence of Germany in Russian politics, the success of the Bolshevik Government will largely depend on how it solves the peasant land problem.
This was admitted by Trotsky, in essays written between 1904 and 1917 and now published in a book under the title of "Our Revolution," collected and translated by Mollseye J. Olgin, author of "The Soul of the Russian Revolution."
As to the dependence of the city workers on the peasants in the revolution, Trotsky said: "Left to its own resources, the Russian working class must necessarily be crushed the moment it loses the aid of the peasants."
In these essays Trotsky showed that the land policy of the revolutionary party, which now controls Russia, was not that universal expropriation which has been charged against the Bolshevik Government. He points out that this would be both wasteful and unnecessary and would inevitably alienate the peasants, who had for years been making payments on such lands as they had been permitted to purchase. If all lands should be confiscated, he pointed out, the Government would immediately have to turn round and redistribute it. "The proletariat," he declared, "can never endorse a program of 'equal distribution,' which on one hand demands a useless, purely formal expropriation of small owners, and on the other hand it demands a very real parceling out of large estates into small lots. This would be a wasteful undertaking, a pursuance of a reactionary and Utopian plan, and a political harm for the revolutionary party."
The large estates, however, were to be nationalized and placed under communal management.
What is actually being done to carry out this program, which the Russian Government has authorized, has not been made clear. Nor has any news come from Russia as to whether the original owners of these estates are to be compensated. To satisfy the peasants and the land owners will be a difficult task.



THE DOG THAT USED TO BE IN THE MANGER.

JUST A MINUTE Written for the POST-DISPATCH by Clark McAdams

DUO.
I said to the robin:
"My heart is singing, too;
Though it has no such voice to sing
As God has given you."
"And does it sing for summer time,
The deep shade of the tree,
And the flowers blooming everywhere?"
The robin said to me.
I said to the robin:
"I know not why it sings;
I only know the hearts of men
Have sung through all the Springs."
"Exactly as the birds have sung
Since birds have come to be,
Or ever man was on the earth,"
The robin said to me.
I said to the robin:
"Or on the land or sea?"
"A peacem born of happiness,"
The robin said to me.

FORTHCOMING WAR REPORT.

HEADQUARTERS AMERICAN FORCES IN FRANCE. Nov. 1, 1917.
HONORABLE EMILY BROWN, Secretary of War, Washington, U. S. A.:
Yesterday morning early our soldiers captured two German privates who had been sent out to forage. They had seen from their camp several cases of Farmer's Verwundet Wurst being unloaded in front of our lines. The sight spurred them to make a dash, but they got none of the bollocks; instead, they are in the military prison here.
One of them carried orders from the Braumsteiner of Wurzburg—orders—to capture as many sound Americans as possible and bring them to Berlin. The orders said to kill none, but to keep them in fine shape, as Germany will need a good many men when the war is over. The communication also stated that as the women of America are now running that country, the men all leaving it, and no more babies will likely be born after 1920, no attempt would be made to invade America just to capture a lot of women, since Germany already had too many.
Still further, the orders said that very soon England would be pacified, a big indemnity would be paid her and Alsace and Lorraine would be restored to France, because Russia would soon be able to pay all the costs of the war, and that Russia was the melon to cut, and that all these young Americans would be placed in high offices—Grand Dukes, Princes, Governors, Generals, Colonels, Majors, etc., would be created indefinitely to govern Russia under German rule, and that as soon as all this was settled, the German navy would run a grand free excursion to Paris from New York, to give the American electorate a chance at the new spring styles.
This is a large report, and as everybody is likely to get what they want, it looks fair. Still, you never can tell, as Ketter says. Besides this, how foolish the suffragettes will feel when all their men are created Grand Dukes, etc. How the pain of regret must strike them when the women's home clubs relate their missed opportunities of being Grand Duchesses! The "girl back home" will have lots of chances to remain back home. Many of our dear collaborators in our glorious cause will turn up their noses when they read this, but they will have plenty of time to turn them down again.
Yours very respectfully,
MILLIE JAMES,
Commander in Chief.
P. S.—The two Germans captured this morning makes four in all. They were given the choice of according the King's shilling and joining the English army, or taking the presidential bollock and joining ours. They took the bollock and called with us.
HERBERT W. CANN.

MARCH 15.
The idea of March,
That day of death,
When Kaiser Wilhelm
Holds his breath
Flagrant case of wrongdoing, Hoxie, Ark.
Too good barbers wanted
On a tailor's announcement:
Spring is here. The birds are
singing at daylight.
How does he know they are?
Maybe the celebrated spring drive is to consist of a
few air raids.

The MIRROR of PUBLIC OPINION

This column is designed to represent without bias the latest comment by leading publicists, newspapers and periodicals on the questions of the day.

THE OIL INDUSTRY.

THE statement by Mr. Requa, chief of the oil division of the fuel administration, that the Government does not intend to take over the oil industry, may be considered as official as it was made by Garfield himself. And it is easy to understand why this should be the Government's attitude. The oil industry, under its present private management, has responded splendidly to the needs of the country and our allies. The production last year was 320,000,000 barrels, being 20,000,000 more than that of the preceding year. This increase, it should be noted, was not until June, 1917, when the Government stepped out to cry for "more oil." At that time it looked as if the production in 1917 would fall below the 1916 record. But the circumstances, therefore, the work done by the oil men is an achievement of patriotism and industrial efficiency. Moreover, it is no fault of the oil men that they didn't see in excellent hands, the work they made. It is authoritatively estimated that the increase in production would have been 50,000,000 barrels, instead of 20,000,000, had the producers been able to get drilling equipment. They were handicapped in this first essential of their operations because of inadequate transportation. Nevertheless, "the number of new oil wells drilled in 1917 was almost equal to the total for 1916," according to the New York Evening Post. There is no occasion for the Government taking over the oil industry. That business, as the facts show, is in excellent hands. But there is need for Government co-operation in the matter of transportation. It is contended that drilling equipment should have shipment priority, but since oil is one of the indispensable in the prosecution of the war, it is manifestly necessary that the oil prospectors should be as well supplied with machinery as may be.

The Casualty Lists.

ARTHUR HUNT CHUTE in the North American Review.
I THINK that some of our American friends, who are new to the sacrifice of war, have not yet entered into its deeper and hidden meanings. As the long and inevitable American casualties appear in the newspapers, we must not get into a panic of the soul, we must not pity the men who have fallen. They need no pity, and could they speak they would repudiate such maudlin sentiment. If the brave dead fall to us, we know that it would be to tell us to envy them, and not to pity them, because their lives have found so glorious an ending.
Idealism wanes in prosperity and waxes in adversity. England has become a new England out of the adversities of the war, and in the same struggle a new America will be born.
I met a certain woman at dinner last night, a representative of that progressive type of female referred to by the prophet Amos as the "Kine of Bashan." She waved her hands and deplored the fact that "poor dear Gen. Pershing had gone to France!"
I said to her, "Madame, what are soldiers for?"
She replied: "Oh, yes, but we may lose him."
I answered: "For what country he died gloriously fighting at Chancellorsville? Did you know any of your brave who have died for this country?"
Corp. Fisher was a college boy in Canada in the spring of 1914. In the spring of 1915 he was the captain of the British team at Ypres. Only a schoolboy yesterday, today, with the gray waves of German rolling towards him, he and his machine gun were the rock on which the whole line held or broke.
Corp. Fisher was young in years, but he stuck to his post of duty and died the fullness of honor. In time to come, schoolboys of our great Dominion will hear how Corp. Fisher won the Victoria Cross in his passing. His career so short, and yet so bright, will remain one of Canada's shining and everlasting possessions.
America is tipped along the threshold of such new possessions. A galaxy of new names are about to burst forth in the pages of American history.

Allied Victories Needed.

From the Des Moines Capital.
THE allies are in need of victories. The collapse of Russia has given great encouragement to Germany. But there are three victories which might be won in the United States:
Senator La Follette can be expelled from the United States Senate, and that will be victory No. 1.
The congressional charter of the German-American Alliance could be repealed. That would be victory No. 2.
The State of Wisconsin can elect a genuine patriot to the United States Senate. That will be victory No. 3.
These victories would inspire the American people as no other events could inspire them. But these victories will not come along unless the American people are more awakened than they are just now. It is apparent that the country is settling back into a spirit of unconcern, which characterized conditions in 1917 and 1918.

TODAY'S BEST CARTOON.



Strange Anon
Each Race

The Romantic
of Franz
Descr

No Melting Pot in A
the Polyglot Races T
Their National

This is the twentieth instalment of the series "The Romantic of Franz Descr" published in the Post-Dispatch. An installment of the series is published every day until the entire volume is complete. It is not to be used for half of his observance of the German Court in "My Four" Post-Dispatch printed in series quite as interesting as was his.
By JAMES V.

CHAPTER

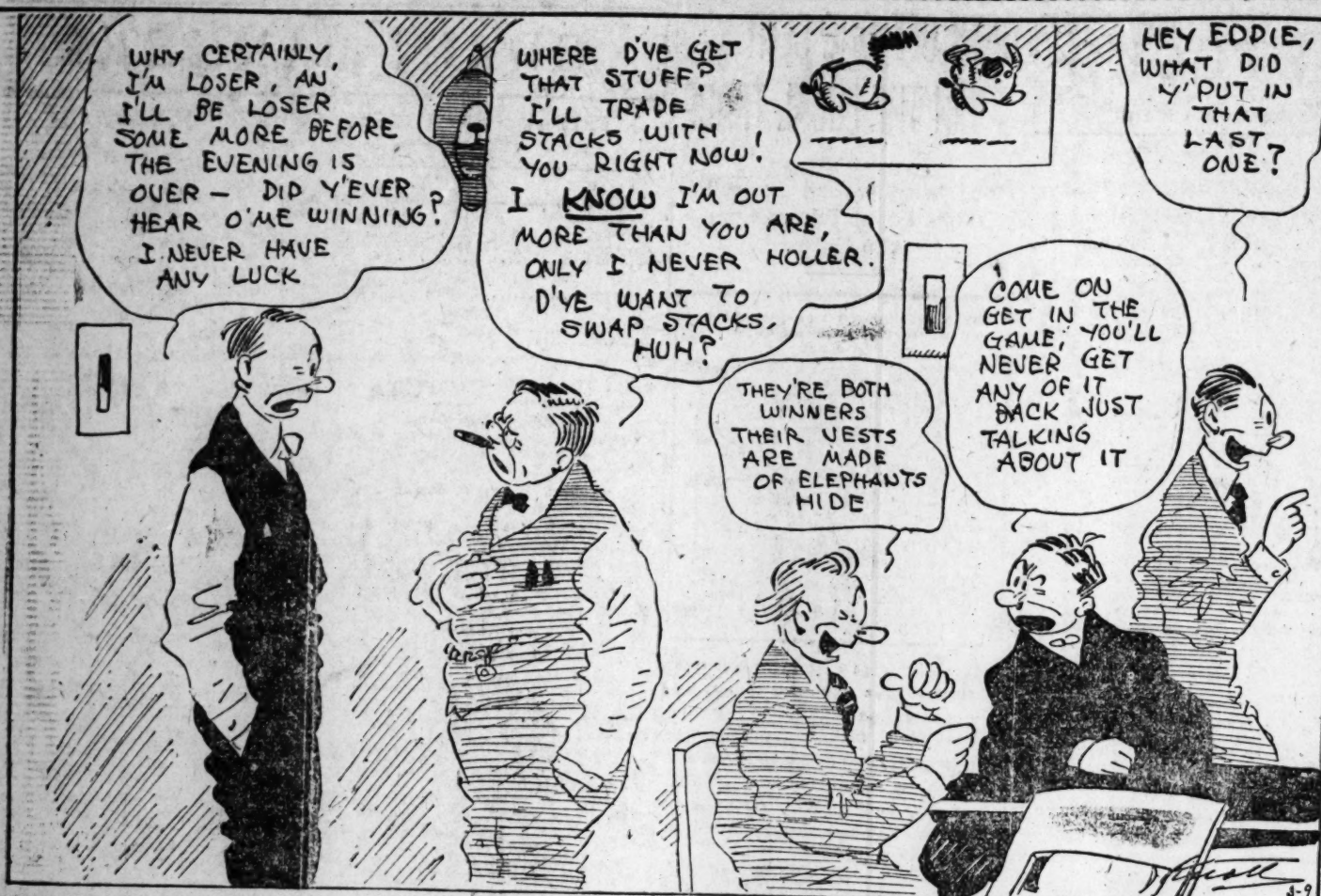
It is a bit of poetic justice that where my friend Schwab is making against the Central Powers, was against oppression, left Moravia in the North of the Carpathians lies Galizia as its capital, and in the east with the Russians. These Ruthenians are a peculiar fact that in the current of each race oppress some other. The Ruthenians claim that they are oppressed by the Poles. The kingdom of Hungary to the east of Austria, containing 20,000,000 inhabitants about 1,000,000 Magyars, who are the dominant race and who in turn rule a population of 1,500,000 Ruthenians, 2,500,000 Slovaks or Czechs, 2,000,000 Rumanians in the northeastern portion and about 3,000,000 of the race now known as Slav-Slavs. Of these Jugo-Slavs, 2,000,000 are in that part of dual monarchy under Austrian rule. These are the principal divisions of peoples.
A Slavish race differing somewhat from the others is in the mountains of Hungary, where much of the population has taken place in the last known as Bukovina. In the northeastern part of Hungary there is a German-speaking country, known as Siebenbrunnen, where the German colony dated from two centuries ago. In Styria, in the mountainous districts of Austria, to the west of Hungary, lives a race, differing again from all the others, a mountain race, known as the Carinthians, who believe they are descended from the Carthaginians, and whose bodies of these are said to be an undeveloped for a long time. The curious superstition of the longevity of human vampires. Slovenes and Jews, Carinthians, inhabitants of Carniola, Serbs, like Moslems in Bosnia and Herzegovina and in Trieste, and the Trent—all make up the strange Austro-Hungarian mosaic.

Austria-Hungary Fourfold Union.

The union between Austria and Hungary is a personal union. The Emperor of Austria is also King of Hungary. Only in four particulars are the empire and the kingdom united, namely, a joint administration of the army and navy, of diplomatic affairs and of joint expenditures for these purposes.
In 1948 Hungary sought to break away from Austria. Kosuth's heroism led the Hungarians against the Austrian masters, only to be defeated in the end because of the aid of the Russian Czar. A democratic came to the aid of another. Since then, by superior political talents and taste for intrigue, the Magyars have not only held the Slovaks, Rumanians, etc., of their own empire in political subjection, but have held much of the power in the dual monarchy. Their danger lies, however, in the predominance of German influence, and some day the Magyar empire will find the Prussian eagle rising to find the Prussian eagle. To learn what Prussian efficiency means when applied to those whom the Germans consider an inferior people, the 12,000,000 Austrian Germans offer much in character from the Magyars. They are far more people, far more agreeable, far more of amusement of all kinds. In fact, it is because of their pleasant personal characteristics that so many nations have been content to remain under their rule. In no city of the world is the mass of the population as fond of pleasure as in Vienna. The best light operas come from that city. Vienna is the "big home of the waltz." The "Blue Danube" was composed on the banks of the river which flows through the Austrian capital. The dominant religion of the German empire is Protestant, but in the dual monarchy it is Roman Catholic, and the ruling Germans in Austria are Magyars in Hungary.
Austria and in Hungary most of the land is held in great estates by the peasants. As in Germany, the peasants own a few strips of land, but their miserable villages, for

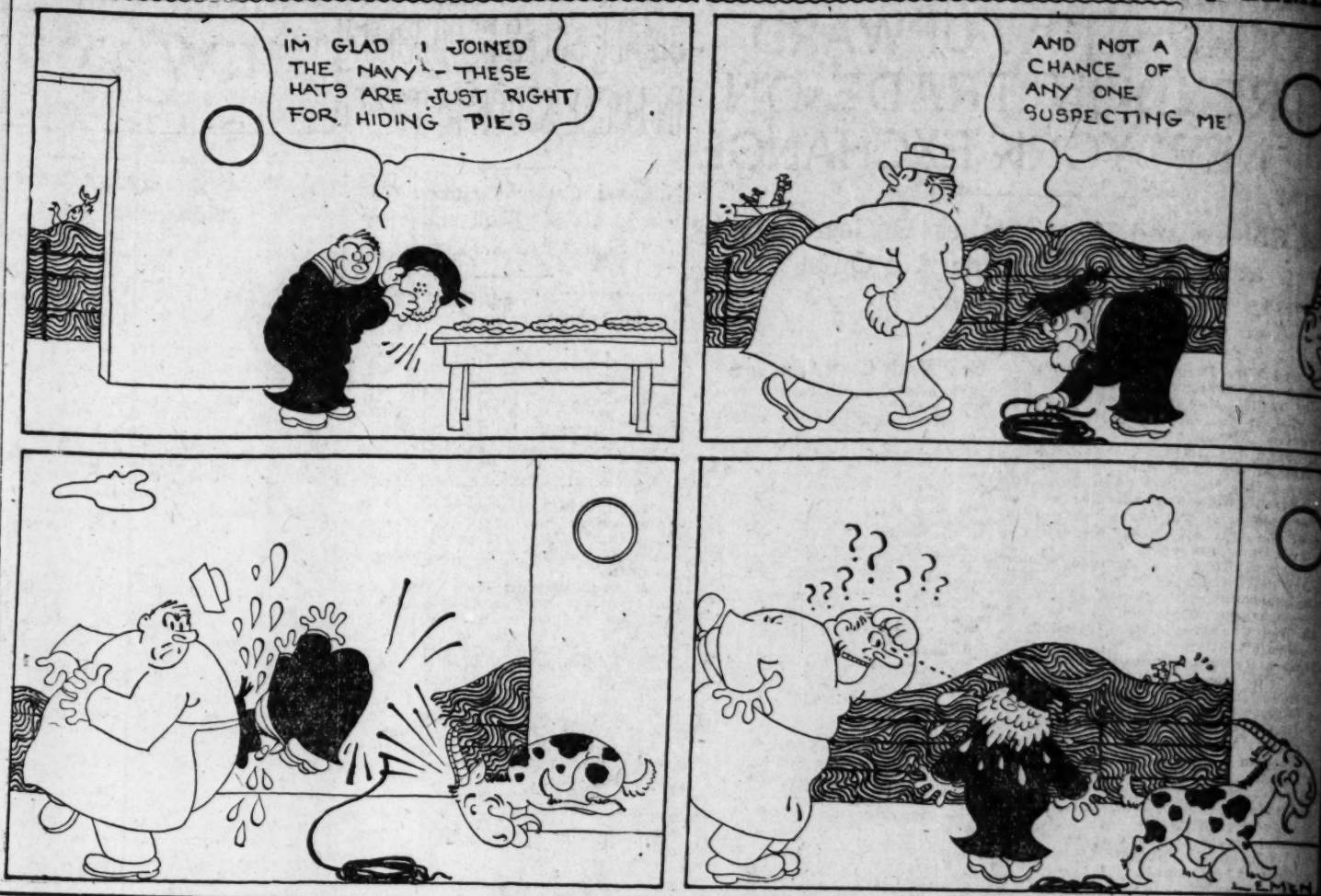
PENNY ANTE—Looking for Sympathy

By Jean Knott



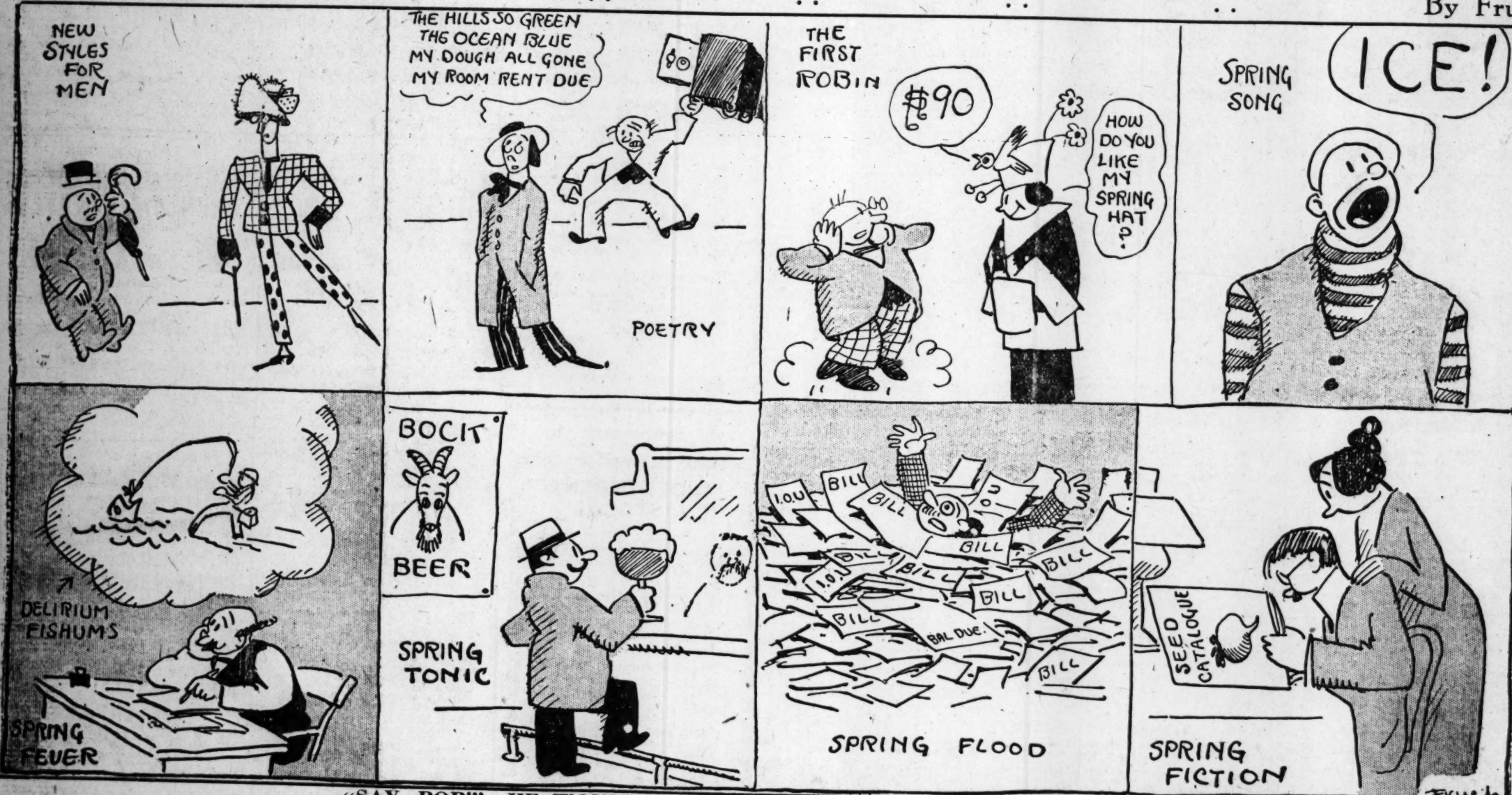
VOLUNTEER VIC

By LEMMON



THE SPRING OFFENSIVE

By Fruch



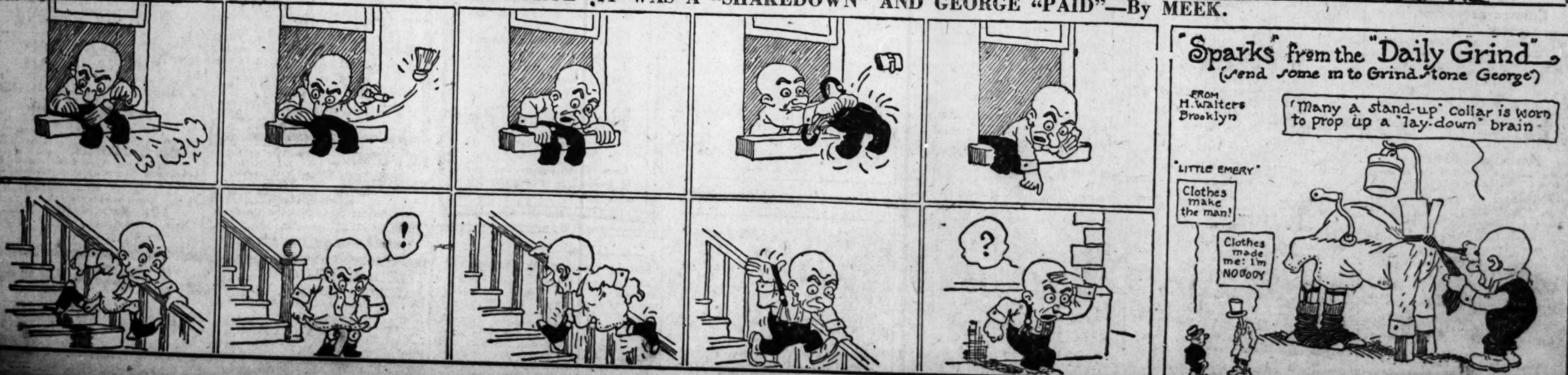
Let the Wedding Bells Ring Out



"SAY, POP!"—HE WOULD BE IN DANGER, WITH EGGS AT THE PRESENT PRICE.—By PAYNE.



GRINDSTONE GEORGE—IT WAS A "SHAKEDOWN" AND GEORGE "PAID"—By MEEK.

Circulation
The circulation of the
Louis compared with
ever before in the his-
is also true of the St.
ulation books open to

VOL. 70. NO. 203

DAYLIGHT SAV-
MEASURE GO-
THE PRESI-Senate Approves Ho-
Providing That All
Be Moved Forw-
Hour March 31
Back Oct. 27.Adoption of Europe-
Was Urged Particu-
Increase Food Pro-
Through GardeningSponsors of Measure
That \$40,000,000
Will Be Saved in
Lighting Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 15 (P.).—Daylight saving not only President Wilson's House amendments to the quiring all timepieces to be one hour beginning the last March, were accepted today. The time would be back on the last Sunday in The Senate had proposed the dates April 30 and Sept. The general plan, proposed last year in many countries with marked success has the approval of virtual industries and commercial elements in the United States. tion is particularly urged National War Garden Council for its value to war gardens.

Five Zones of Time
Inasmuch as commercial organizations have petitioned for the big green experts a general agreement with the law everywhere. Five of time are to be fixed by the Interstate Commerce Commission. But it is directed in the have "due regard" for the railroad classification. The official understanding is that portance change is to be made ent arrangements. There Eastern, Central, Mountain, and Alaskan time.

Amused by Bill
Members from agricultural laughed at the measure. heard," said Thomas of Ky. "of Joshua ordering the sun still three days—or hours—a measure. That must have first of the freak notions urged the people as war measures. do think my State Legislature the foolish ideas in the world: never tried to change the its orbit."

Wingo of Arkansas asked other bill was not put in freezing point at 45 degrees. ple could not feel so cold. ers, he said, needed no artificial tinkering to get them up. the unfavorable votes were farming districts.

ADVANTAGES OF
DAYLIGHT SAV-
PLAN TO WOR-

Under the daylight saving approved by Congress, St. Louis will have been accustomed at 7 a. m. will in reality m. a. m. on April 1, the first day under the new system, clocks will play an April f on them by making it seem an hour later.

The sun, which is outside Federal jurisdiction, will old schedule. On April 1 it in St. Louis at 5:46, acti though the clocks will show 5:49, so that a person rising m. by the clock will be up utes after sunrise. Except case of very early risers it be necessary to "get up in to save daylight."

The saving will be most at the end of the day. Th start their work at 8 a. m. at 5 p. m. will follow the sam utes, so far as the clock is c but in reality, according time, they will be starting m. and quitting at 4 p. m. on April 1 will set at 4:2 time, which will be 7:23 clock, or two hours and 23 after quitting time, where would end only 1 hour and utes before sunset.

The saving of daylight, possibilities for extra recre tween the end of the wor and bedtime, will be more as the season advances and its climax on June 21, th day of the year.

The sun on June 21 w 4:34, actual time, or 5:34 cl

Continued on Page 2, Col

FIRST TIM
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